

New J/ψ Physics Results from BES

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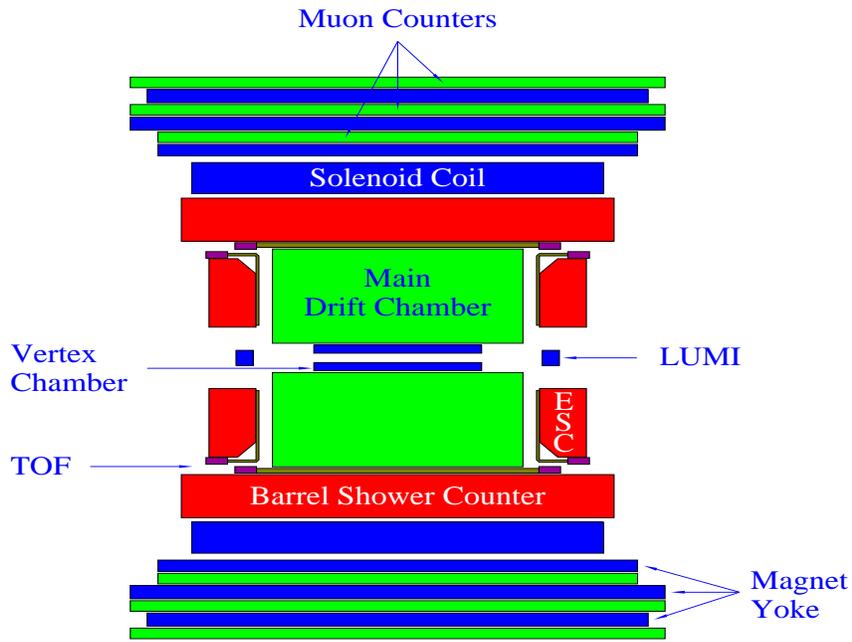
La Thuile, Aosta Valley, Italy

Outline

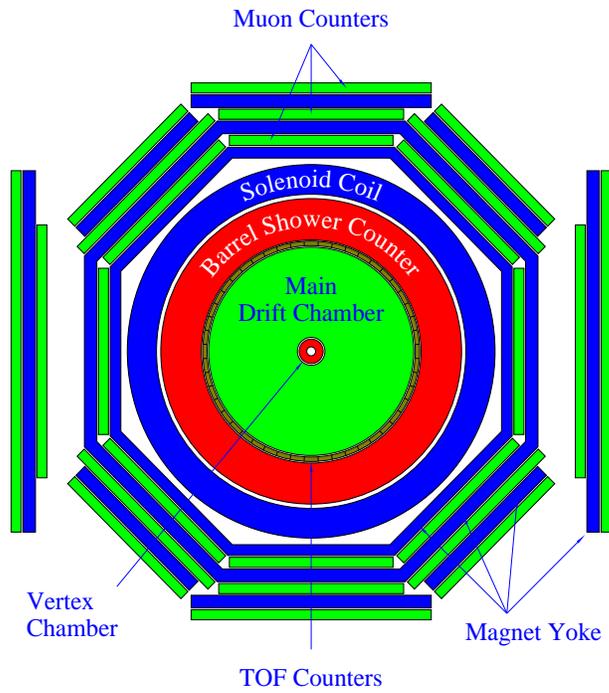
- Introduction
- PWA of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ and $\gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$
- Measurement of the mass of η_c meson
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- Summary

Introduction

- BES (Beijing Spectrometer) is a large general purpose solenoidal detector at BEPC(Beijing Electron Positron Collider), which is a unique e^+e^- machine operating at $\tau - c$ energy region since late 80s'
- Beam energy ranges from 1.0 to 2.8 GeV
- Luminosity at J/ψ peak
 $\sim 5 \times 10^{30} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$



Side view of the BES detector



End view of the BES detector

Table 1: Performance of BES I and BES II

| Detector | Parameter | BES I | BES II |
|----------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| VC(CDC) | $\sigma_{xy}(\mu)$ | 200 | 100 |
| MDC | $\sigma_{xy}(\mu)$ | 200-250 | 200-220 |
| | $\Delta p/p(\%)$ | $1.76\sqrt{1+p^2}$ | $1.78\sqrt{1+p^2}$ |
| | $\sigma_{dE/dx}(\%)$ | 7.8 | 8.0 |
| BTOF | $\sigma_T(ps)$ | 375 | 180 |
| | $L_{atten}(m)$ | 1.0-1.2 | 3.5-5.5 |
| BSC | $\Delta E/\sqrt{E}(\%)$ | 23.8 | 22 |
| MUON | $\sigma_z(cm)$ | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| DAQ | Dead time(ms) | 20 | 8 |

