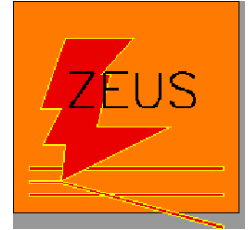




Hadron Spectroscopy and Heavy Flavor Production at HERA



D.Boscherini
INFN-Bologna

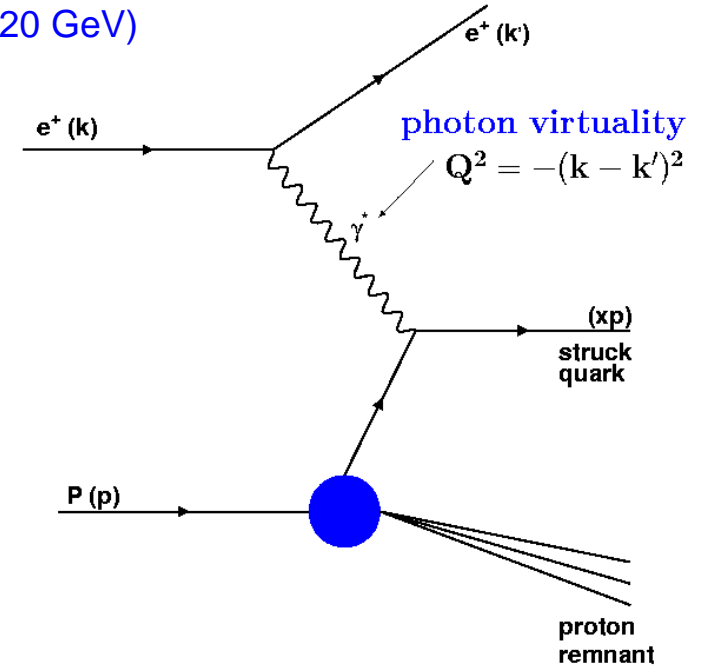
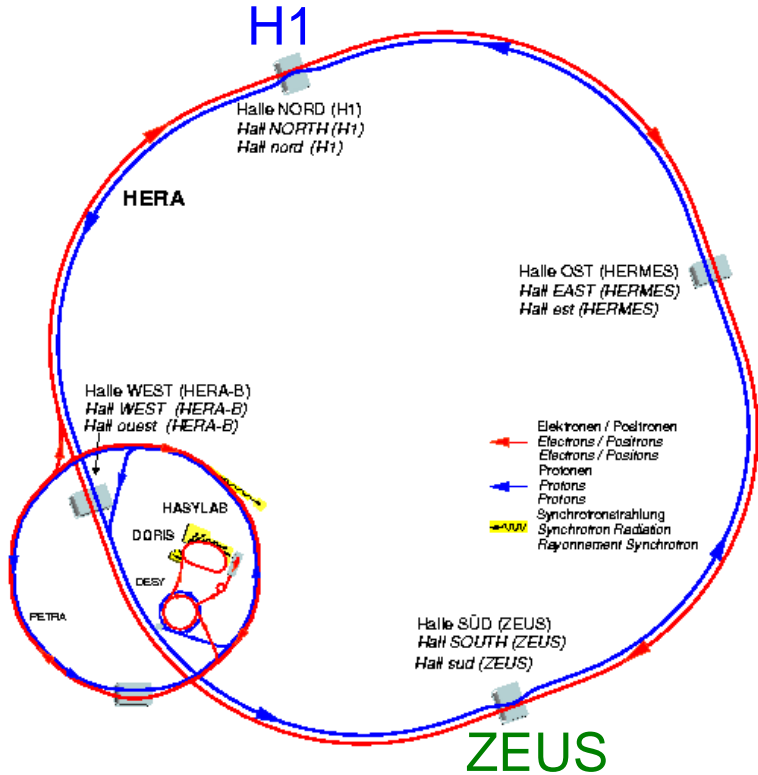
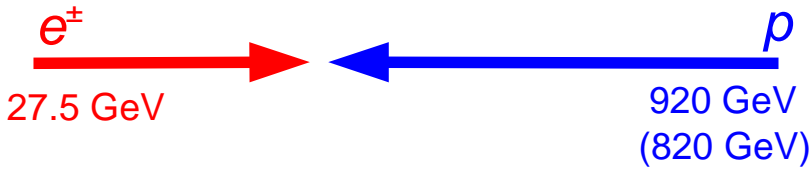
on behalf of the H1 and ZEUS Collaborations

- Recent results on charm and beauty production
- Results on search for pentaquarks

19th Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste

La Thuile 2005, 27th February- 5th March

The HERA collider



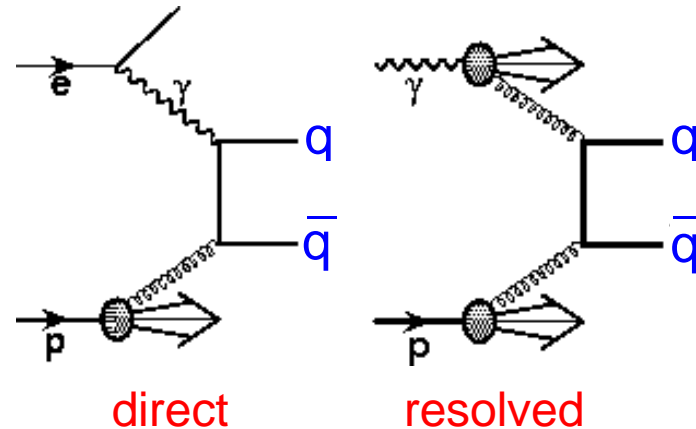
Q^2 : 4-momentum transfer squared

x : Bjorken-x scaling variable

Year	Beams	$s^{1/2}$ (GeV)	Luminosity (pb^{-1})
			ZEUS - H1
94-97	e^+p	300	47.7 - 35.6
98-99	e^-p	318	16.7 - 16.4
99-00	e^+p	318	65.1 - 65.2

Heavy flavor production at HERA

HFL production processes at HERA:



Two kinematic regimes:

deep inelastic scattering ($Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$) dominated by direct process

photoproduction ($Q^2 \sim 0 \text{ GeV}^2$) resolved contribution important

Powerful tool for testing proton structure and pQCD

NLO QCD calculations available:

FMNR (Frixione, Mangano, Nason, Ridolfi) in photoproduction

HVQDIS (Harris, Smith) in deep inelastic scattering

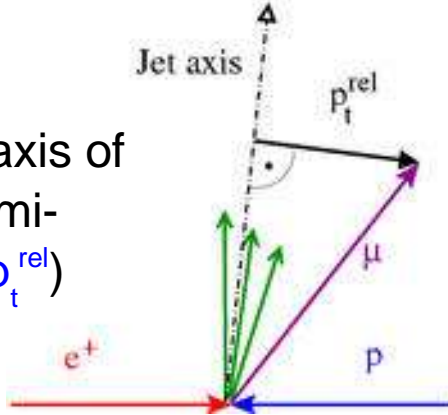
Heavy Flavor tagging

Charm: efficiently tagged via reconstruction of the D^* decay

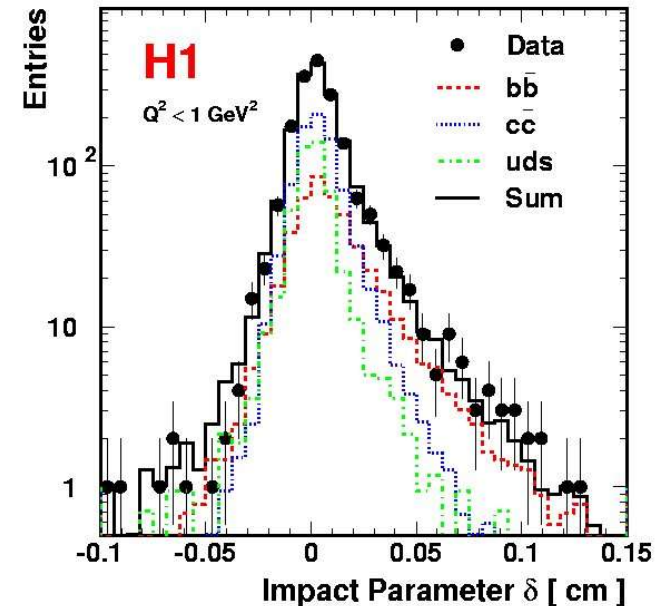
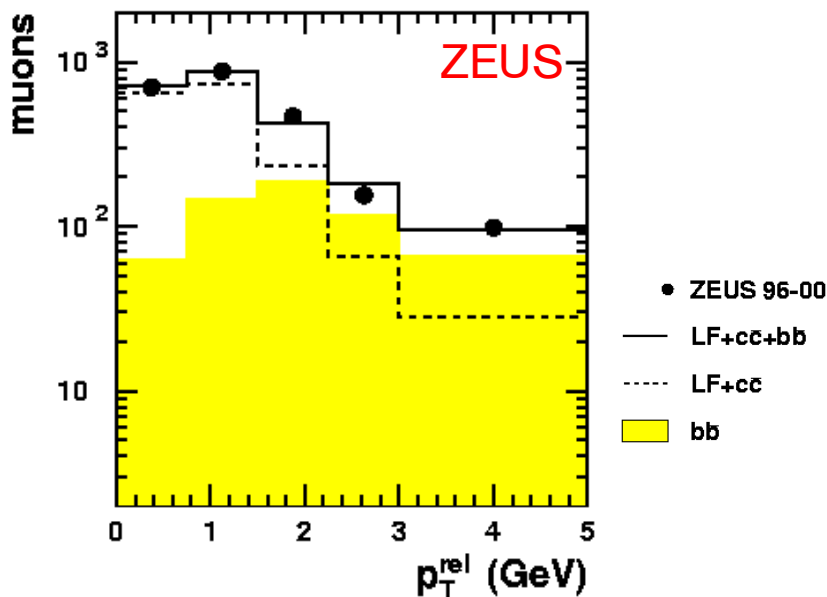
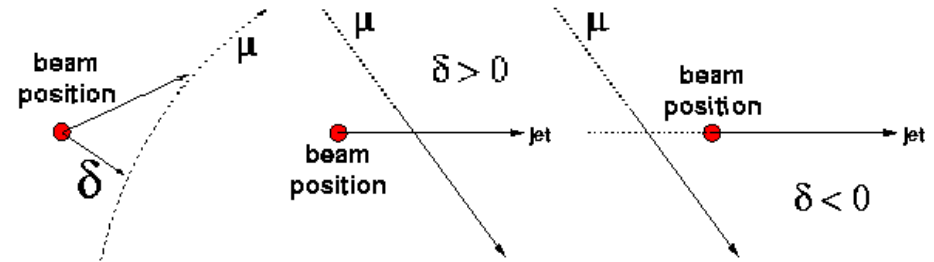
$$D^{*\pm} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp \pi^\pm \pi^\pm_s \text{ and mass difference } \Delta M = M(K\pi\pi) - M(K\pi)$$

