

CLEO V_{ub} and V_{cb} Results and Plans for CLEO-c

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Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste

CLEOII/II.V CKM Results:

- Exclusive V_{cb} : $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$
- Spectral moments to extract non-pert. parameters
- Improved inclusive V_{cb}
- Improved inclusive V_{ub} from lepton endpoint
- **Exclusive V_{ub} : $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu, \rho \ell \nu$ NEW!**
- Future of V_{cb} and V_{ub}

Other Recent Results:

- FSI and factorization in $D^* \rho, D\pi, D^* 4\pi$
- FINAL $\pi\pi, K\pi$, etc. Rare B Decay Results
- CLEOIII Upsilon Physics: including **discovery of $\Upsilon(1D)$**

The CLEO-c Project: Charm at Threshold

- **Final approval last month!**

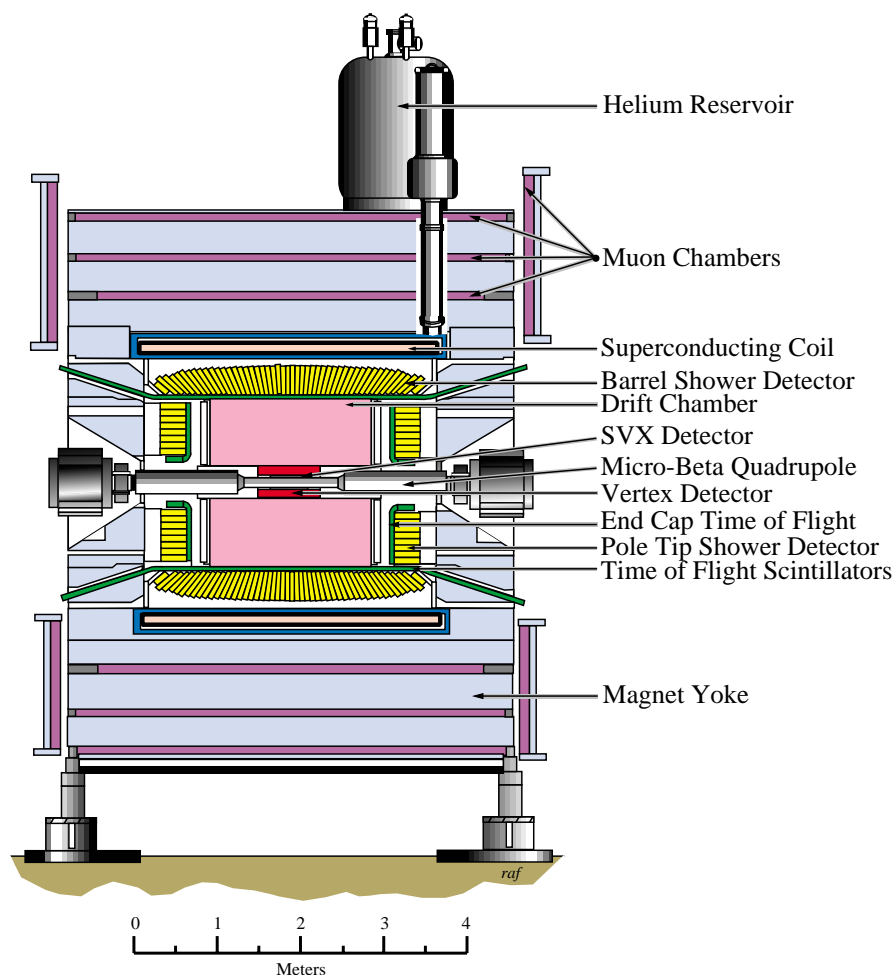
Impacts B physics:

- **Validate Lattice QCD** for f_B , etc.

- Absolute Charm branching fractions

PLUS ... QCD physics: J/ψ ‘Glue factory’, LOW background D Dalitz plots

CLEO II/II.V Detector and Datasets



CLEOII distinguished by:

- Excellent CsI Calorimeter
- Very good solid angle coverage for tracks and neutrals

CLEOII.V distinguished by (in addition):

- First Silicon Vertex Detector at $\Upsilon(4S)$
 - First major use of Helium-based drift gas
- ← this configuration is shown at left

Both very well-understood detectors with high-quality Monte Carlo

Hadronic and leptonic moments of $B \rightarrow X_c l \nu$, and $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ use CLEOII:

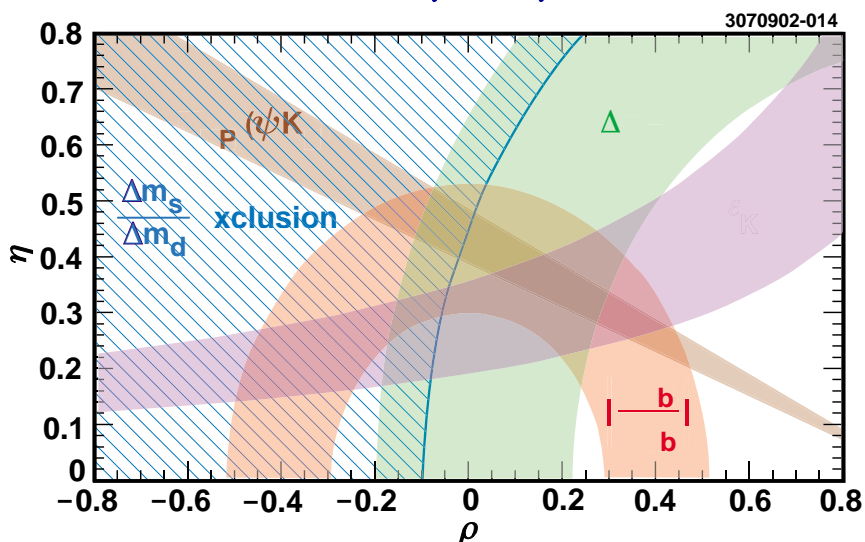
$(3.2 + 1.6) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (on + off res.) containing 3.4 M $B\bar{B}$ pairs

$b \rightarrow s\gamma, b \rightarrow ul\nu$ endpoint and $B \rightarrow \pi l\nu, \rho l\nu$ use CLEOII+II.V:

$(9.2 + 4.5) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (on + off res.) containing 9.7 M $B\bar{B}$ pairs

The Unitarity Triangle

~Current $\rho - \eta$ Plane



- $\sin 2\beta$ well-measured (BaBar/Belle)
→ theoretically clean!
- $|V_{ub}/V_{cb}|$ side: needs more precision
CLEO: pioneering techniques
- V_{td} side (B -mixing):
needs work to interpret precisely
→ **Lattice + CLEO-c**

The goal is NOT: Measure ρ, η
The goal IS: Measure ρ, η in many ways;
check for (in)consistency!