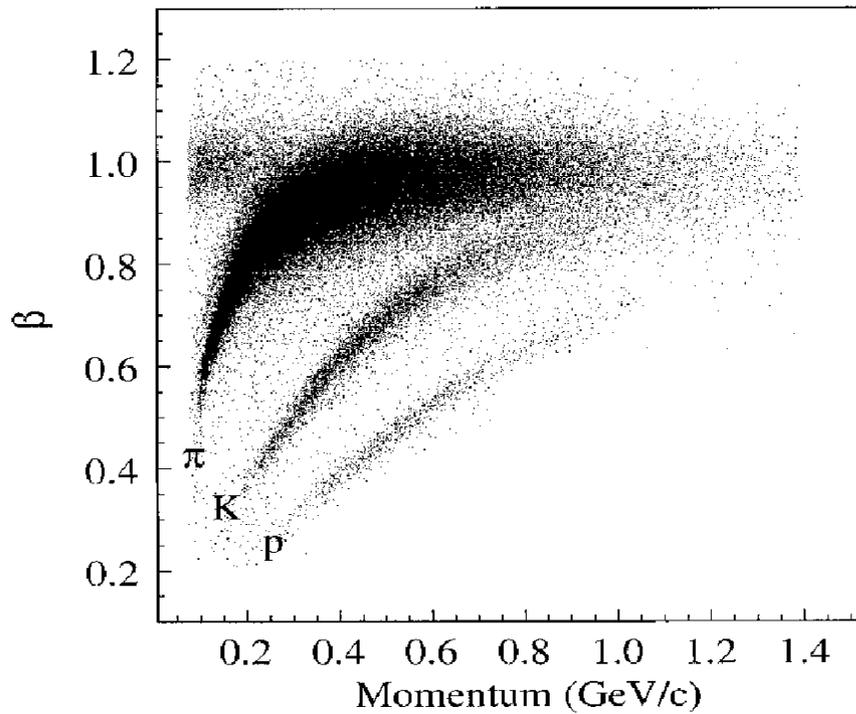


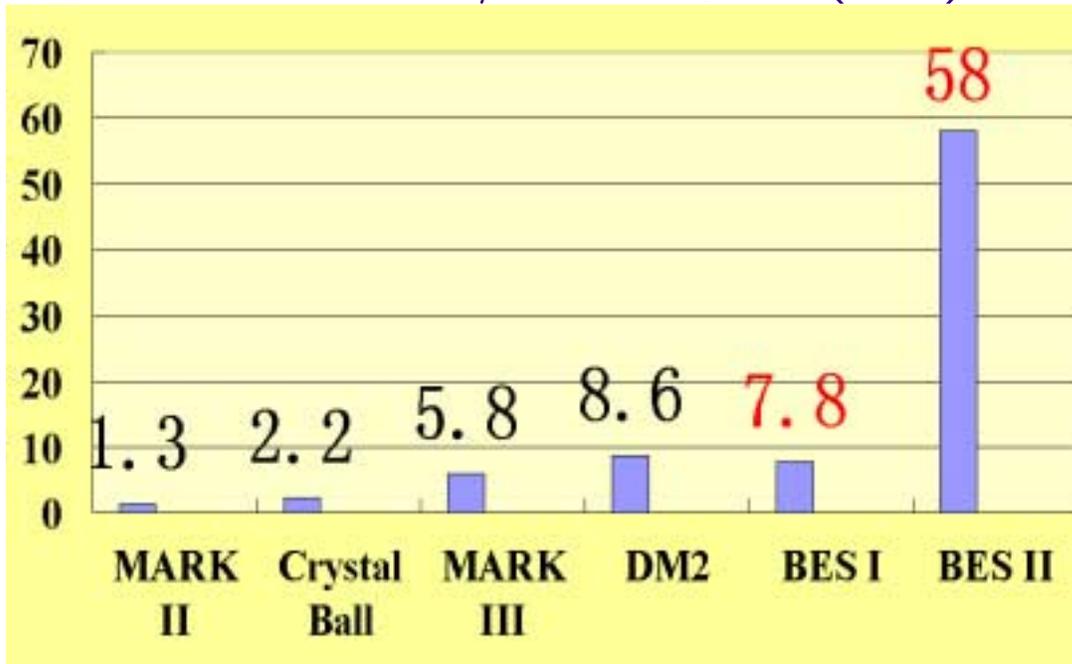
Table 2: Data Collected with BES I and BES II

| Detector | $E_{CM}(\text{GeV})$ | Physics | Data Sample |
|----------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| BES I | 3.097 | J/ψ | 7.8×10^6 |
| | 3.686 | $\psi(2S)$ | 3.96×10^6 |
| | 4.03 | D_S, D | 22.3pb^{-1} |
| | 3.55, m_τ scan | m_τ | 5pb^{-1} |
| BES II | 2-5 GeV R scan | R, α_{QED} , g-2 | 6+85 points |
| | $\psi(2S)$ scan | res. para. | 24 points |
| | 3.097 | J/ψ | 58×10^6 |
| | ψ'' scan | res. para. | $\sim 2.2 \text{pb}^{-1}$ |

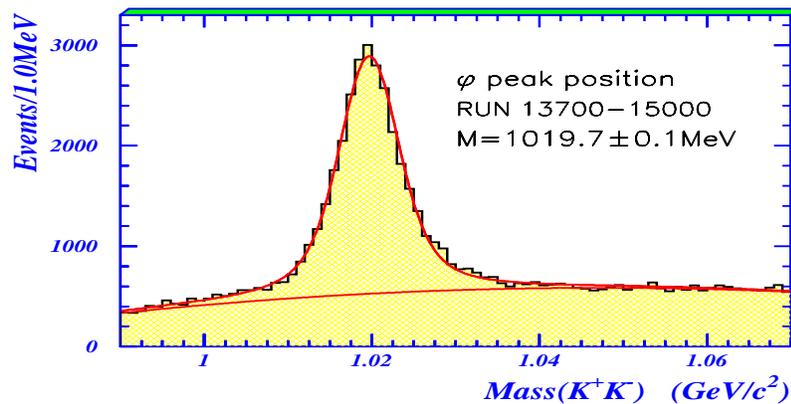
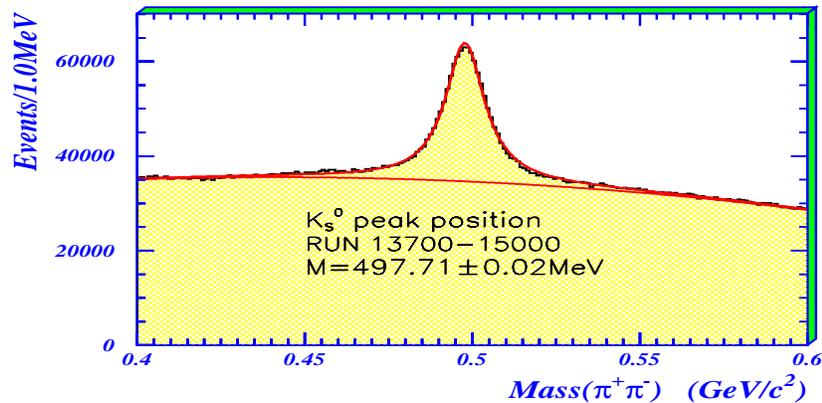
- At the end of April, 2001 BES completed J/ψ run: 58×10^6 events which is about 7 times as large as the world largest J/ψ event sample collected on the e^+e^- collider previously.