Beauty: high mass and long lifetime of B-hadrons can be exploited to discriminate b production from that of lighter quarks (true for charm to less extent)

p_T relative to jet axis of lepton from b semi-leptonic decay (p_t^{rel})



signed impact parameter (δ) of tracks from b decay



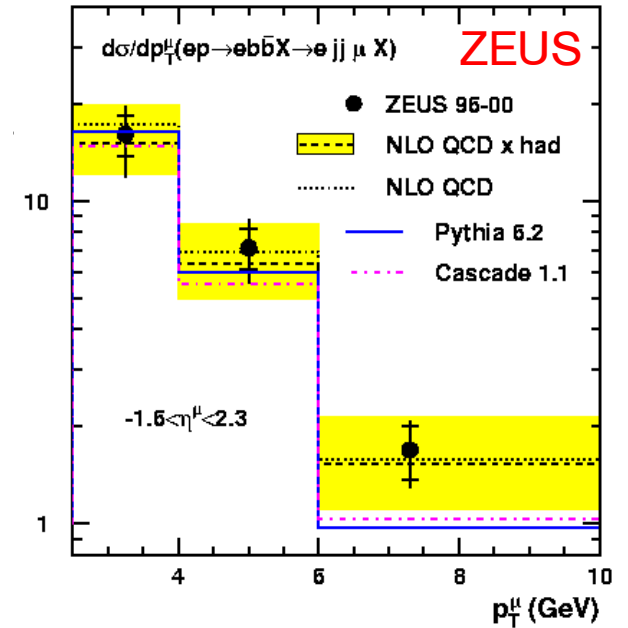
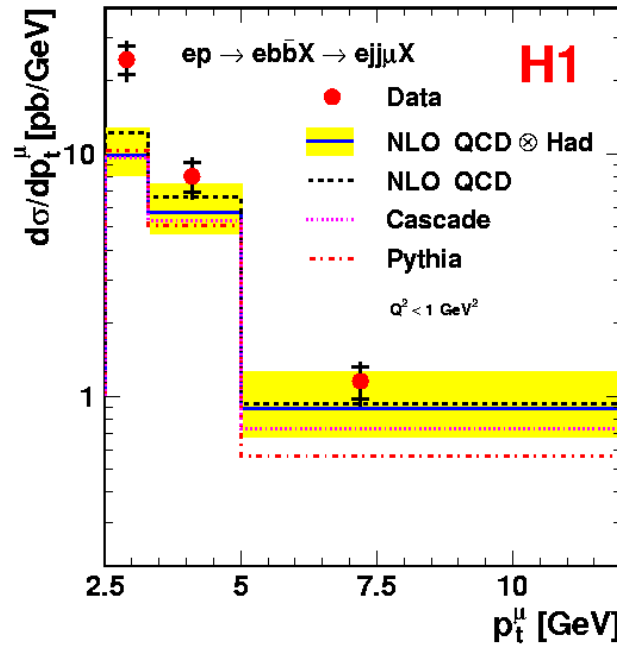
Beauty cross sections

H1: p_t^{rel}, δ

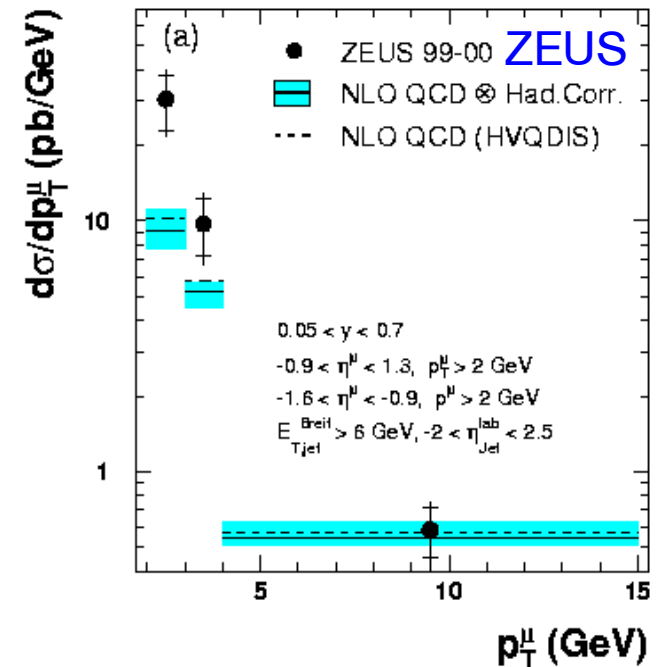
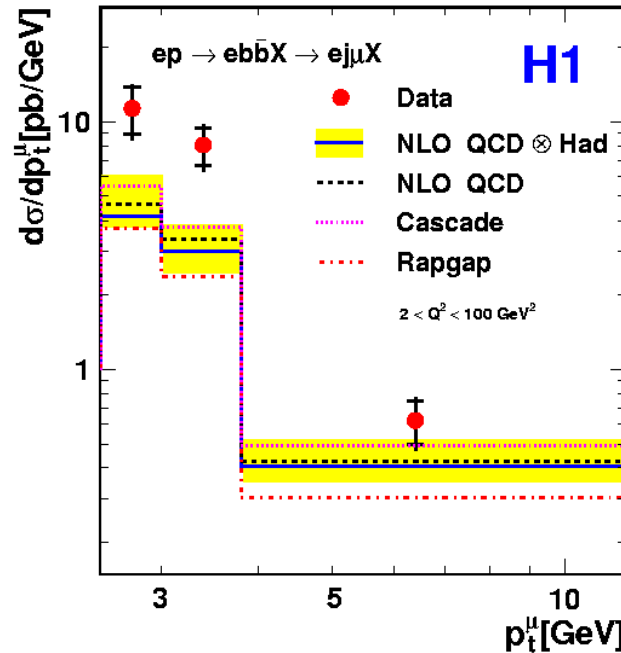
ZEUS: p_t^{rel}

photoproduction \Rightarrow

Better agreement
for ZEUS data



DIS \Rightarrow



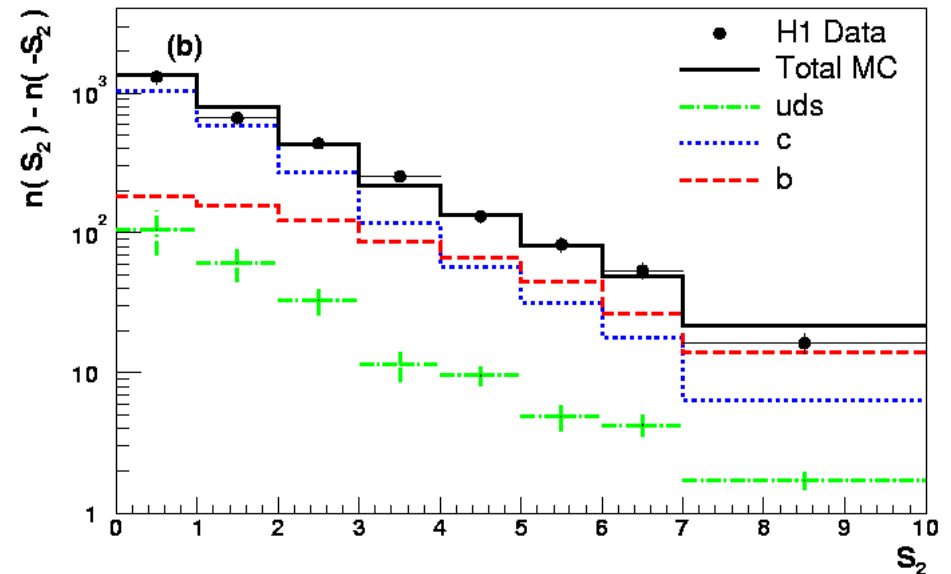
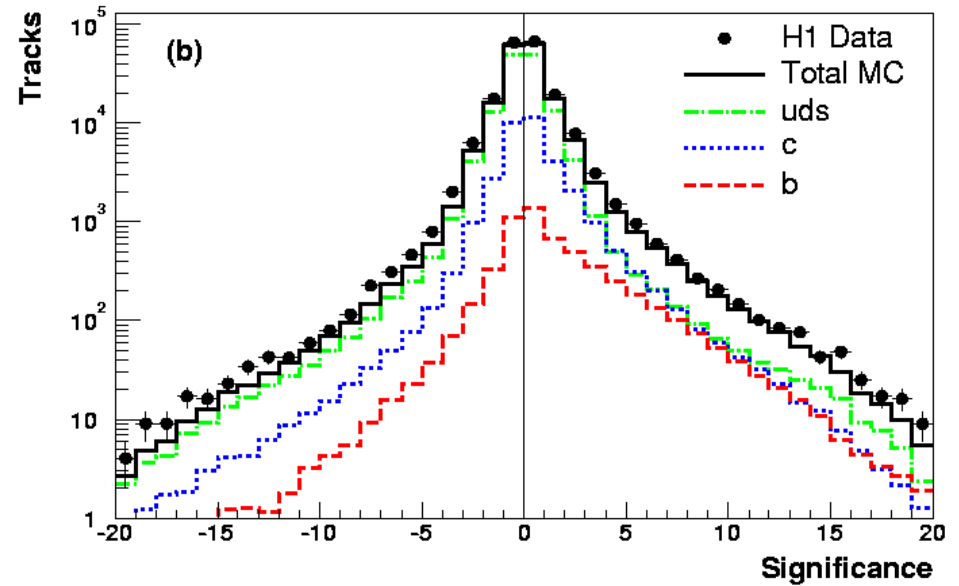
Both experiments
overshooting theory
at low p_t