CLEO is helping with BOTH of the sides

“I named them rho and eta, and I don’t care what their values are, so why should you?”
– Lincoln Wolfenstein, at Kaon’99 in Chicago

Improved Theory to interpret:

- Inclusive: Spectral moments (bit fancier for V_{ub})
- Exclusive: Lattice QCD (plus light-cone sum rules)

Non-pert. physics in a few matrix elements:

- $\bar{\Lambda}$: energy of ‘brown muck’ (light degrees of freedom)
- λ_1 : Fermi motion energy
- λ_2 : chromo-magnetic interaction (known from $M_{B^*} - M_B$)

extract from data on ‘spectral moments’

$$E_\gamma \text{ in } b \rightarrow s\gamma \quad E_\ell, M_X^2 \text{ in } B \rightarrow X\ell\nu$$

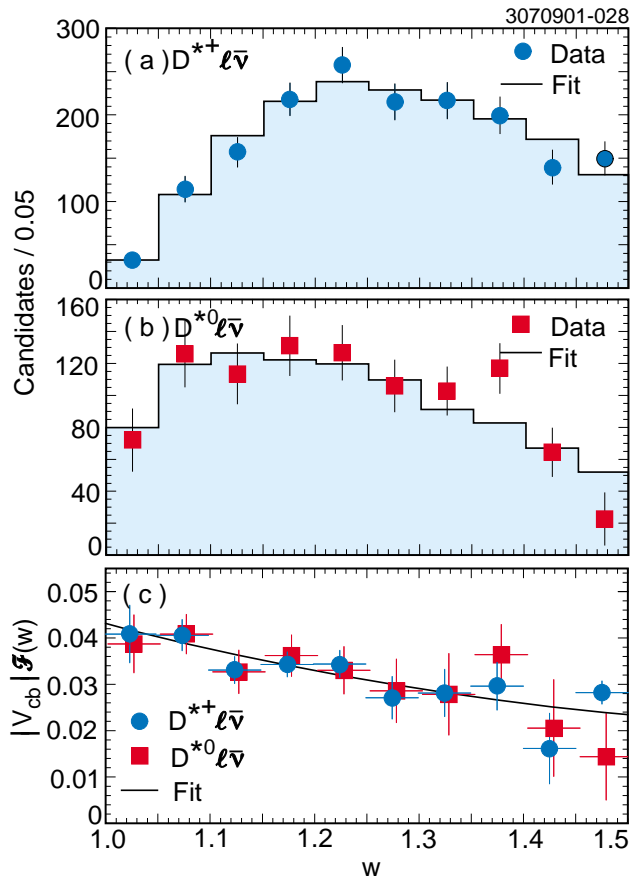
(relies on Quark-Hadron duality!)

$b \rightarrow s\gamma$ also helps with ‘inclusive’ $|V_{ub}|$

- Extract $|V_{ub}|$ from the rate at the Lepton Endpoint

Large Continuum Data fraction is valuable!

- $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ and lepton endpoint: both at kin. limit of B decay
- Continuum *not* at kin limit \rightarrow large backgrounds
 - Suppress continuum: hard work and experience
 - Subtract continuum: data!



HQET: Can predict rate at q^2_{max} ($w = 1$)

Use both $D^{*+} \ell \nu$ and $D^{*0} \ell \nu$

Intercept at q^2_{max} and slope:

(curvature related to slope by theory)

$$F(1)|V_{cb}| = (4.31 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\rho^2 = 1.61 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.21$$

$$f_{+-} = 0.521 \pm 0.012 \quad (B^+ B^- \text{ vs. } B^0 \bar{B}^0)$$

Systematics:

- Efficiency (esp. slow pion tracking)
- Charm branching fractions
- Backgrounds
- Form Factors (mostly for ρ^2)

$$q^2_{max} \longleftarrow q^2$$

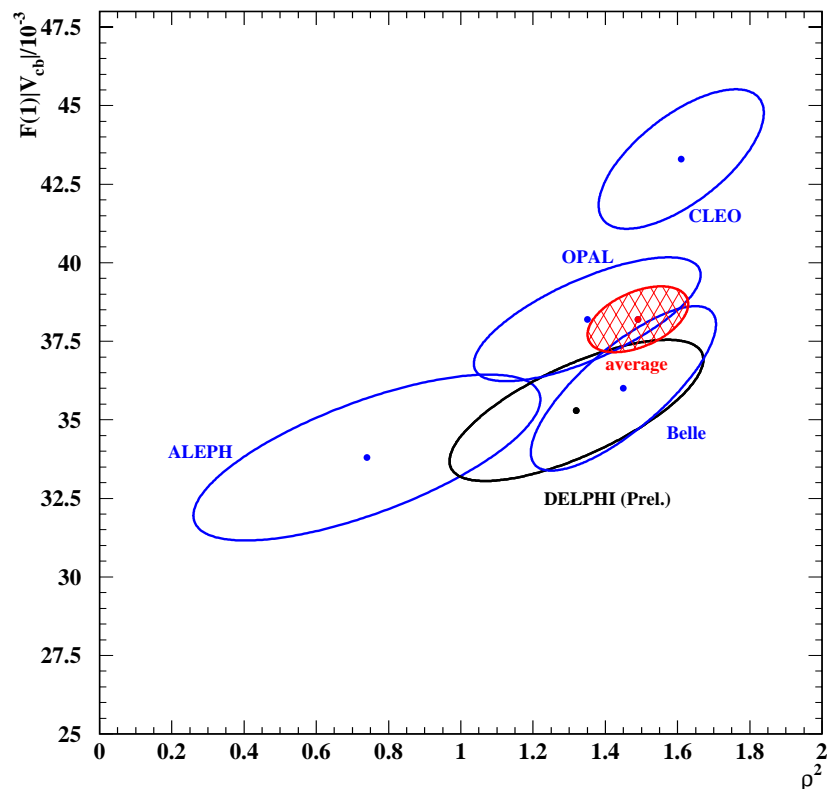
$$|V_{cb}| = (4.69 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-2}$$