- e^+e^- experiments for study of J/ψ .
Mark I, II, III, Crystal Ball, DM2, BES

The World J/ψ Samples (10^6)



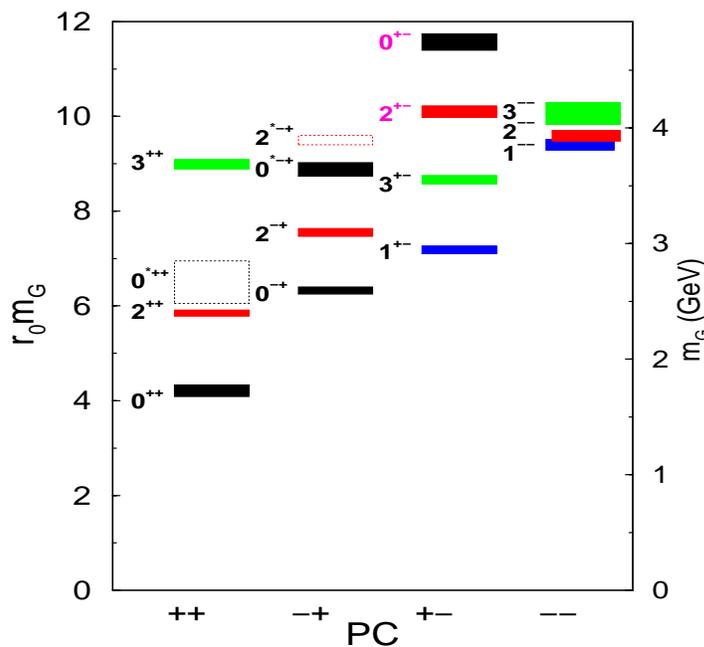
- High statistics and good data quality



- Plenty of physics topics based on 58M J/ψ events: the study of light hadronic spectroscopy, glueball and hybrid search, precise measurement, study of excited baryon states, rare decays ...

Partial Wave Analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ and $\gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$

- **QCD Lattice** the ground scalar glueball should be in the mass range 1.5-1.7 GeV



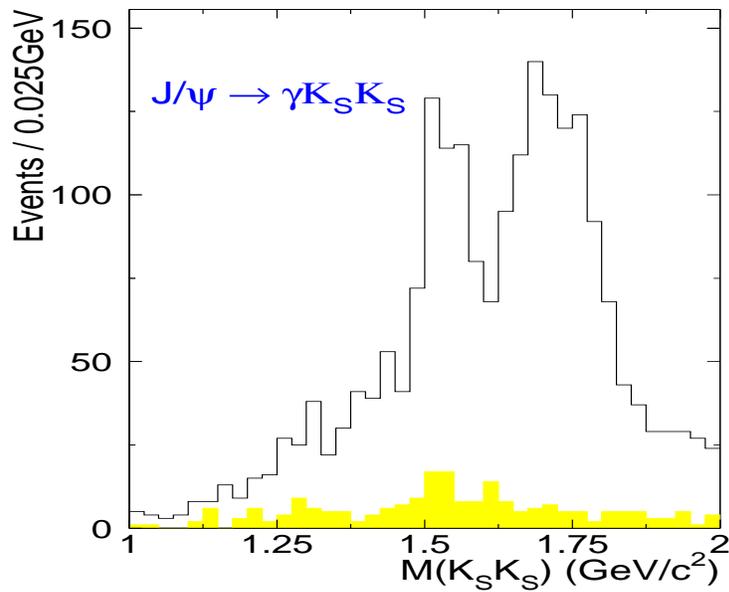
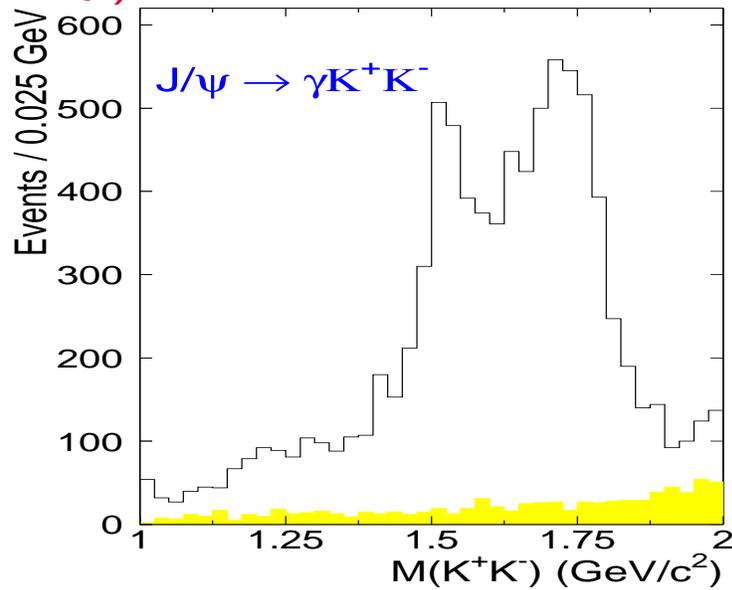
C.Morningstar and M.Peardon, PR D60(1999)