Inclusive lifetime tagging for charm and beauty

$Q^2 > 150 \text{ GeV}^2$
 $0.1 < y < 0.7$

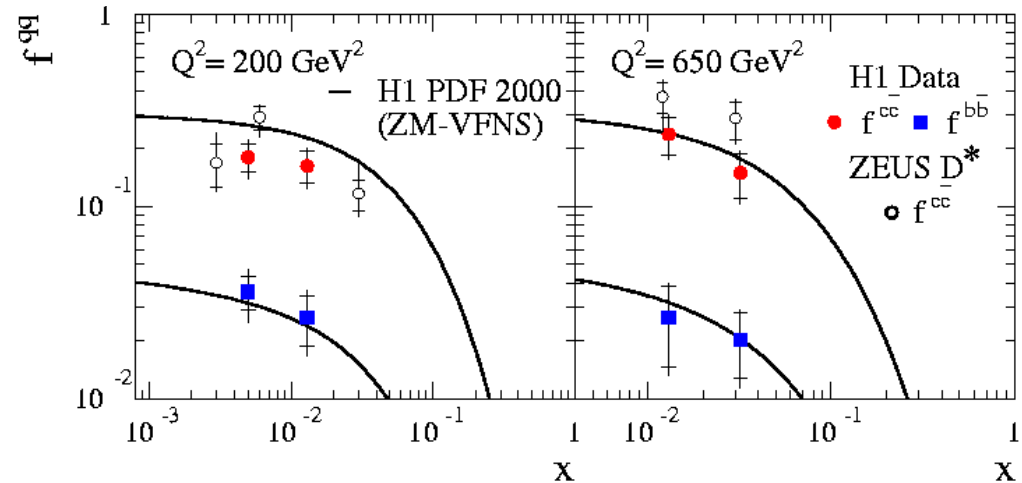
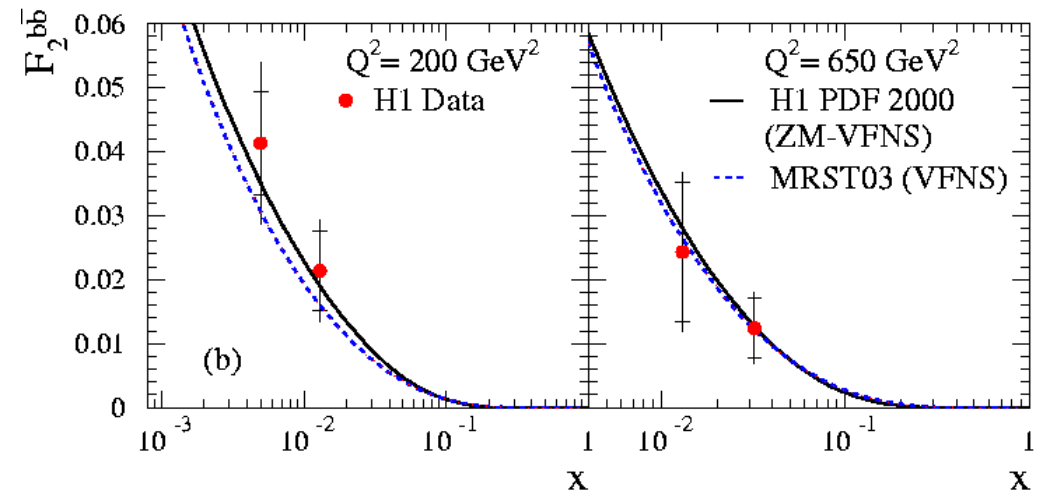
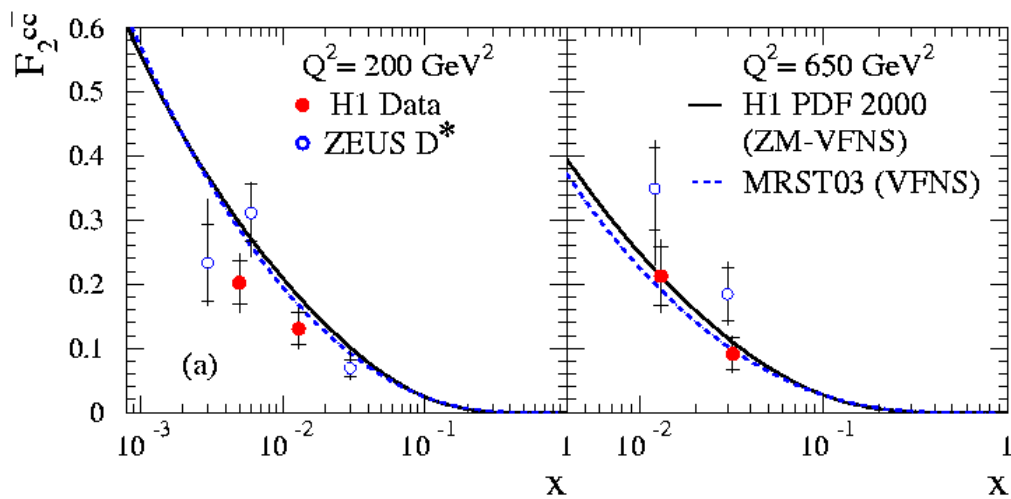
- Quark flavor separation using significance: $S = \delta / \sigma(\delta)$

- Remove negative from positive side of distribution and fit to extract c and b fractions



F_2^{cc} and F_2^{bb} measurement at high Q^2

H1: extraction of fully inclusive cross sections
(ZEUS points extracted from D^*)



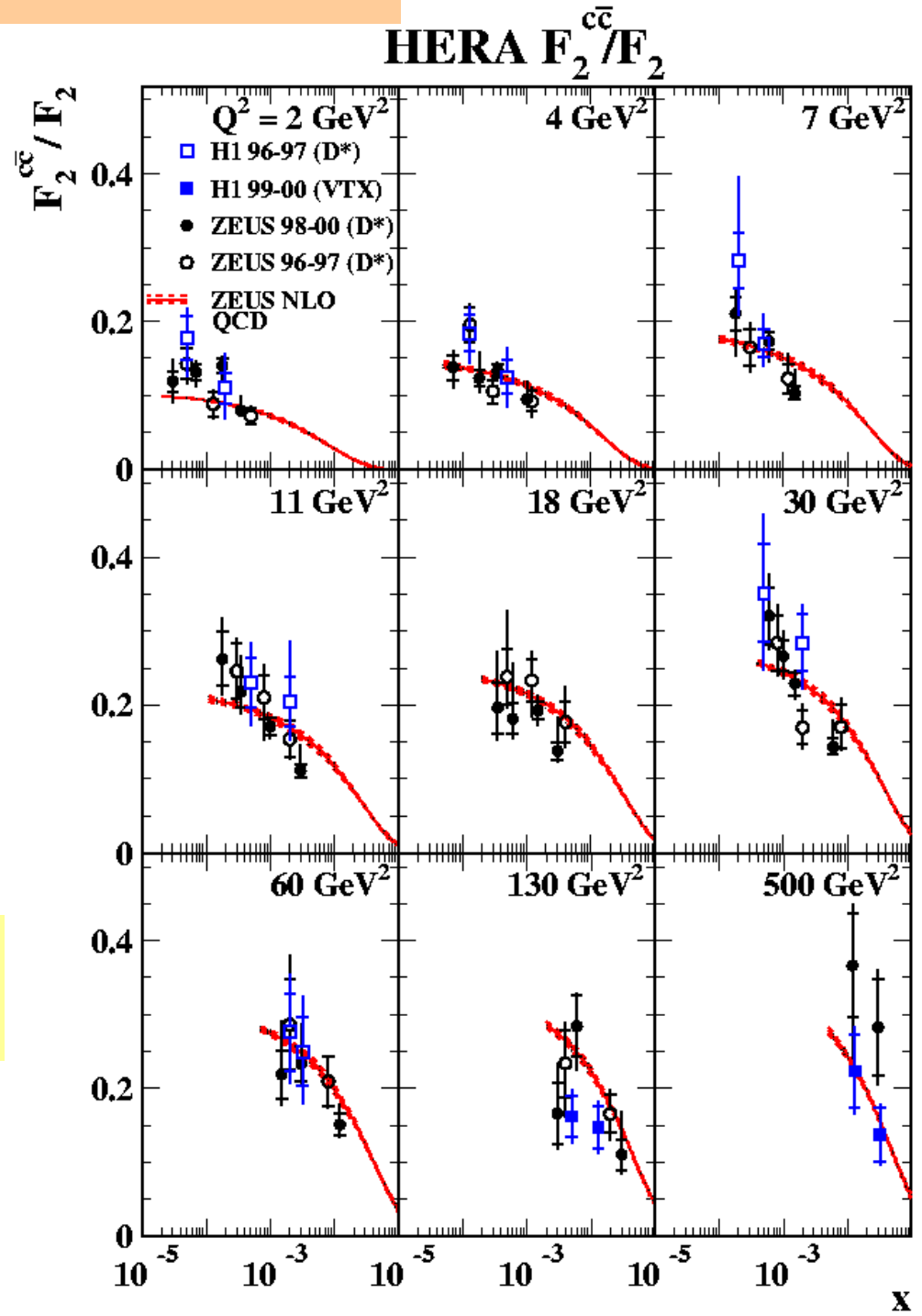
Agreement between experiments
and with NLO QCD

First measurement of F_2^{bb}

$F_2^{c\bar{c}}/F_2$ vs x in Q^2 bins

contribution of charm to F_2
rises with Q^2 from 10 to 30%

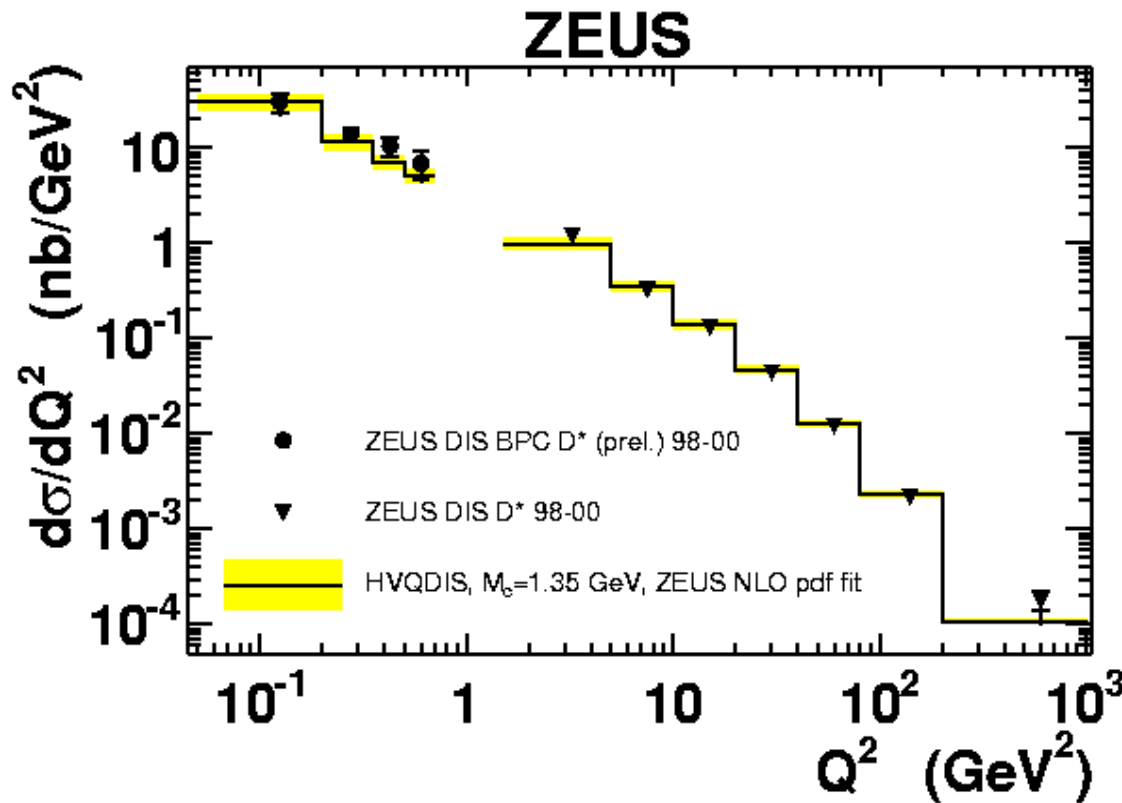
H1 and ZEUS data in agreement
and consistent with NLO QCD



D^* cross section at low Q^2

Test of NLO QCD for charm production in region of transition to photoproduction regime

Low Q^2 values reached by measuring the scattered electron in Beam-Pipe Calorimeter (BPC)