(uncertainties: stat, syst, theory) **7% total**

$B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$ Exclusive $|V_{cb}|$ Summary

**NOTE: we used $F(1) = 0.919^{+0.030}_{-0.035}$
(Fermilab Lattice; PRD 66, 014503 (2002), + QED corr.)**

$|V_{cb}| \mathcal{F}(1)$ vs. ρ^2 (form-factor slope)



ρ^2 and $\mathcal{F}(1)|V_{cb}|$ correlated

$D^* X \ell \nu$ component:

- CLEO fits in same analysis
- LEP uses model (based on external BR's)
- CLEO excludes more with better MM resol.

Slow Pion Efficiency:

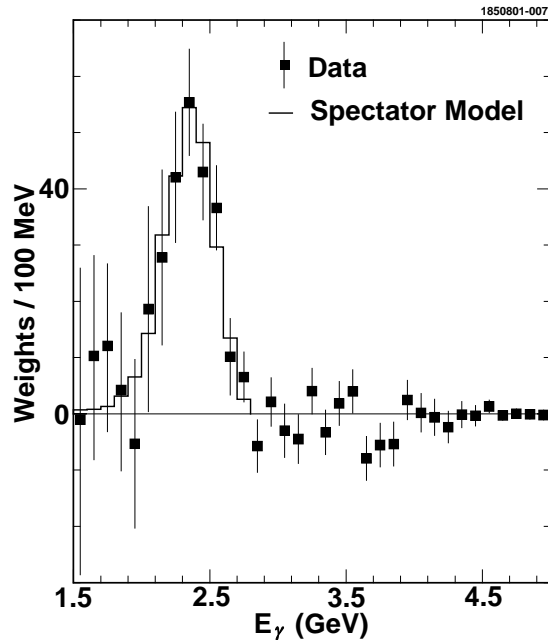
- LEP: flat efficiency
- CLEO: eff. turn-on for slow π^+
- Only CLEO includes D^{*0} (has flat eff.)

Consistent at 5% level

Ellipses indicate $\Delta\chi^2 = 1$ (stat. + syst.)

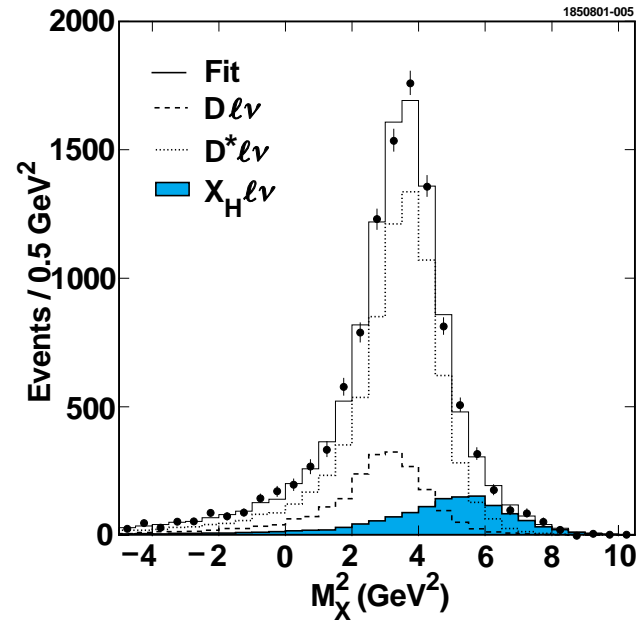
E_γ from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$

(Continuum suppr. and subt. crucial)



M_X^2 from $B \rightarrow Xl\nu$

(uses ν recon.; $M_X > M_{D^*}$ crucial)

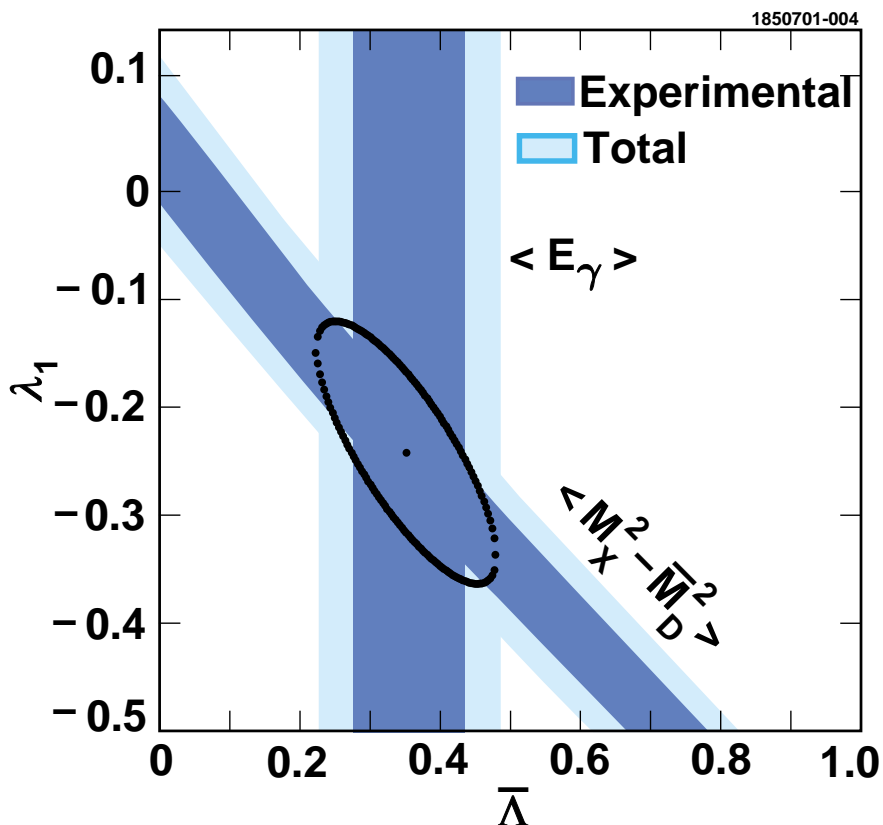


First and Second moments (means and widths):