- Long history of uncertainty about $f_0(1710)$

| Process | Collaboration | M(MeV) | Γ (MeV) | J^{PC} |
|---|--|---|---|----------------------|
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta \eta$ | CBAL(82) | 1640 ± 50 | 220^{+100}_{-70} | 2^{++} |
| $\pi^- p \rightarrow K_s^0 K_s^0 n$ | BNL(82) | 1771^{+77}_{-53} | 200^{+156}_{-9} | 0^{++} |
| $\pi^- N \rightarrow K_s^0 K_s^0 n$ | FNAL(84) | 1742 ± 15 | 57 ± 38 | --- |
| $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \eta N$ | GAMS(86) | 1755 ± 8 | < 50 | 0^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ | MARKIII(87) | 1720 ± 14 | 130 ± 20 | 2^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ $\gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$ | DM2(88) | 1707 ± 10 1698 ± 15 | 166 ± 33 136 ± 28 | --- |
| $pp \rightarrow pp K^+ K^-$ $pp K_s^0 K_s^0$ | WA76(89) | 1713 ± 10 1706 ± 10 | 181 ± 30 104 ± 30 | 2^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ | MARKIII(91) | 1710 ± 20 | 186 ± 30 | 0^{++} |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta \eta$ | E760(93) | 1748 ± 10 | 264 ± 25 | $(even)^{++}$ |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 4\pi$ | MARKIII data D. Bugg <i>et al.</i> (95) | 1750 ± 15 | 160 ± 40 | 0^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ | BES(96) | $1696 \pm 5^{+9}_{-34}$ $1781 \pm 8^{+10}_{-31}$ | $103 \pm 18^{+30}_{-11}$ $85 \pm 24^{+22}_{-19}$ | 2^{++} 0^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ | MARKIII data W. Dunwoodie(97) | 1704^{+16}_{-23} | 124^{+52}_{-44} | 0^{++} |
| $pp \rightarrow p_f(K^+ K^-) p_s$ | WA102(99) | 1730 ± 15 | 100 ± 25 | 0^{++} |
| $pp \rightarrow p_f(\pi^+ \pi^-) p_s$ | WA102(99) | 1750 ± 25 | 105 ± 34 | 0^{++} |
| $pp \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ | WA102(99) | 1710 ± 16 | 126 ± 24 | 0^{++} |
| $pp \rightarrow p_f(K^+ K^-) p_s$ | WA76(99) | 1710 ± 25 | 105 ± 34 | 0^{++} |
| $pp \rightarrow p_f \eta \eta p_s$ | WA102(00) | 1698 ± 18 | 120 ± 26 | 0^{++} |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 4\pi$ | BES(00) | 1740^{+20}_{-25} | 135^{+40}_{-25} | 0^{++} |

- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ would be a very important channel to investigate the $f_0(1710)$

(Preliminary)