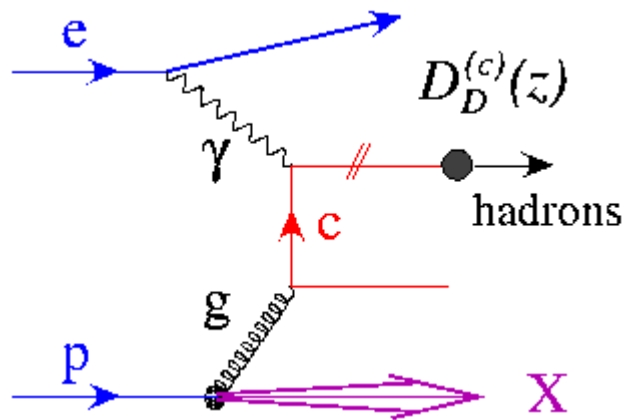


$0.05 < Q^2 < 0.7$ GeV²
 $0.02 < y < 0.85$
 $1.5 < p_T(D^*) < 9.0$ GeV
 $|\eta(D^*)| < 1.5$

preliminary

Measurements consistent with predictions even at low Q^2

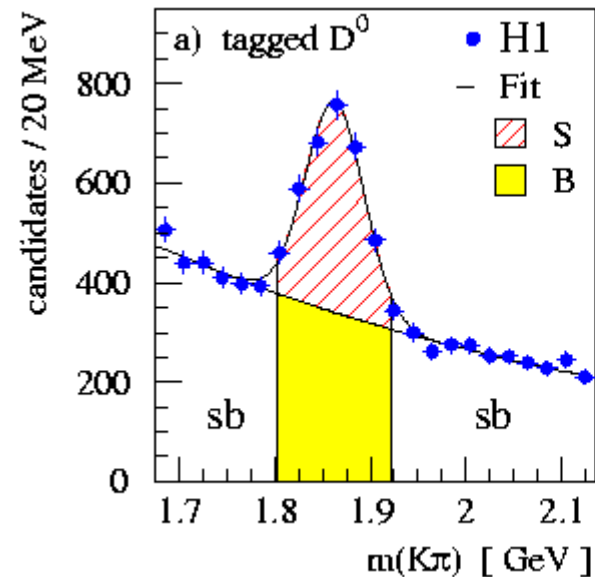
D-meson production



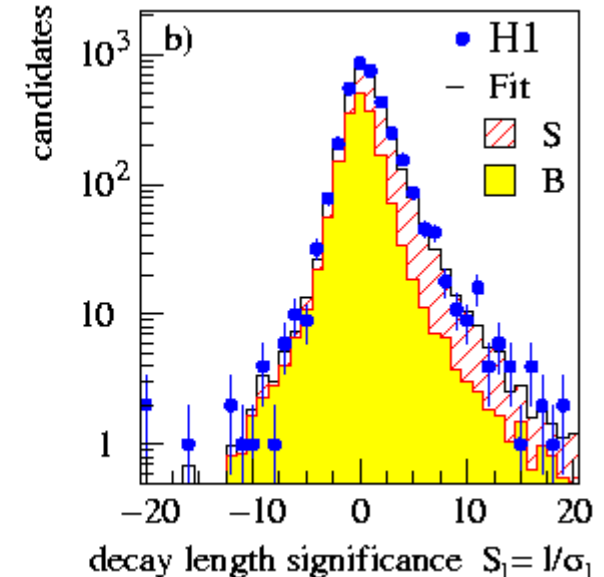
Study of fragmentation using D-meson production

Charm tagging via reconstruction of secondary vertex with the H1 central silicon tracker (CST)

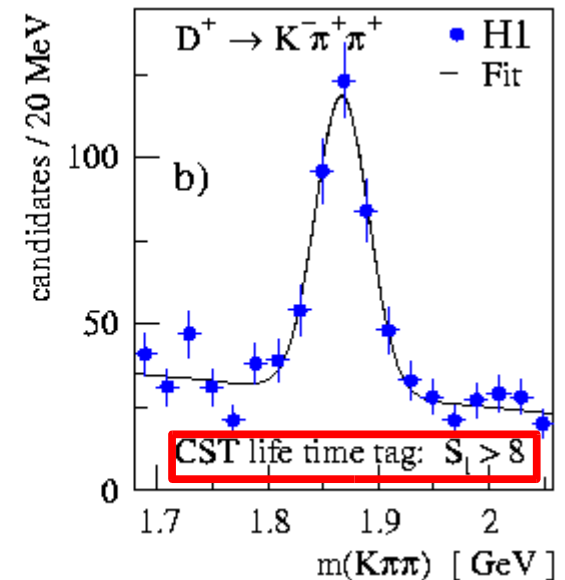
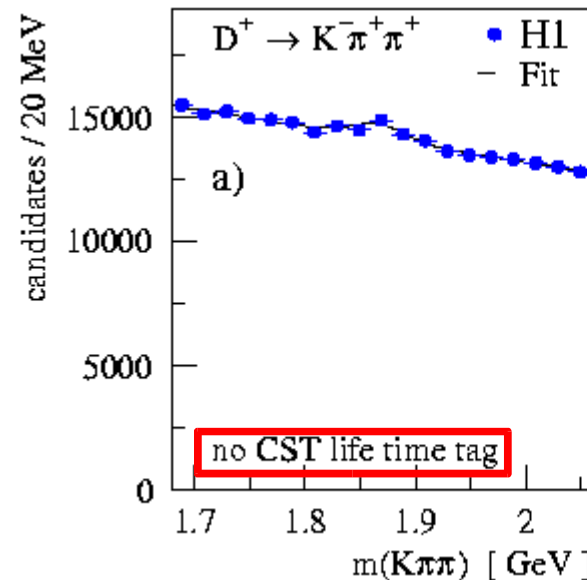
Check of CST response



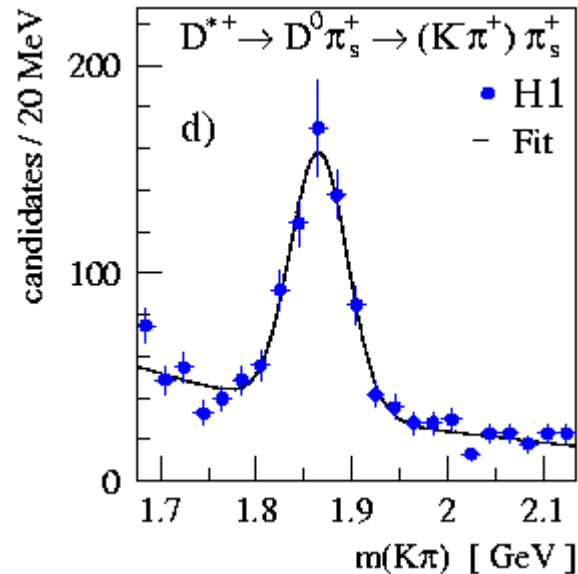
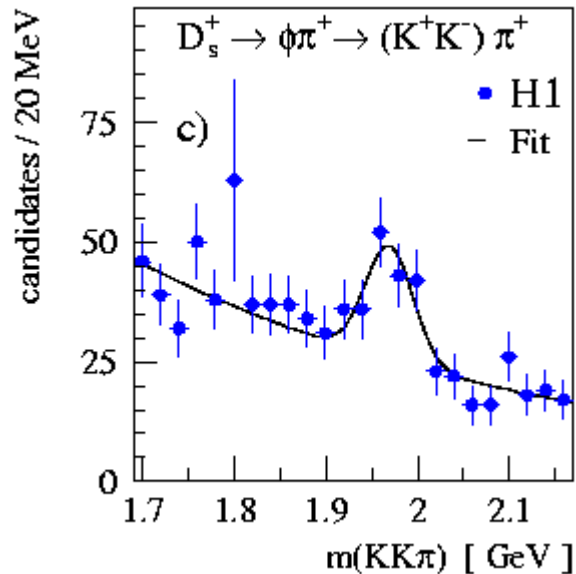
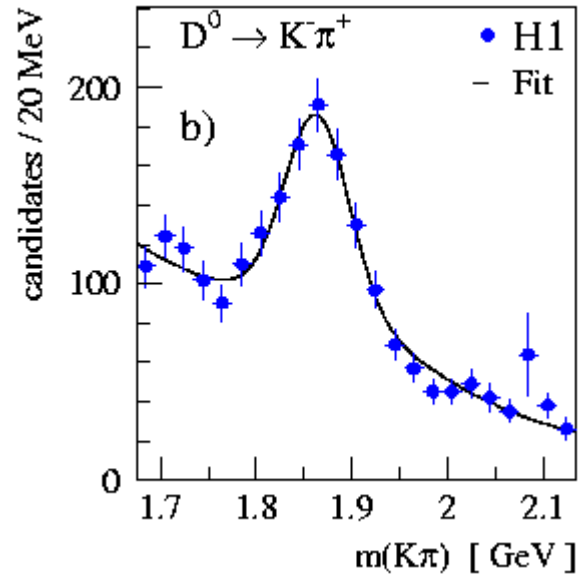
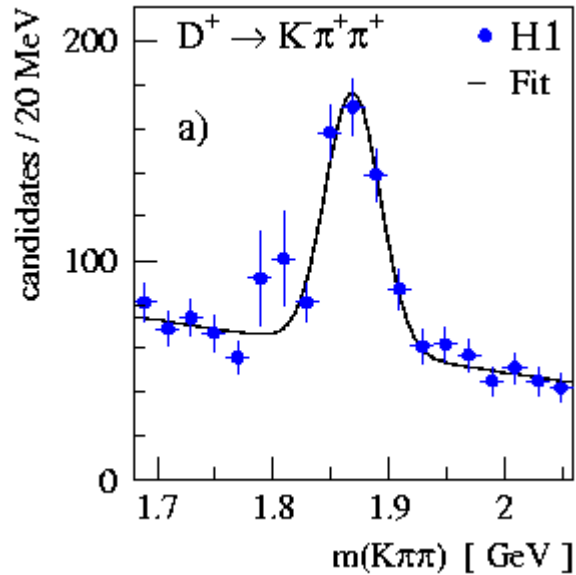
D^0 from D^+ reconstruction



S from MC, B from data



D-meson production



Fit:

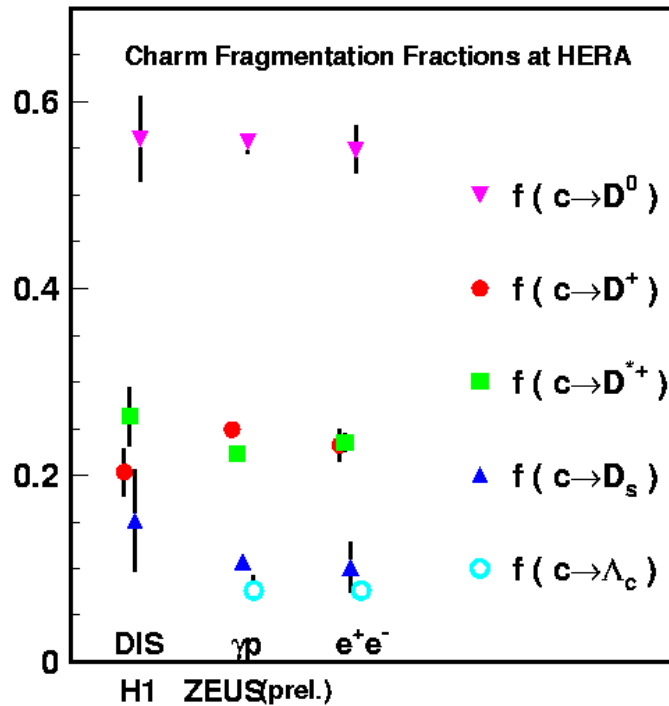
gaussian + appropriate bkg

signal mass and width
are free parameters

Determine cross sections
and compare to MC to
deduce fragmentation factors

D-meson production

hep-ex/0408149



Fragmentation factors in good agreement with LEP

$1.5 < Q^2 < 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.02 < y < 0.7$, $p_T(D) > 3.0 \text{ GeV}$, $|D| < 1.6$