$$\begin{aligned} \langle E_\gamma \rangle &= 2.346 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.011 \text{ GeV} \\ \langle E_\gamma^2 \rangle - \langle E_\gamma \rangle^2 &= 0.0226 \pm 0.0066 \pm 0.0020 \text{ GeV}^2 \\ \langle M_X^2 - \bar{M}_D^2 \rangle &= 0.251 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.062 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4 \\ \langle (M_X^2 - \bar{M}_D^2)^2 \rangle &= 0.639 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.178 \text{ GeV}^4/c^8 \end{aligned}$$

These have a **calculable** dependence on $\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1 \dots$

Combined First Moments



Ellipse indicates $\Delta\chi^2 = 1$

$$\bar{\Lambda} = 0.35 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda_1 = -0.236 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.078 \text{ GeV}^2$$

Moments depend on $\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1$
 Each measurement yields a band.
 (λ_2 already known)

(only first moments used:
 most precise constraints;
 second moments consistent)

Hadronic moment: for $p_\ell > 1.5 \text{ GeV}/c$

Extracting $|V_{cb}|$ from Inclusive Semileptonic Rate

HQET parameters in hand

- CLEO's moments (and $m_{B^*} - m_B$) directly measure lowest-order
- Smaller $\mathcal{O}(1/M_B^3)$ terms estimated; included in syst. uncertainties

Inclusive semileptonic rate:

- CLEO 1996 tagged dilepton method (-1% for $B \rightarrow X_u \ell \nu$)

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu) = (10.39 \pm 0.46)\%$$

Convert to Γ_{sl} with τ_B

HQET expansion is of form:

$$\Gamma_{sl} \sim |V_{cb}|^2 G_F^2 M_B^5 (\mathcal{G}_0 + \mathcal{G}_1(\bar{\Lambda})/M_B + \mathcal{G}_2(\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2)/M_B^2 + \mathcal{O}(1/M_B^3))$$

(already used similar expressions for moments to **extract** $\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1$)

The result: $|V_{cb}| = (4.04 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-2}$

Uncertainties are from (in order):

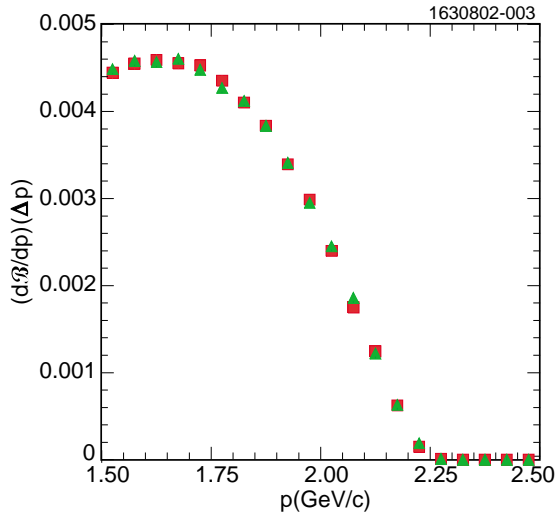
- CLEO measurement of Γ_{sl}
- HQET parameters $\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1$
- Scale for α_s ; coeff's of $1/M_B^3$ terms

3.2% determination (BUT, global quark-hadron duality?)

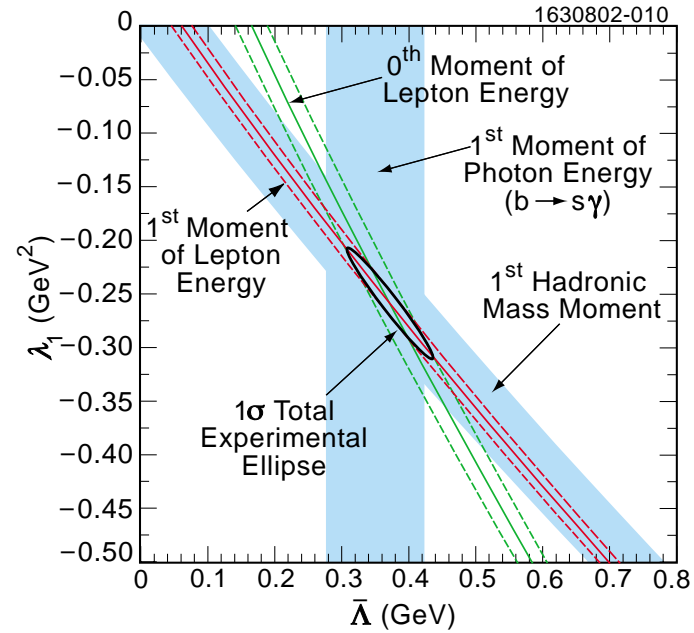
Inclusive Leptons from $B \rightarrow Xl\nu$