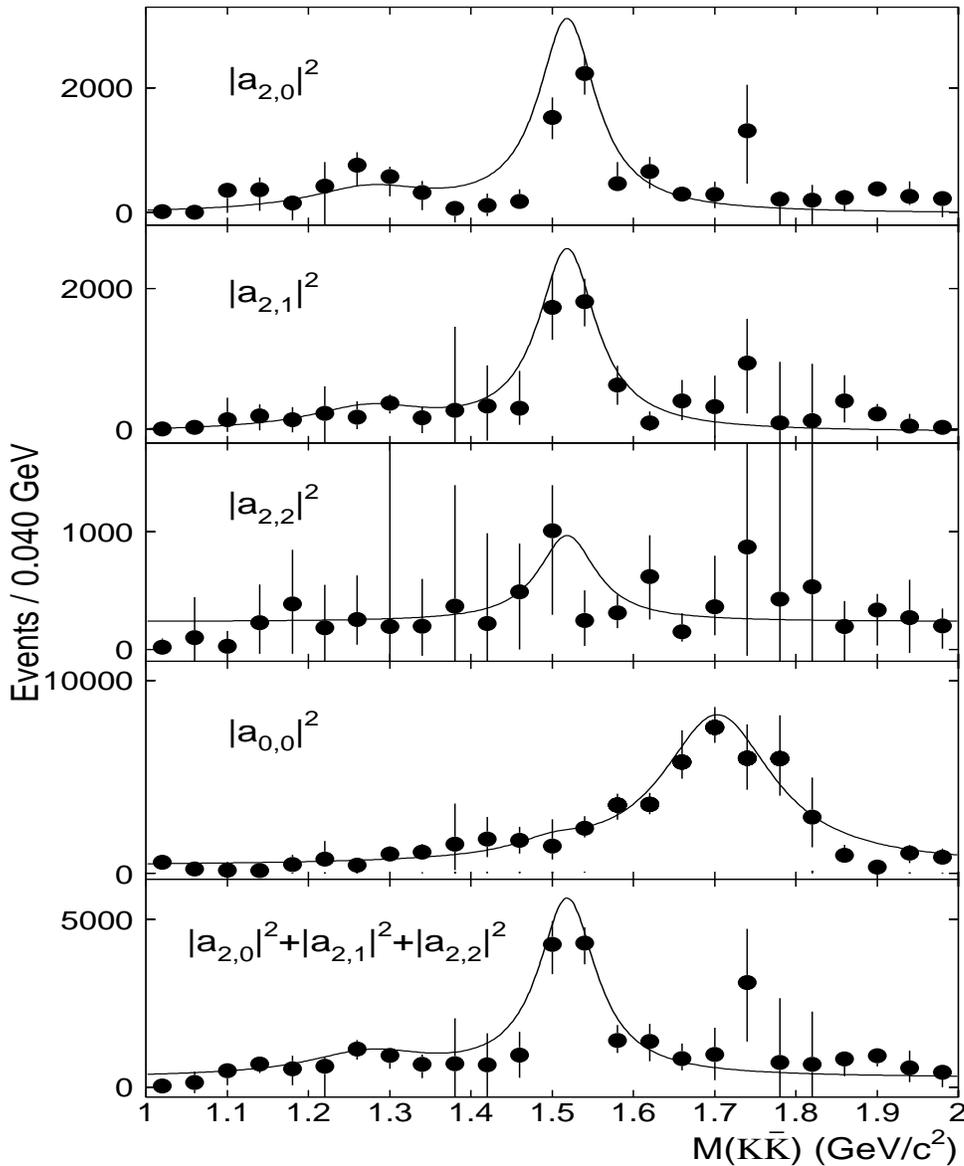


- Amplitudes are fitted to relativistic covariant tensor expressions (Under 2.0GeV)
- The Maximum Likelihood method is employed in the fit
- Both global fit and bin-by-bin fit are done for $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ and $\gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$
- For global fit, the following partial waves are fitted to $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ data

$$\begin{aligned}
 J/\psi \quad \rightarrow \quad & \gamma f_2'(1525) \\
 & \gamma f_0(1710) \\
 & \gamma f_2(1270) \\
 & \gamma f_0(1500)
 \end{aligned}$$

with a broad 0^{++} background

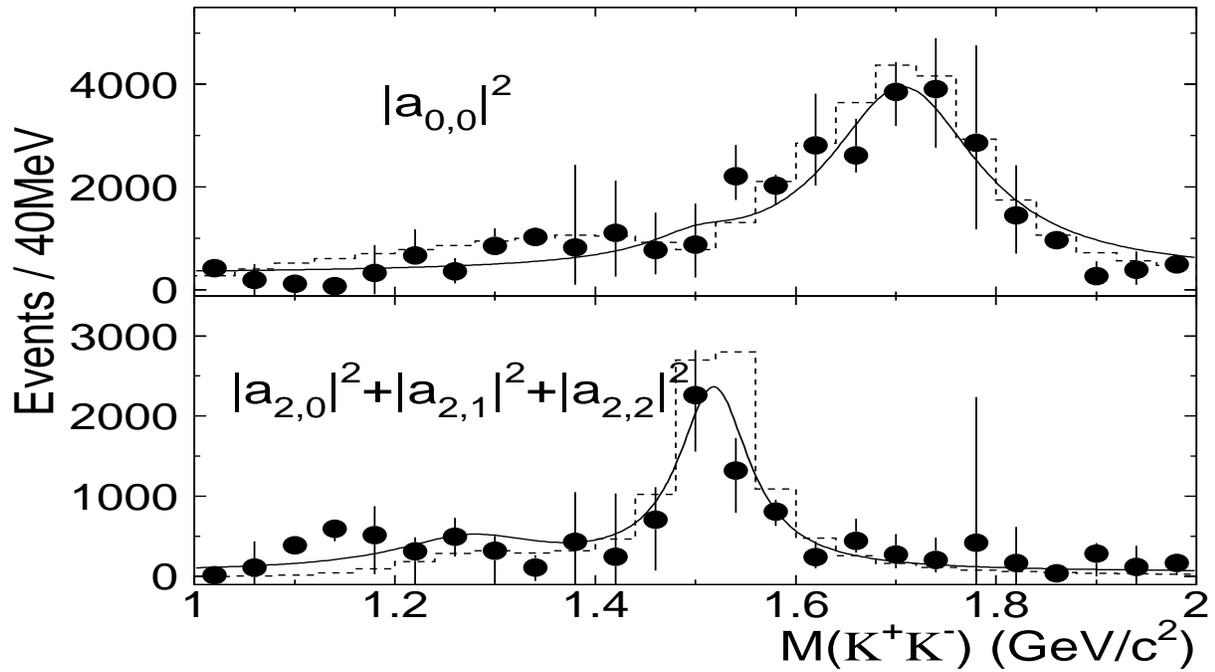
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K \bar{K}$ (Preliminary)



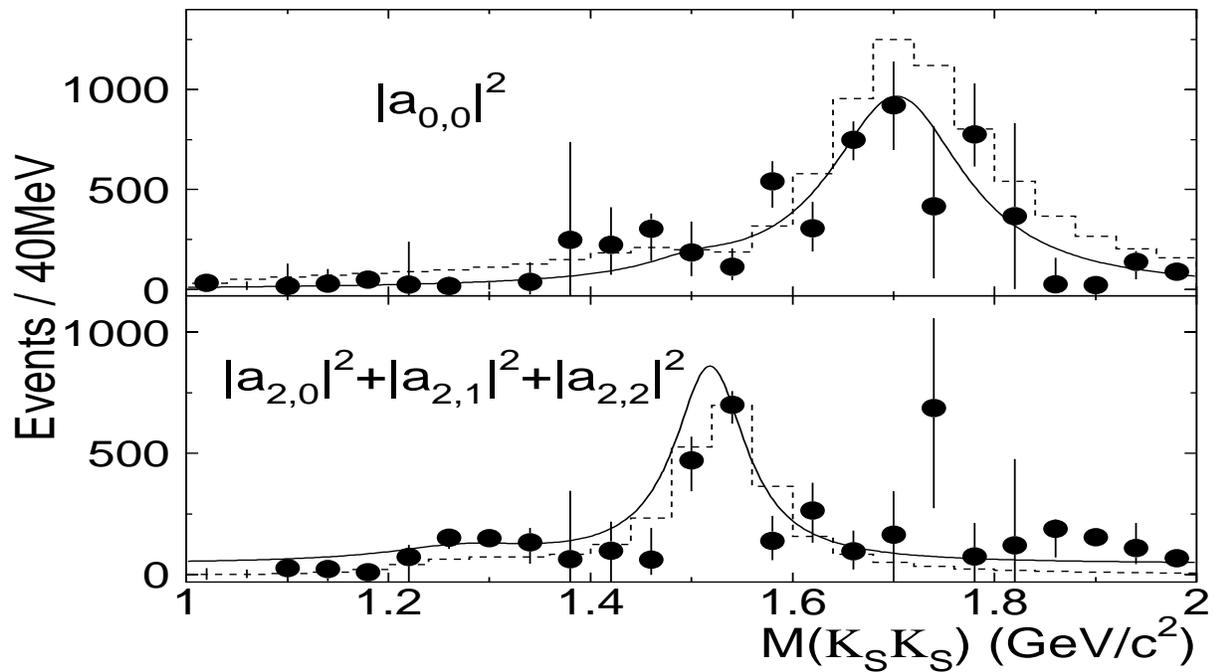
dots with error bar—the efficiency-corrected data point