		ZEUS (nb)	NLO QCD (nb)
$(e^\pm p$	$e^\pm D^0 X)$	$7.44 \pm 0.78^{+0.29}_{-0.49}$	7.14
$(e^+ p$	$e^+ D^\pm X)$	$2.42 \pm 0.30^{+0.21}_{-0.06}$	3.02
$(e^\pm p$	$e^\pm D_s X)$	$2.25 \pm 0.30^{+0.09}_{-0.33}$	1.32
$(e^\pm p$	$e^\pm D^* X)$	$3.22 \pm 0.08^{+0.07}_{-0.05}$	3.06

preliminary

Good agreement for D^* and D^0 , some deviation for D_s

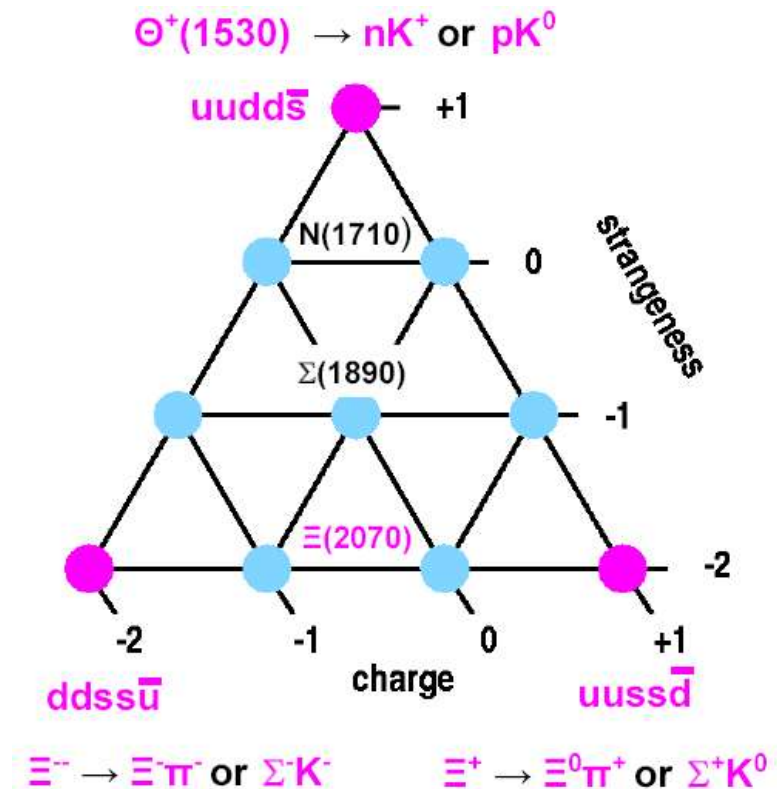
Search for pentaquarks at HERA

- Several experiments reported observation of a narrow resonance with a mass of ~ 1530 MeV decaying to K^+n or $K_s^0 p$

State with $B = +1$ and $S = +1 \Rightarrow$ minimal quark composition $uudd\bar{s}$

- Furthermore, NA49 reported observation of Ξ^{--} and Ξ^0 , states with $S = -2$

Predicted in 1997 by
Diakonov, Petrov, Polyakov



ZEUS search for $\Theta^{+(-)} \rightarrow p K_s^0$

$L = 121 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

proton selection:

$dE/dx > 1.15 \text{ mips}$

$p(p) < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta| < 1.75$

proton purity of $\sim 60\%$

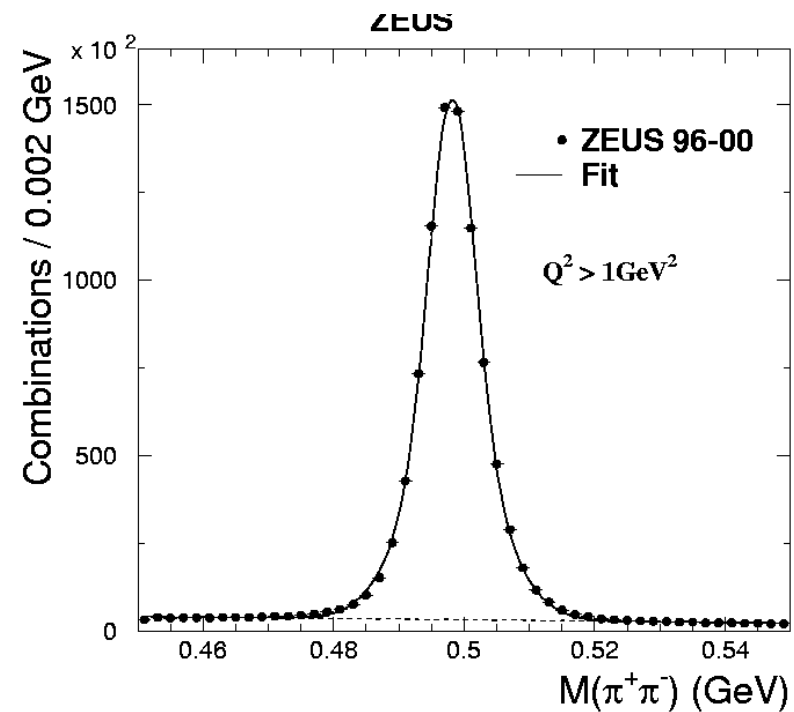
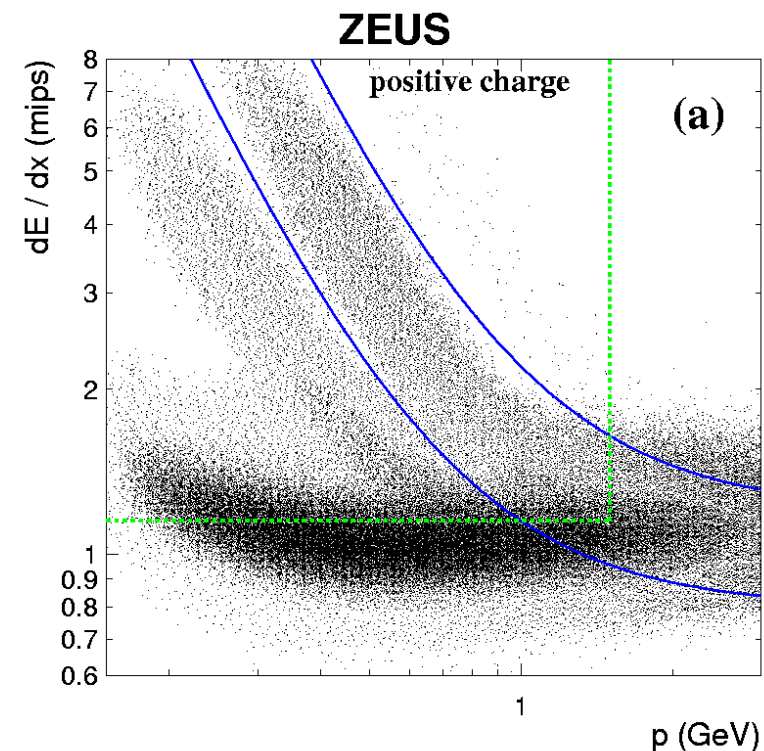
870000 K_s^0 :

$p_T(K^0) > 0.3 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta| < 1.5$

mass peak at 498.12 ± 1

background $< 6\%$



ZEUS search for $\Theta^{+(-)} \rightarrow \bar{p} K_s^0$

ZEUS

Bump best seen for $Q^2 > 20 \text{ GeV}^2$

Fitting with **bkg + two gaussians**

$M = 1522 \text{ MeV}$

$N = 221 \pm 48$

$\Rightarrow 4.6\sigma$ bump

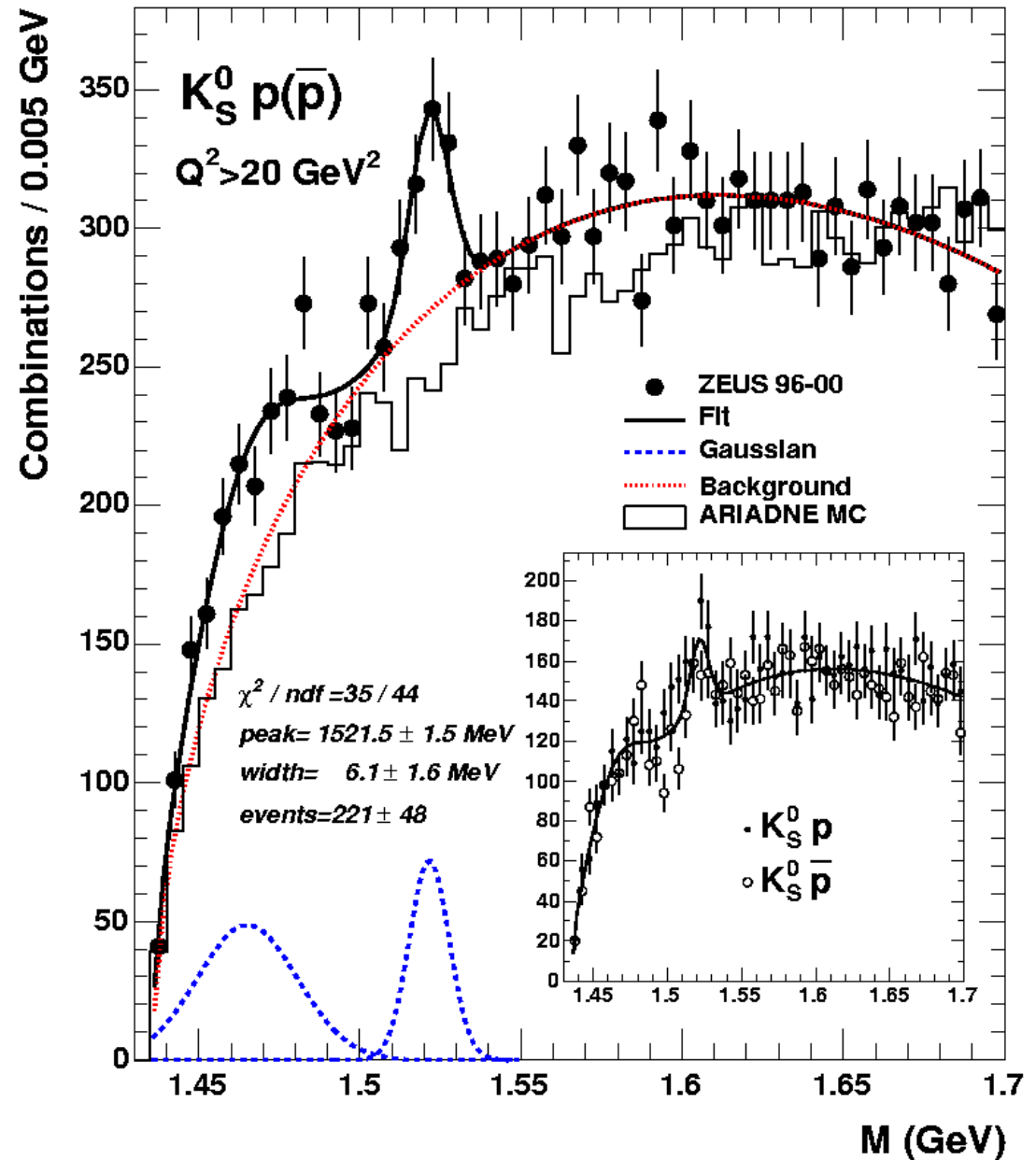
Not shown:

fitting with **bkg + gaussian**

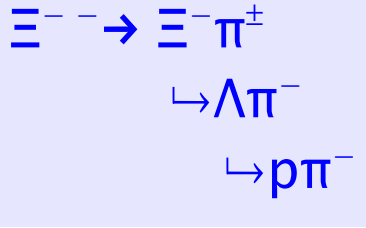
$\Rightarrow 3.9\sigma$ bump

Signal seen in both charges

Inset: K_s^0 anti-p 96 ± 34 events



ZEUS search for PQ decaying to $\Xi^- \pi^\pm$



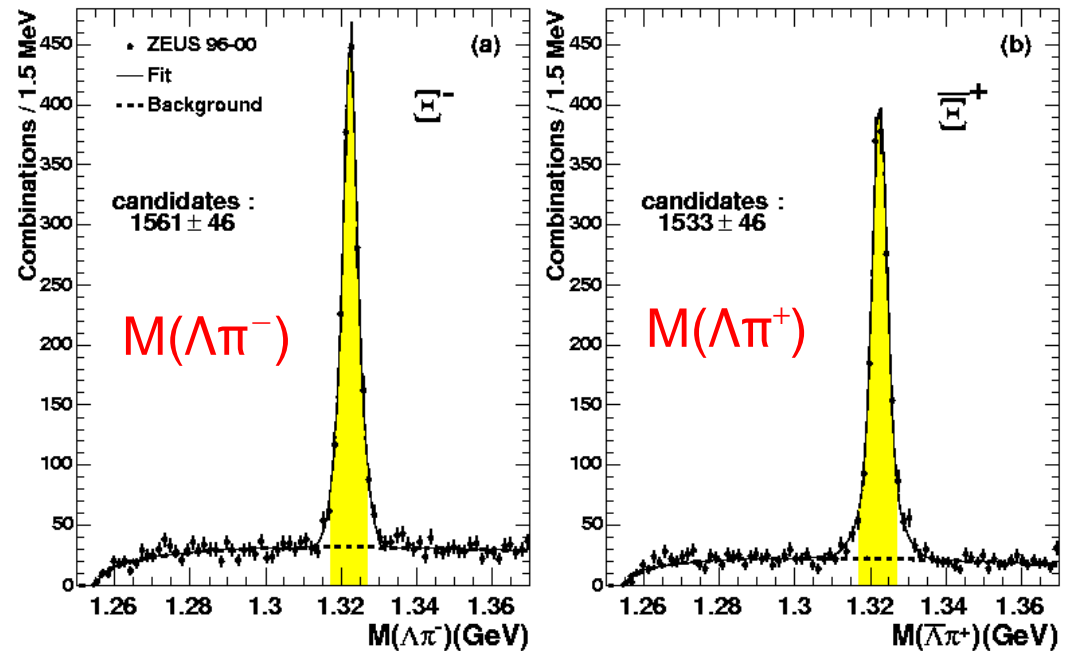
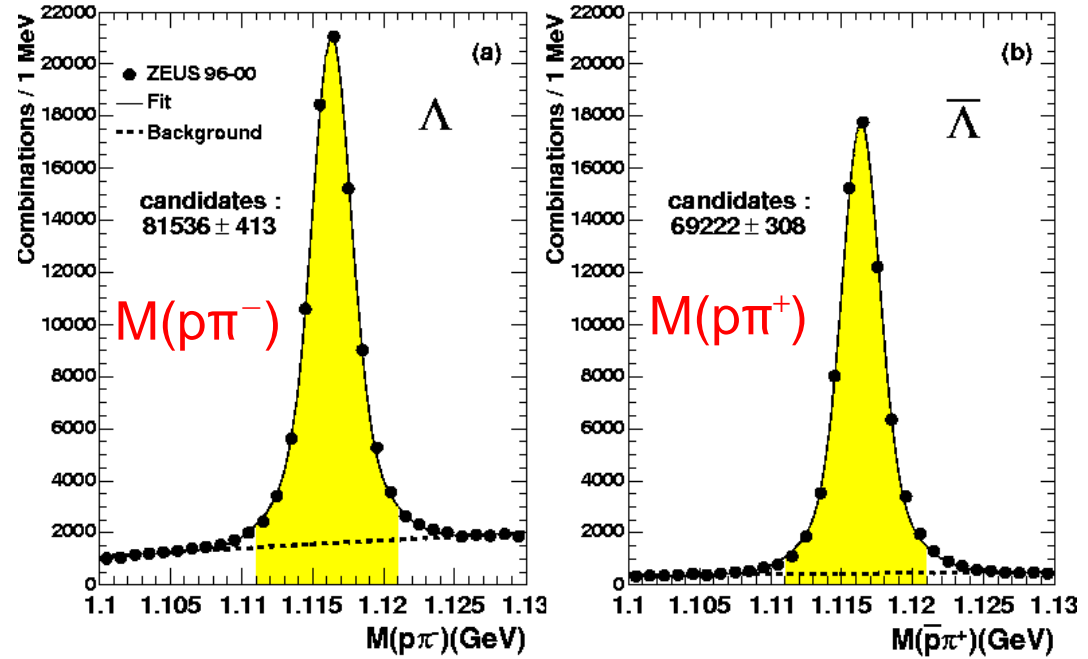
$L = 105 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
 $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

track quality cuts:
 $p_T > 0.150 \text{ GeV}$
 $|\eta| < 1.75$

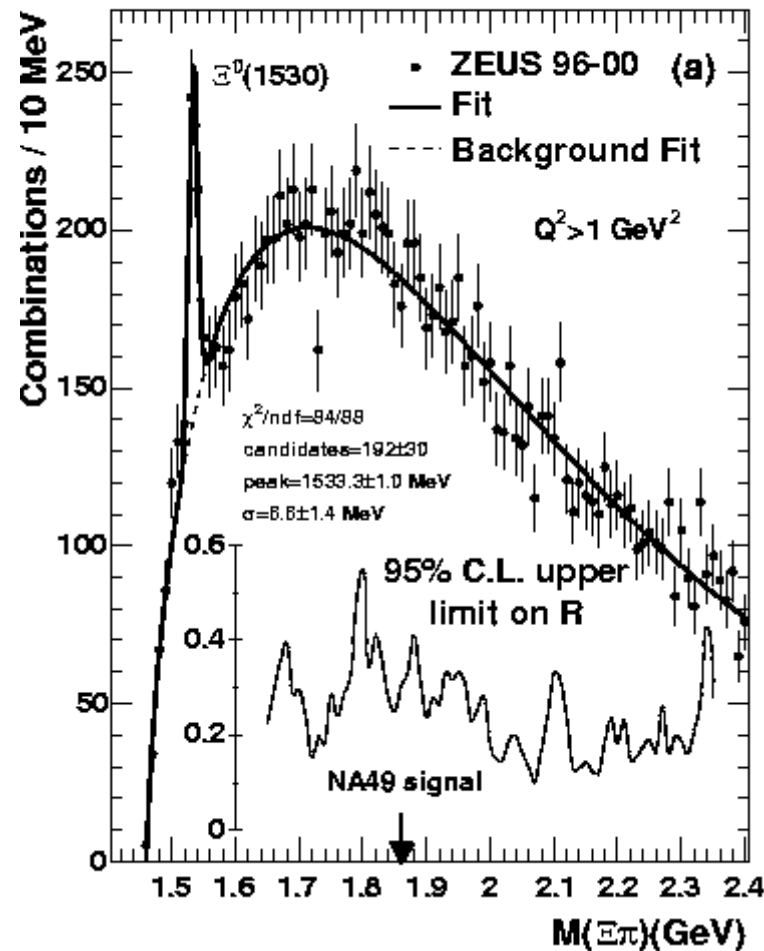
Λ candidates ~ 150000

Ξ^- candidates ~ 3000

ZEUS



ZEUS search for PQ decaying to $\Xi^- \pi^\pm$



No pentaquark
signal observed!

Known $\Xi^0(1530)$ state well visible

Negative result also in similar analysis for $Q^2 > 20 \text{ GeV}^2$
(kinematic region where Θ^+ best seen in ZEUS)

H1 search for $\Theta_C^0 \rightarrow D^{*-(+)} p^{(-)}$

If strange-flavored pentaquarks exist,
they should also exist with charm flavor

$$1 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$0.2 < y < 0.7$$

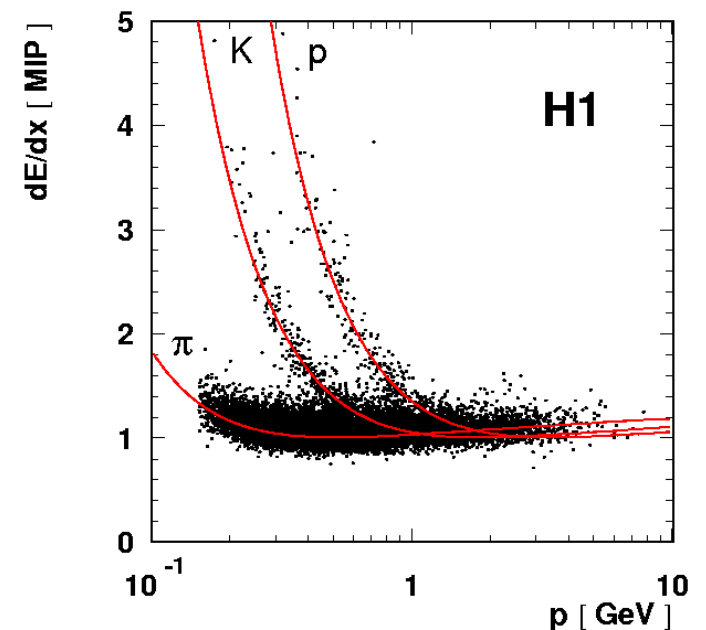
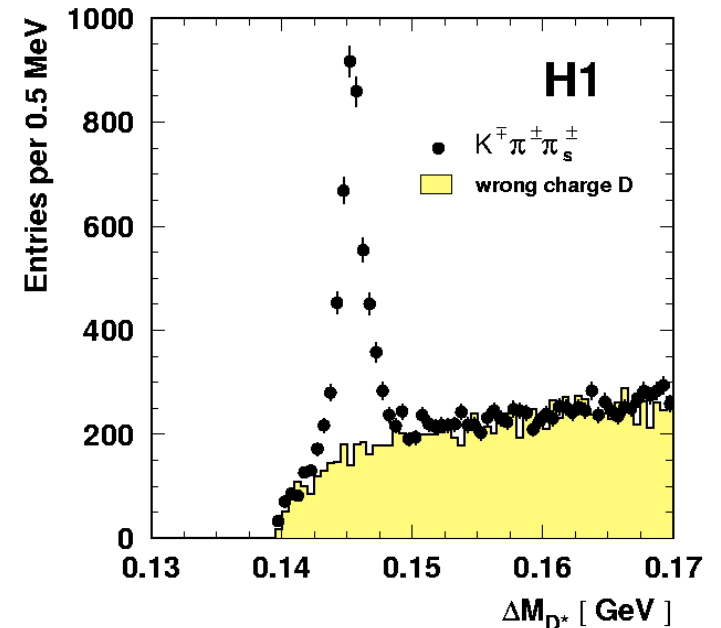
$$p_T(D^*) > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta(D^*)| < 1.5$$

$$\text{inelasticity } z(D^*) > 0.2$$

D^* selected in a $\pm 2.5 \text{ MeV}$ window
around the peak: **3400** candidates