Lepton Momentum

e, μ overlay



New combined exp. ellipse



$$R_0 = \frac{\int_{1.7} (d\Gamma_{sl}/dE_l) dE_l}{\int_{1.5} (d\Gamma_{sl}/dE_l) dE_l}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{\int_{1.5} E_l (d\Gamma_{sl}/dE_l) dE_l}{\int_{1.5} (d\Gamma_{sl}/dE_l) dE_l}$$

$$R_0 = (0.6187 \pm 0.0014 \pm 0.0016)$$

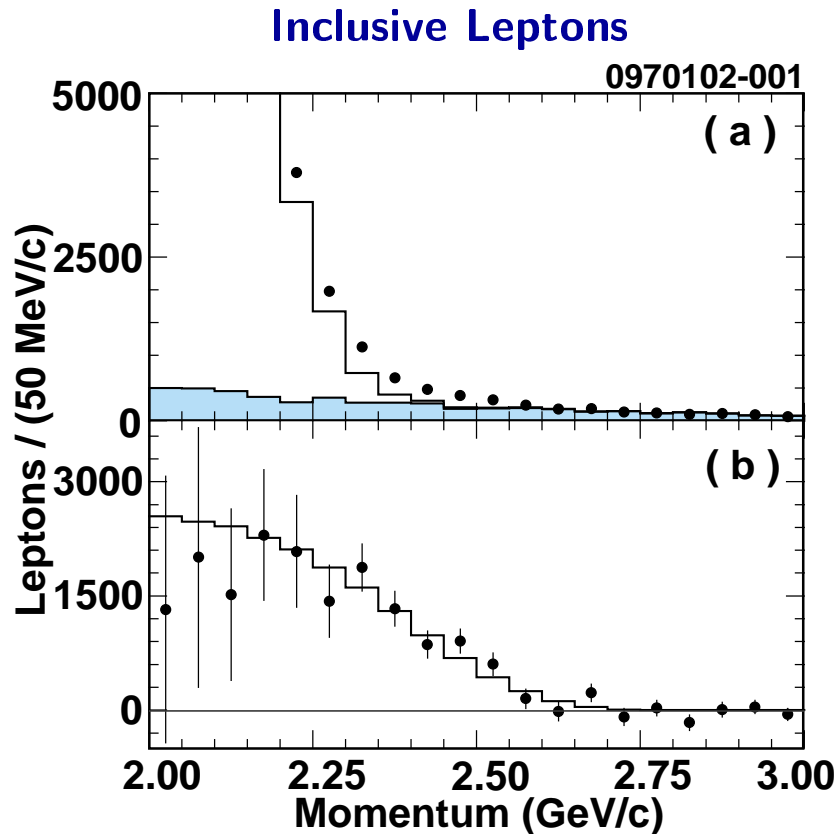
$$R_1 = (1.7810 \pm 0.0007 \pm 0.0009) \text{ GeV}$$

$$\bar{\Lambda} = (0.39 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.12) \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda_1 = (-0.25 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.14) \text{ GeV}^2$$

Precise, consistent result (world Γ_{sl})

$$|V_{cb}| = (4.08 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2}$$

**Can relate to $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ spectrum:**

- $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ and $b \rightarrow ul\nu$ near endpoint smeared by **common** non-pert. structure function

Analysis:

- $2.2 < p_\ell < 2.6$ GeV/c
- Neural net continuum suppression
- Continuum-subtract remainder

Systematics:

- Fraction of spectrum above 2.2 GeV/c
- Monte-Carlo of $b \rightarrow cl\nu$ bkg.
vary D^* FF's, D^{**} , non-res't

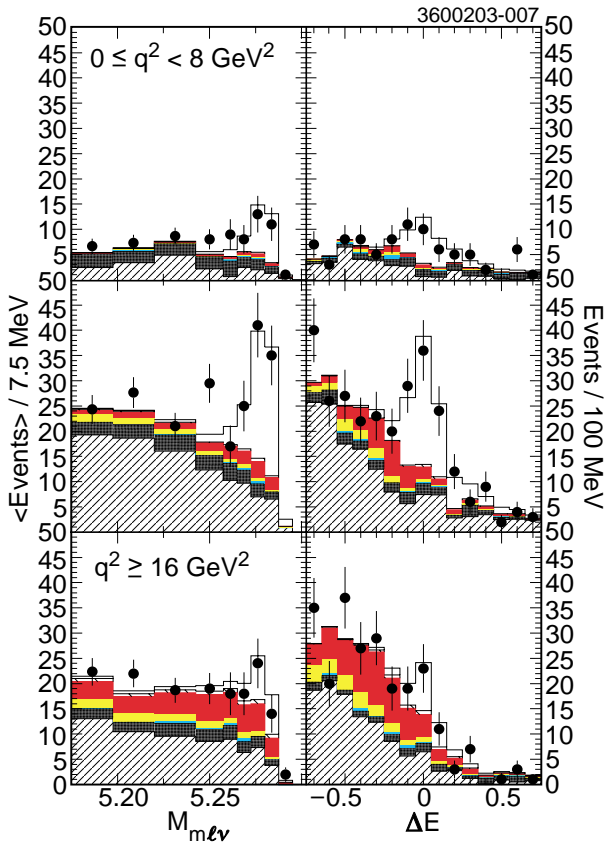
Relate partial branching fraction to full mom. spectrum:

From $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, fraction (2.2, 2.6) GeV/c: $f_u = 0.130 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.015$

$$|V_{ub}| = (4.08 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-3}$$

Errors: exp't (partial BR), exp't (frac. seen), theory ($\Gamma_{sl} \rightarrow V_{ub}$), theory (using $b \rightarrow s\gamma$)

Combined $\pi \ell \nu$ Modes
in 3 q^2 bins



To be submitted to PRD shortly.