solid curves—the coherent superposition of the individual Breit-Wigner resonances fit

$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ (Preliminary)



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$ (Preliminary)



- The 2^{++} distribution shows a clear signal corresponding to the $f_2'(1525)$, and also evidence of $f_2(1270)$; there are some 2^{++} contribution around 1.7 GeV, but 0^{++} is the dominant one.

- Mass and Width (Statistical error only)

| | Mass(MeV/ c^2) | Γ (MeV/ c^2) |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| $f_2'(1525)$ | 1518 ± 6 | 84_{-24}^{+28} |
| $f_0(1710)$ | 1703_{-10}^{+8} | 163_{-22}^{+27} |

- The ratios of the amplitudes intensities of the $f_2'(1525)$ (Statistical error only)

| | BES | Mark III ¹ | Mark III ² |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| $x^2 = \frac{ a_{2,1} ^2}{ a_{2,0} ^2}$ | 0.94 ± 0.08 | 1.08 ± 0.31 | $1.66_{-0.57}^{+1.10}$ |
| $y^2 = \frac{ a_{2,2} ^2}{ a_{2,0} ^2}$ | 0.26 ± 0.10 | 0.25 ± 0.24 | $0.28_{-0.21}^{+0.36}$ |

Measurement of the mass of η_c meson

Table 3: η_c mass and width

| Process | Exp. | Mass (MeV) | Width (MeV) |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| e^+e^- | MRK2(80) | 2982 ± 8 | |
| $J/\psi, \psi' \rightarrow \gamma X$ | CBAL(86) | $2984 \pm 2 \pm 4$ | 11.5 ± 4.5 |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ | MRK3(86) | 2980.2 ± 1.6 | |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$ | MRK3(86) | | $10.1^{+37.0}_{-8.2}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ | SPEC(87) | $2982.6^{+1.7}_{-2.3}$ | $7.0^{+7.5}_{-7.0}$ |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma 4K$ | MRK3(90) | $2969 \pm 4 \pm 4$ | |
| $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ | DM2(91) | 2979.4 ± 1.9 | |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ | E760(92) | $2988.3^{+3.3}_{-3.1}$ | $23.9^{+12.6}_{-7.1}$ |
| e^+e^- | DLPH(98) | 2999 ± 8 | |
| $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ | BES(99) | $2975.8 \pm 3.9 \pm 1.2$ | |
| PDG2000 | | 2979.8 ± 1.8 | $13.2^{+3.8}_{-3.2}$ |

- L3(1999) measured η_c parameters.
- E835 $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ data.

$$M = 2985^{+1.7}_{-1.8} \text{ MeV}, \Gamma = 17.8^{+7.2}_{-6.9} \text{ MeV}.$$

- BES I(2000) $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c$,
 $\eta_c \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$, 4π , $KK\pi$ and $\phi\phi$.
 $M = 2976.3 \pm 2.3 \pm 1.2$ MeV,
 $\Gamma = 11.0 \pm 8.1 \pm 4.1$ MeV.
- CLEO(2000) 2-photon collision.
 $M = 2980.4 \pm 2.3 \pm 0.6$ MeV,
 $\Gamma = 27.0 \pm 5.8 \pm 1.4$ MeV.
- **SIX radiative decay channels** were analyzed using BES II J/ψ data

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$$

$$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$$

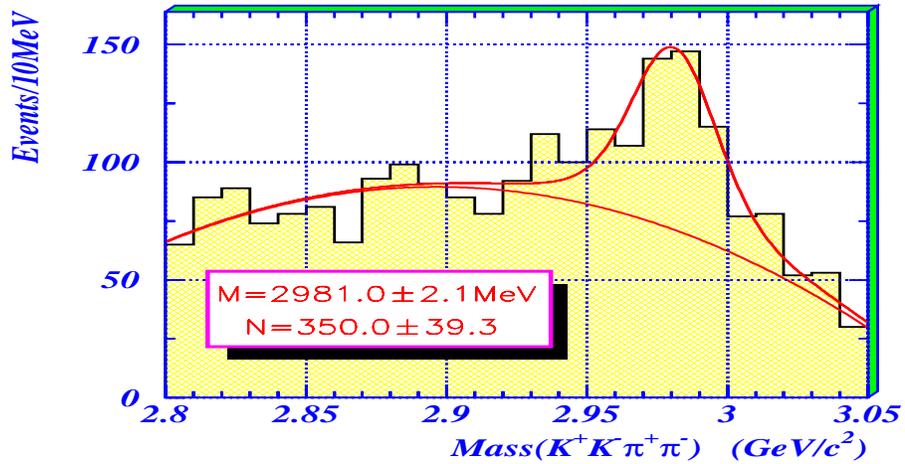
$$K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\phi\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-K^+K^-$$