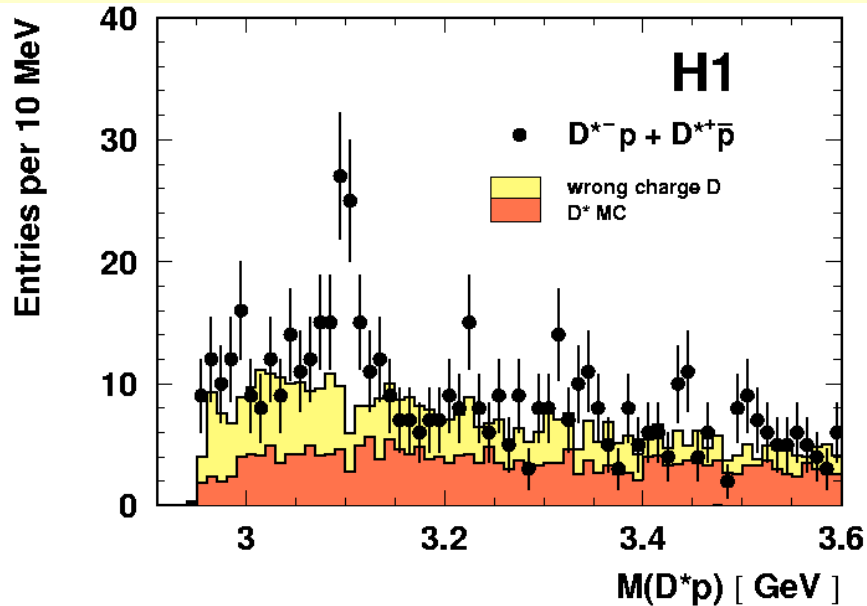
Proton identification via dE/dx
resolution $\sim 8\%$



H1 search for $\Theta^0_C \rightarrow D^{*-(+)} p^{(-)}$

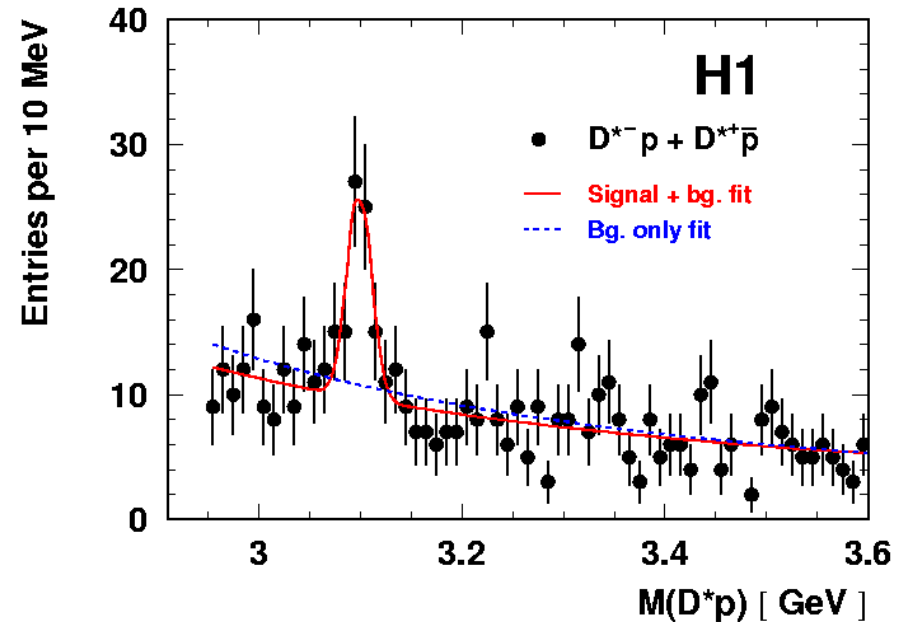
D* \bar{p} mass distribution:

$$M(D^*p) = m(K\pi\pi p) - m(K\pi\pi) + M_{\text{PDG}}(D^*)$$



Signal visible in $D^{*\bar{+}}p$ and $D^{*-}p$ separately with same significance and in different data taking periods

Gaussian fit with free parameters for peak position, width and normalization



Mass: $3099 \pm 3(\text{stat.}) \pm 5(\text{syst.}) \text{ MeV}$

Width: $12 \pm 3 \text{ MeV}$

Signal: $N_s = 50.6 \pm 11.2 \text{ events}$

Bgnd only fit: $N_b = 51.7 \pm 2.7 \text{ events}$

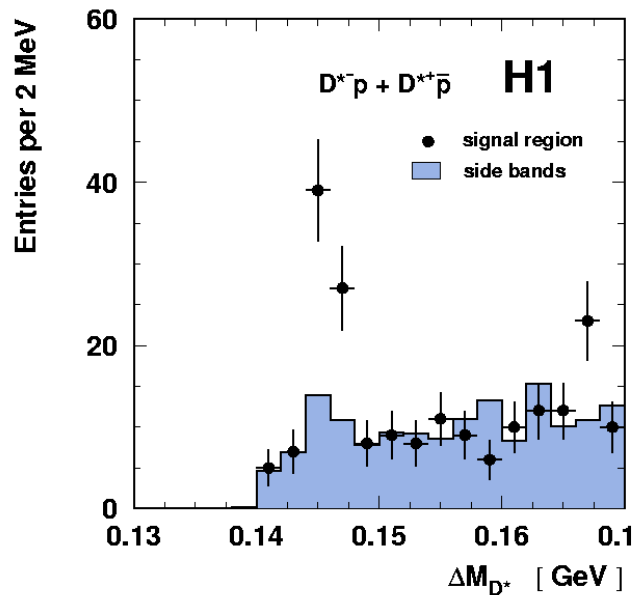
Bgnd fluctuation probability: 5.4σ

Observed D* \bar{p} resonance estimated to contribute $\sim 1\%$ of the total D* production rate in the kinematic region studied

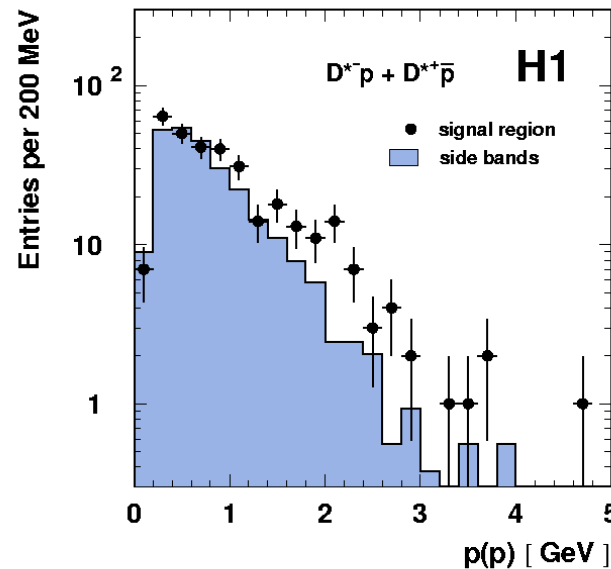
H1 search for $\Theta_C^0 \rightarrow D^{*-(+)} p^{(-)}$

Kinematics of D^* and *proton* candidates from decay of a resonance expected to be different from those of the background distribution

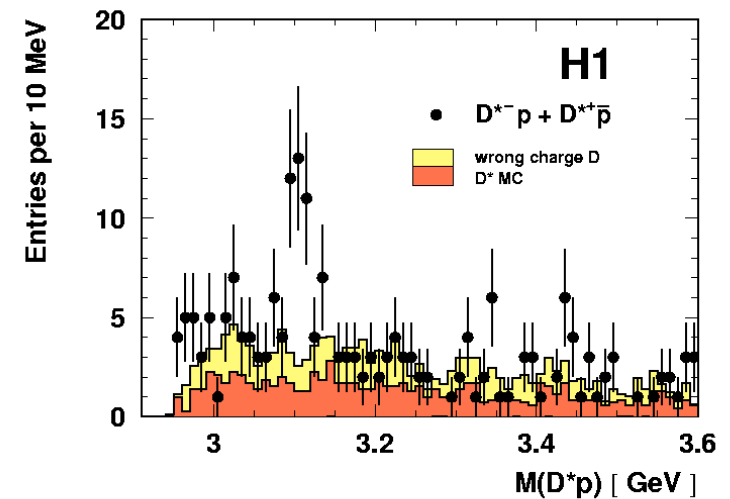
D^*p signal region richer in D^* than side regions



No dE/dx cut,
proton candidates
from signal region
have harder momentum



No dE/dx cut,
signal-to-background
ratio improves as $p(p)$
increases ($> 2\text{GeV}$)



Signal visible also in photoproduction (not shown),
but with higher background contamination

ZEUS search for $\Theta^0_C \rightarrow D^{*-(+)} p^{(-)}$

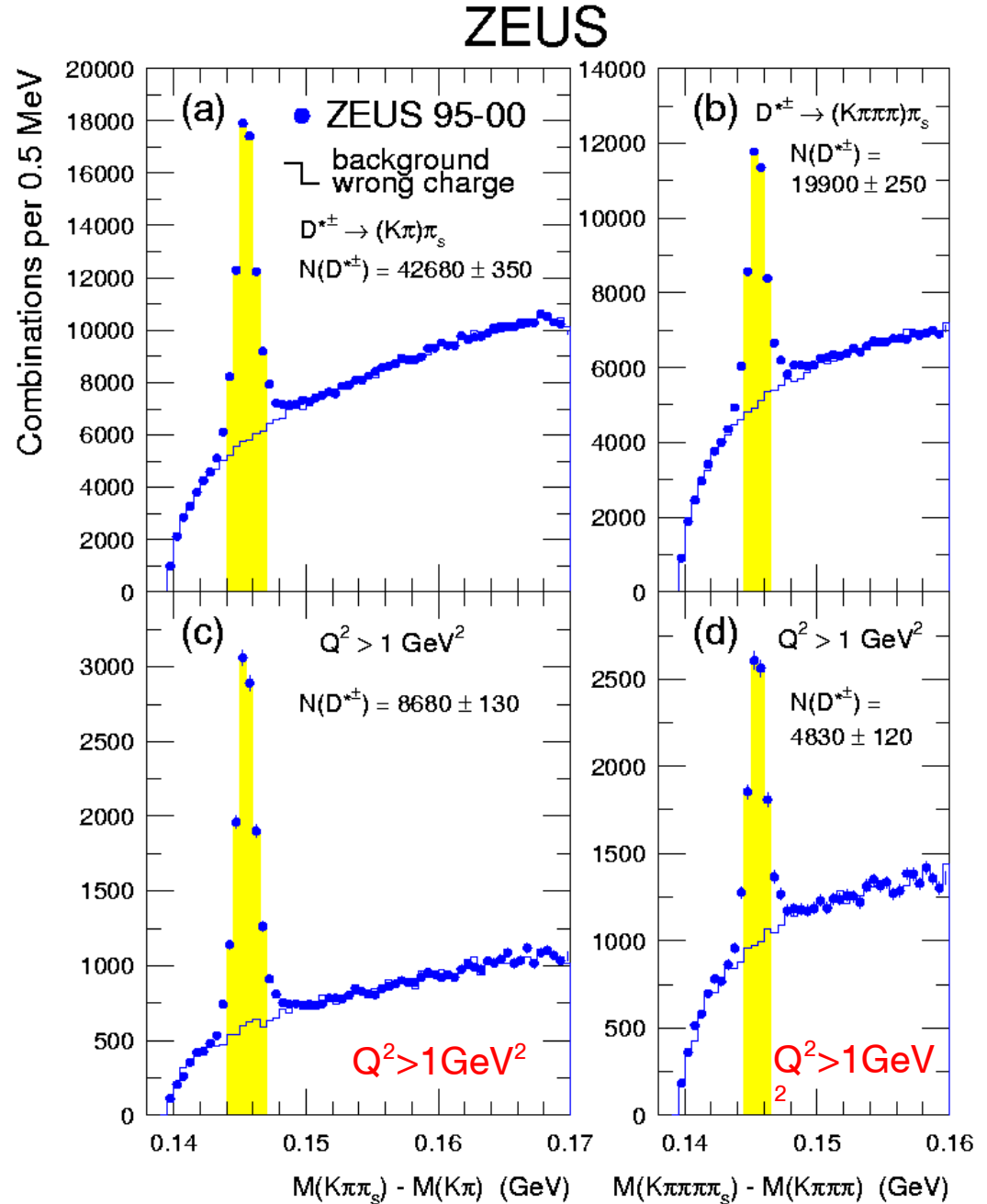
$L = 126 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