- Neutrino reconstruction: $\sigma_{P_{miss}} \sim 110$ MeV

- Updated to full CLEOII dataset

- Modes already established (by CLEO, 1996)

→ Study in 3 q^2 bins

Significant reduction in model errors

- Lattice QCD for $q^2 \geq 16$ GeV²

- Light-cone sum rules for rest

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu) = (1.33 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^- \ell^+ \nu) = (2.17 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.01) \times 10^{-4}$$

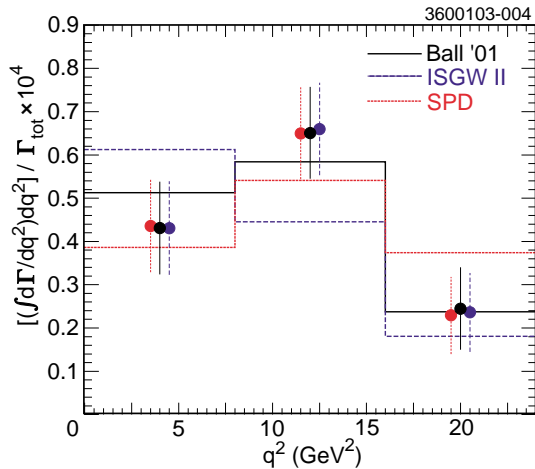
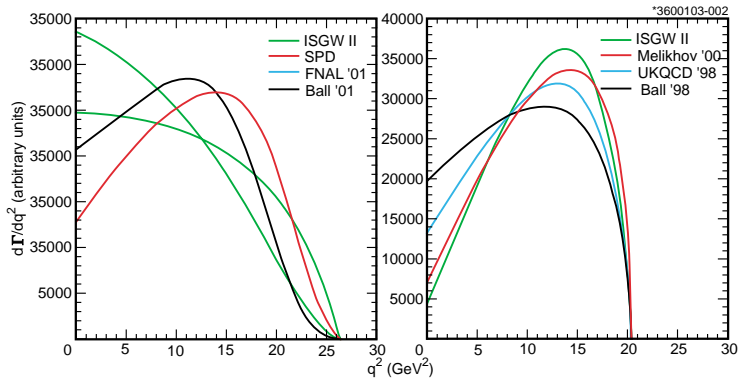
From combined $\pi \ell \nu, \rho \ell \nu$: $|V_{ub}| = (3.17 \pm 0.17 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.16 \\ -0.17 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} +0.53 \\ -0.39 \end{smallmatrix} \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-3}$

(Uncertainties: stat; syst-exp; LQCD/LCSR theory; $\rho \ell \nu$ FF)

Previously relied on model variations...

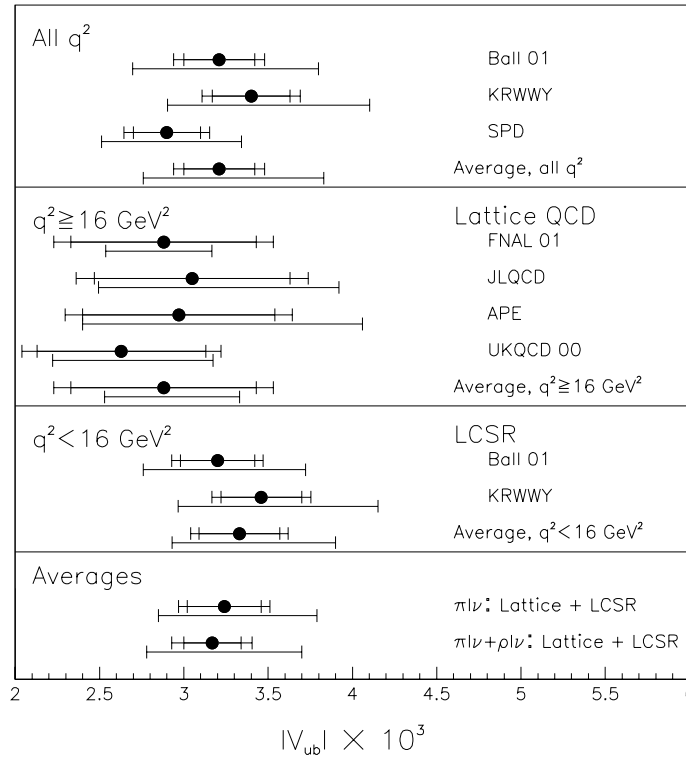
- Lattice starting to weigh in with form-factors
- Dependence of eff. on form-factors greatly reduced due to q^2 binning!

Rate vs. q^2 predictions
 $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ $B \rightarrow \rho l \nu$



$\pi l \nu$: Partial BR's
 Independent of model!

Extracted $|V_{ub}|$ ($\pi l \nu$)



Upper bars: exp. stat. + syst.
 Lower bars: thy. syst. range

Other related CLEO analyses in progress:

(Preliminary) CLEO CONF 02-08

Fit full kinematic region, using:

- Hadronic recoil mass (via neutrino reconstruction)
- q^2 of $\ell\nu$ and decay angle of W (span 'Dalitz plot' at any fixed recoil mass)

Consistent result for V_{ub}

Will also update hadronic moments

Final results soon...

Lepton Moments (alternate method)

- Use high-momentum e, μ to tag $B\bar{B}$ events
...Greatly suppresses $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow s\ell\nu$ secondaries
- Look for *another* e with $p_e > 600 \text{ MeV}/c$

Expect results soon...

CLEO and LEP are joined by BaBar and Belle now

- Very large statistics; perhaps new methods!
- Can cross-check moments and duality ideas...

...and CLEO-c will help as we will see shortly!

Evidence for Final State Interaction Phases and Factorization Tests

- Evidence of FSI phases in $B \rightarrow D^* \rho$ Helicity Ampl.
CLEO 03-1; submitted to PRD
- Evidence of FSI phases in $B \rightarrow D\pi$ system
PRL 88, 062001(2002); PRD 66, 031101 (2002)
- Nice factorization test with $B \rightarrow D^*(4\pi)^-$
PRD64, 092001 (2001); PRD 65, 012002 (2002)

CLEOIII analyses already being published

- First Observation of the Exclusive Decays $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ and $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\omega\pi^+$
PRD 67,012001 (2003)

Culmination of a long tradition of Rare B Analyses

- 10 $K\pi, \pi\pi$ modes; 3 di-baryon; plus $DK/D\pi$ ratio
CLEO 03-3; submitted to PRD

Many other physics topics are still active at CLEO:

- Several nice D mixing and D Dalitz plot analyses
- Still producing new τ and 2-photon physics
- Discovered more charm baryons that all other exp'ts combined!