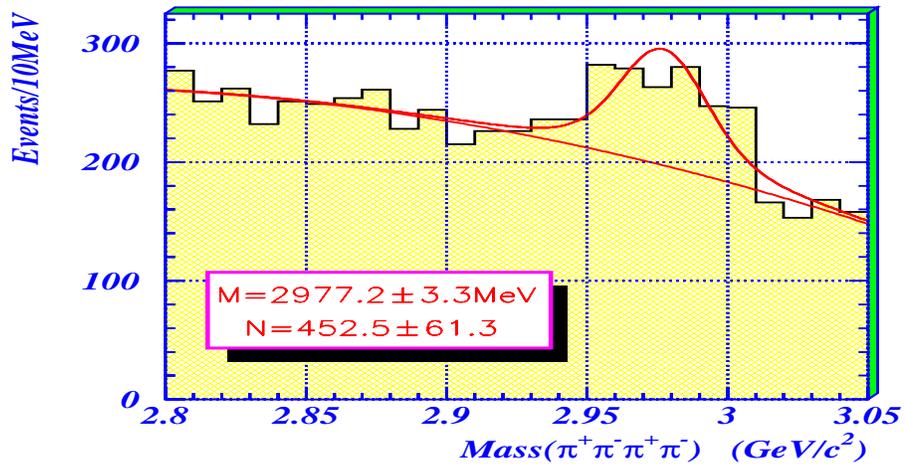
$$K^+K^-\pi^0$$

$$p\bar{p}$$

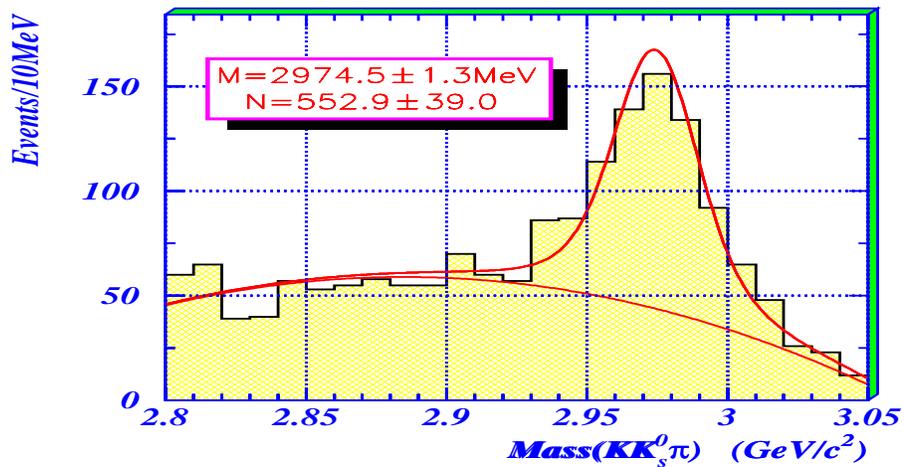
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ (Preliminary)



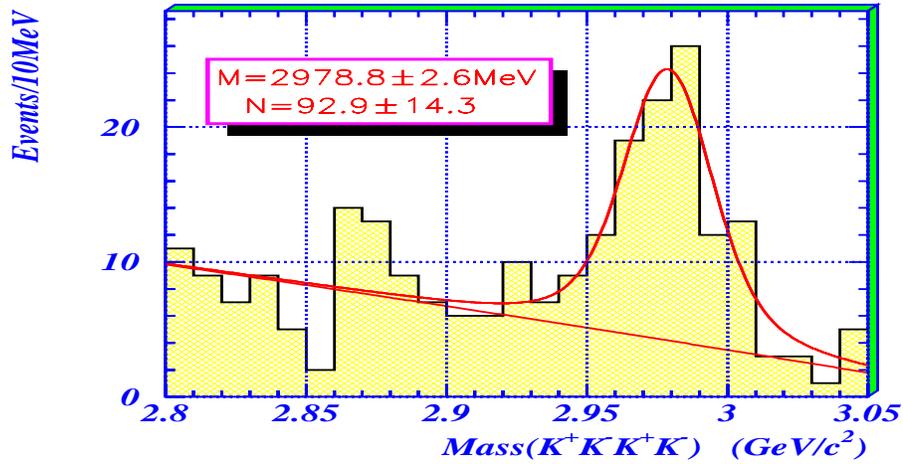
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ (Preliminary)



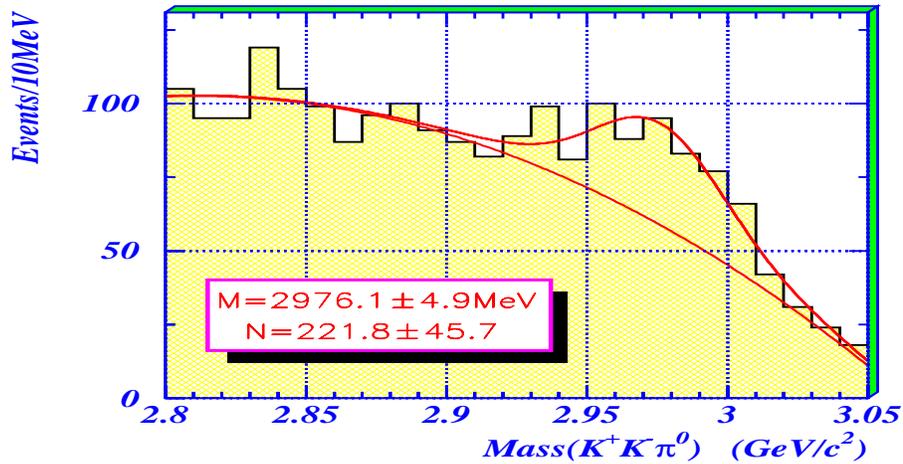
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp$ (Preliminary)