D^* reconstructed in two channels:

- 1) $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s^+ \rightarrow (K \pi^+) \pi_s^+$
 - 2) $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi_s^+ \rightarrow (K \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \pi_s^+$
- (+ c.c.)

D^* candidates: 62000 (total)
13000 ($Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$)

proton identification via dE/dx
 resolution 9% (similar to H1)

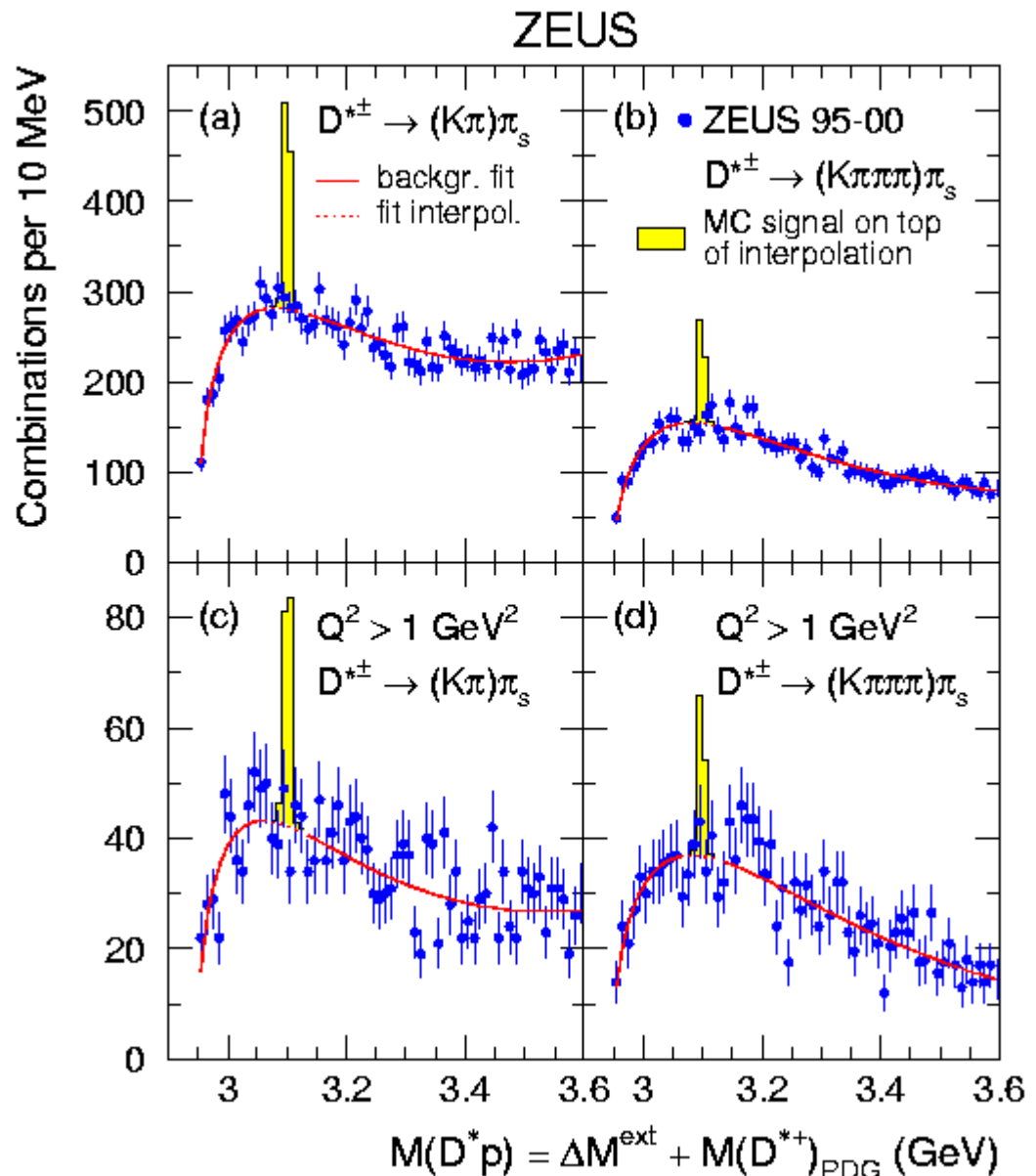


ZEUS search for $\Theta_C^0 \rightarrow D^{*-(+)} \bar{p}^{(-)}$

MC signal normalized to 1% of observed D^*

No sign of the H1 pentaquark signal

Upper limit on fraction of D^* originating from Θ_C^0 decay for $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$: **0.35% at 95% C.L.**



Summary and outlook

Heavy Flavors:

- charm DIS cross sections in good agreement with NLO QCD even in region at very low Q^2
- charm fragmentation in agreement with e^+e^- results
- beauty cross sections in reasonable agreement with NLO QCD, but data tend to be above theory
- first measurement of F_2^{bb} at $Q^2 > 150 \text{ GeV}^2$ reported by H1

Pentaquarks:

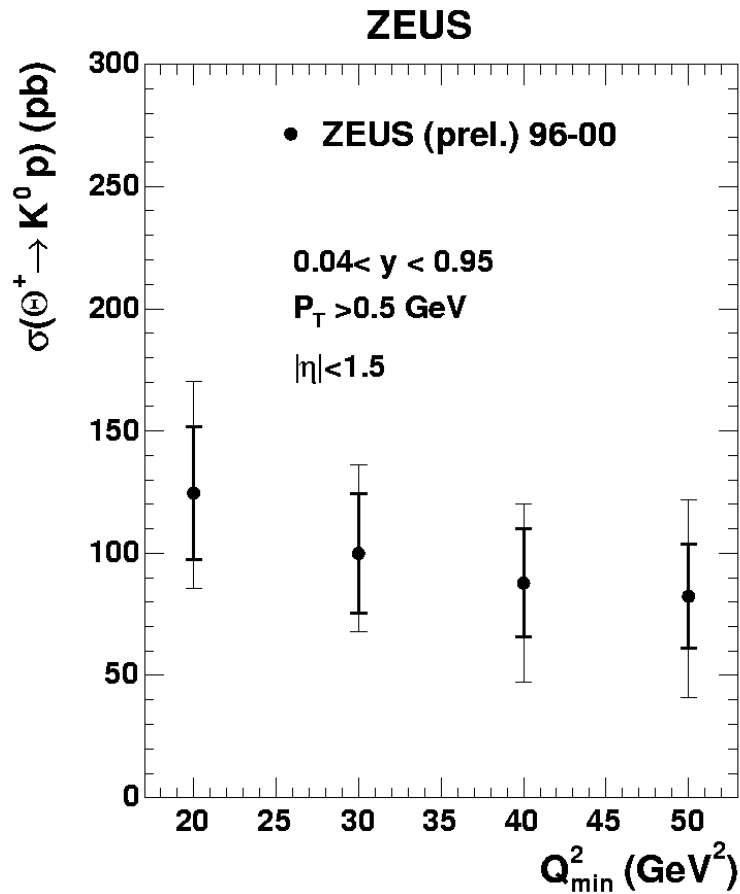
- $\Theta^+(1530)$: signal of a few sigmas in ZEUS
- $\Xi^{--}(1860)$: not confirmed by ZEUS
- $\Theta_c^0(3100)$: signal in H1, not confirmed by ZEUS

HERA II:

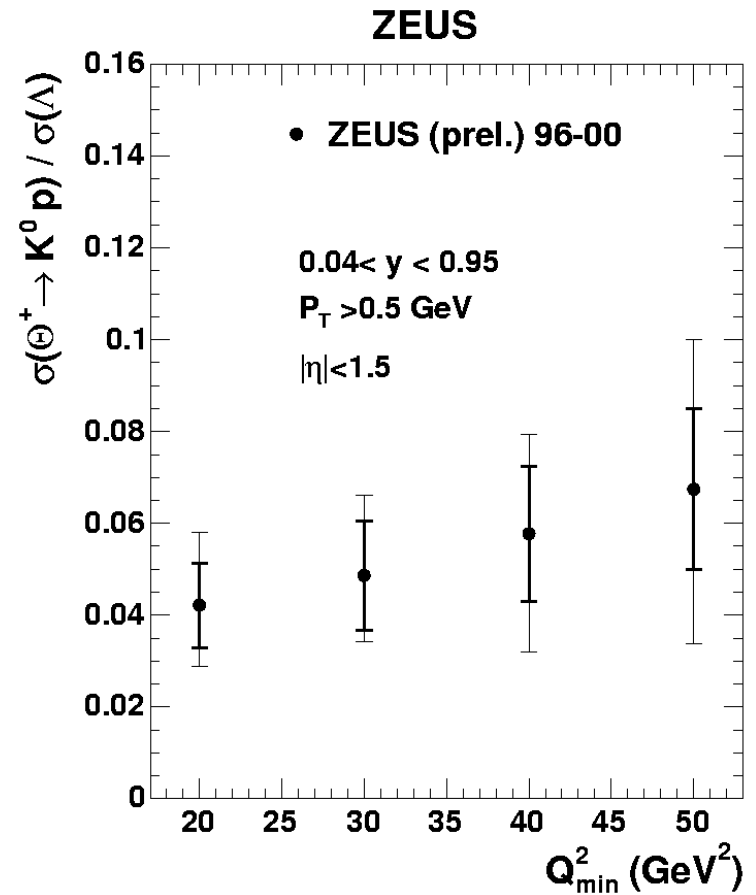
- data taking started in 2003, $\sim 40 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ delivered with e^+p switched to e^-p at end of 2004, $\sim 20 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ already integrated data taking will end in 2007
- improved analyses and detector performances (e.g. ZEUS MVD)

Backup: ZEUS search for $\Theta^{+(-)} \rightarrow \bar{p} K_s^0$

preliminary



measured cross sections



$\sigma(\Theta) / \sigma(\Lambda)$