Resonance Data Sets (in pb^{-1})

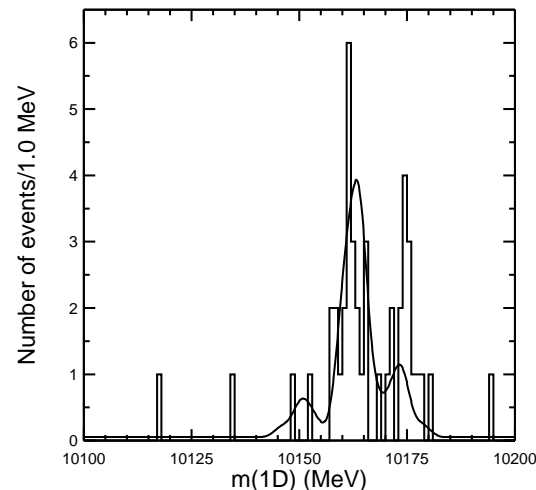
Resonance	Peak	Scan	Below	Total
$\Upsilon(1S)$	1200	110	190	1500
$\Upsilon(2S)$	1375	80	465	1900
$\Upsilon(3S)$	1450	100	160	1700
$\Upsilon(5S)$				460
Λ_B scan				710

10× best previous datasets (CLEO)

- Spectroscopy checks Lattice QCD
- Interesting transition matrix elements
- Compare gluon-rich Υ decays to $J\psi$

We've also done:

- R scan (7.0, 7.4, 8.4 GeV)
- Preliminary $\psi(2S)$ and $\psi(3770)$ runs



First Observation of Upsilon(1D) States

CLEO CONF 02-06; hep-ex/0207060

Study of Two-Photon Transitions in CLEO III Upsilon(3S) Data

CLEO CONF 02-07; hep-ex/0207062

Search for $\eta_b(1S)$ in Inclusive Radiative Decays of the Upsilon(3S)

CLEO CONF 02-05; hep-ex/0207057

The CLEO-c Run Plan

Charm Physics at Threshold

- Approved February, 2003 by National Science Board
- New construction (magnets) 1/2 done (headstart with R&D funds)
- Test running already begun
- **Needed to test Lattice QCD**
- Current capability promises few % errors !!!
- B decay constants must come from LQCD...
- D decay constants can be **measured**, thus:

Test LQCD results...confidence in B physics!

3 years of running.

- $\mathcal{L} = \text{few} \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ for J/ψ , open charm
- ~ 150 mA per beam in 45 bunches
- Even better \mathcal{L} as E increases (e.g., Λ_c)

CLEO-c Data Sets: 2003-2006

CofM Energy	Event Type	Int. Lumi. (fb^{-1})	Number of Events
3.77	DD	3	30×10^6
4.14	$D_s^+ D_s^-$	3	$1 - 2 \times 10^6$
3.1	J/ψ	1	1000×10^6
4.6	Λ_c/Λ_c	1	3.7×10^5

CLEO-c: The Power of Charm at Threshold

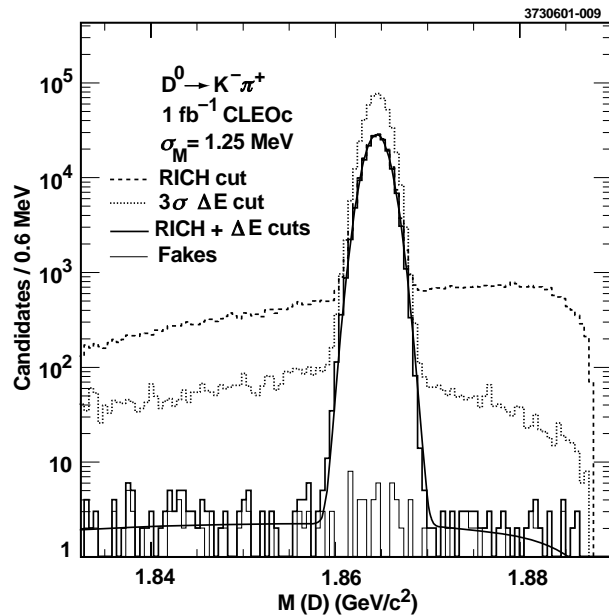
Full-reconstruction of one side (tagging) is the key

- Very low background
- 130 – 480 × BES, MARKIII samples!!!

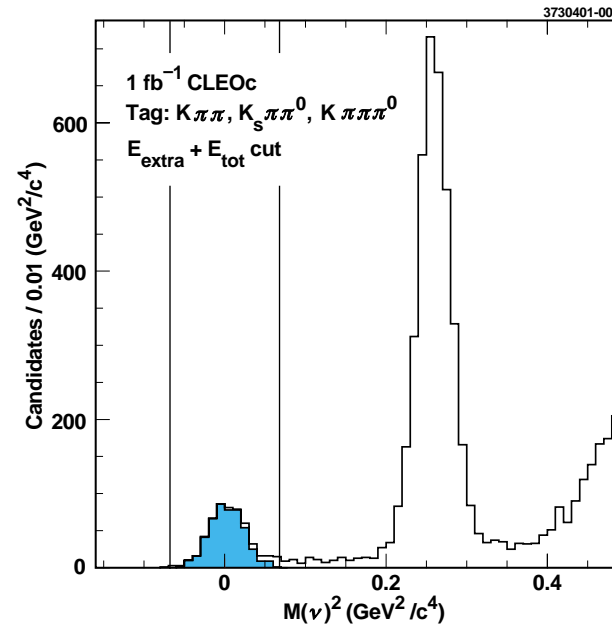
Anticipated Tagged Samples

Meson	Single Tags	Double Tags
$D^0 D^0$	4.80×10^6	180×10^3
$D^+ D^-$	1.90×10^6	70×10^3
$D_s^+ D_s^-$	0.27×10^6	6×10^3

Clean Tagging (Log scale!) (1/3 of anticipated data)



Decay Constants: $D \rightarrow \mu \nu$ (1/3 of anticipated data)



Decay Constants

- $D^+ \rightarrow \mu\nu, D_s \rightarrow \mu\nu, \tau\nu$
- $\sim 2\%$ precision!
- **Crucial tests of LQCD**

Absolute Branching Fractions

- $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+, D^+ \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+, D_s \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$
- Straightforward with large single and double tag samples
- **Will help reduce B physics errors...**
- 1 – 2% accuracy
- also $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$

Semileptonic Decays:

- $D^0 \rightarrow Kl\nu, \pi l\nu, D^+ \rightarrow \pi l\nu$ etc.
- Branching ratios to 2% !
- Precision Form Factors
 - FF slopes to a few percent
- **check LQCD; extract $|V_{cs}|, |V_{cd}|$**

Also lots of spectroscopy with huge J/ψ sample!

- $J/\psi \rightarrow ggg, \gamma\gamma$

CLEOIII designed as a B-factory detector: excellent for charm also.

Ring-Imaging Cherenkov detector:

- LiF radiators (including some 'sawtooth' surfaces)
- TEA-based photo-detectors
- Engineering tour-de-force; solid performance
- Excellent particle ID at all momentum (with dE/dx)

New Drift Chamber:

- low material: (better for endcap calorimeter!)
conical end-plates exploit membrane tension
non-load-bearing inner wall
- Room for RICH at outer radius, SC quads at inner

Trigger/DAQ:

- Much improved over CLEOII
- Greater bandwidth and flexibility

Silicon will be replaced with all-stereo new wire chamber

CLEO-c: CESR Accelerator

CESR Machine Upgrades

- Already have all superconducting RF
- Already have new superconducting final-focus quads
(Crucial: tunable field!)

Ring too large for low Energy → add wigglers to damp beams:

- 14 1.4m superconducting wigglers (super-ferric 2.1 T)
- First wiggler already installed; excellent field quality
- Five more wigglers will go in this spring

Shared machine time: HEP (CLEO) vs. dedicated light source (CHESS)

Endorsed by HEPAP

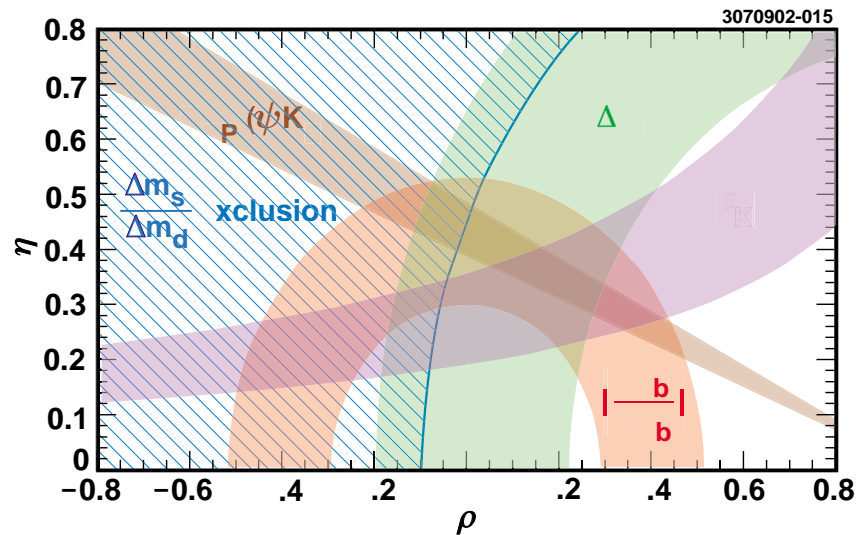
February 2003: Final approval from National Science Board

CLEO-c Physics data this summer!

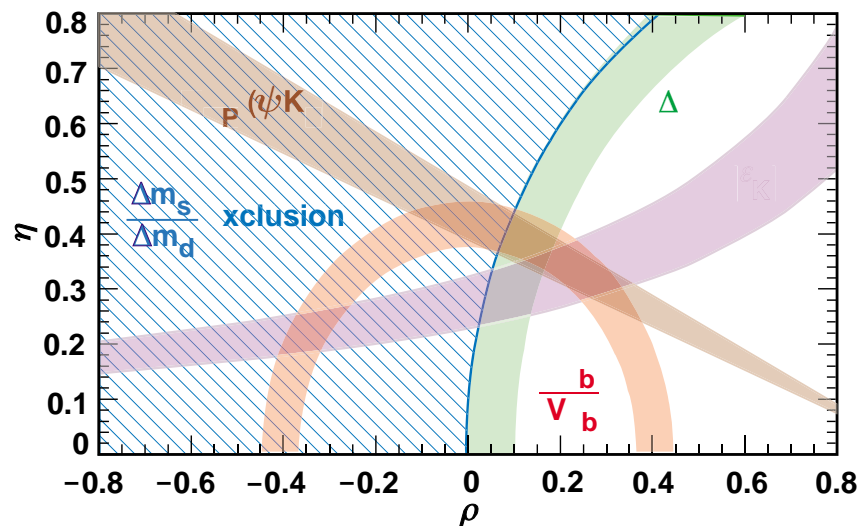
‘Yellow Book’ Project Description (CLNS 01/1742; revised 10/10) available at:
<http://www.lns.cornell.edu/public/CLEO/spoke/CLEOc/>
New collaborators welcome!

The Unitarity Triangle (revisited)

Improving $\rho - \eta$ with Theory



Current experimental knowledge



Current experiment with **better theory**
(from **validated LQCD**)

CLEO-c will allow validation of Lattice calculations.

SUMMARY

CLEOII CKM Physics:

Exclusive $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$

Inclusive $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$

help from moment analyses

Still a leading force in precision B physics

CLEO-c will naturally extend this CKM physics!

New CLEOIII Results:

$b\bar{b}$ Spectroscopy; discovery of $\Upsilon(1D)$ states!

Rare B Decays

Very Broad Range of other Physics:

FSI phase studies with B decays

D Dalitz plots and D^0 Mixing-related analyses

Skipped all tau and two-photon physics!

Charm Baryons continuing...

CLEO-c benefits B physics and the Lattice Community

A bright future, along with our friends at other experiments!

<http://www.lns.cornell.edu/public/CLEO/>