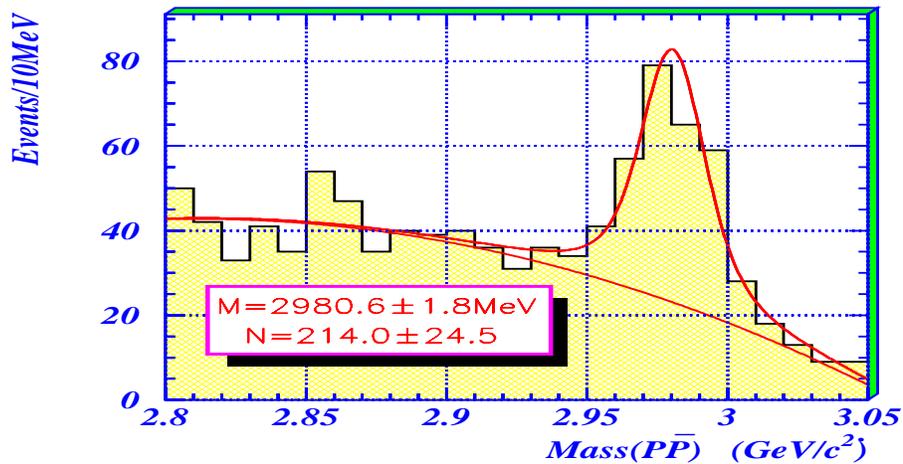
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\phi\phi$ (Preliminary)



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+K^-\pi^0$ (Preliminary)



$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$ (Preliminary)



- The fit values of number of events and mass for the individual channels (Γ fixed at 16.5 MeV, the weighted average of PDG, BES I and CLEO values, errors are statistical only)

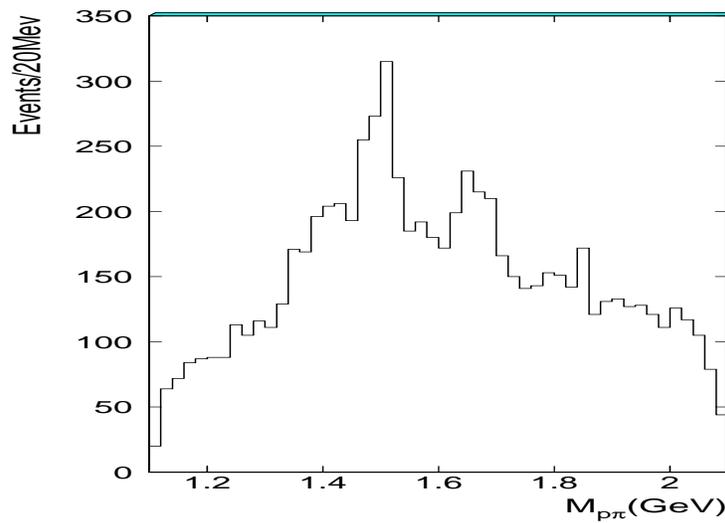
| Channel | No. of events | mass(MeV) |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ | 350.0 ± 39.3 | 2981.0 ± 2.1 |
| $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ | 452.5 ± 61.3 | 2977.2 ± 3.3 |
| $K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp$ | 552.9 ± 39.0 | 2974.5 ± 1.3 |
| $\phi\phi$ | 92.9 ± 14.4 | 2978.8 ± 2.6 |
| $K^+ K^- \pi^0$ | 221.8 ± 45.7 | 2976.1 ± 4.9 |
| $p\bar{p}$ | 214.0 ± 24.5 | 2980.6 ± 1.8 |

- Combining the weighted average with the results for the six channels, we obtain

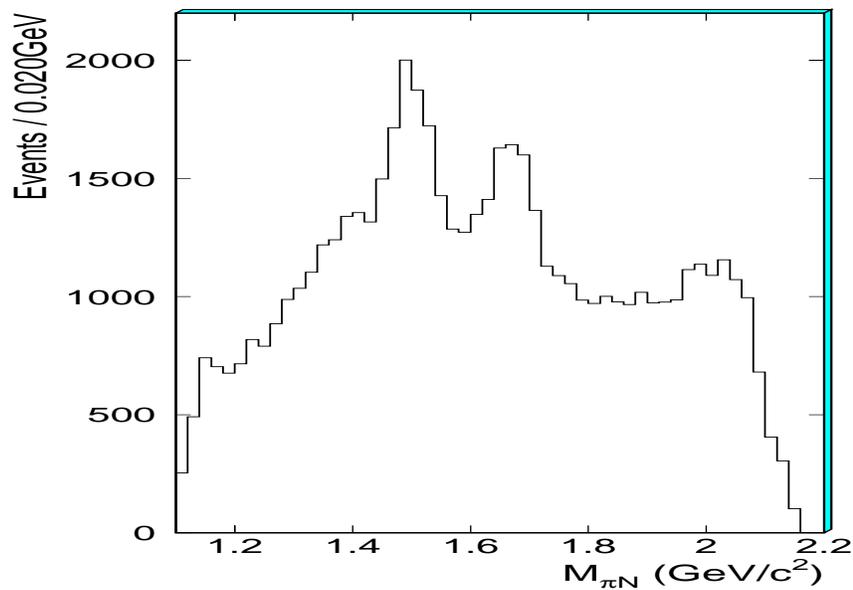
$$m_{\eta_c} = 2977.6 \pm 0.8(stat) \text{ MeV}$$

Study of Excited Baryon States

$J/\psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}\pi^0$ (Preliminary)

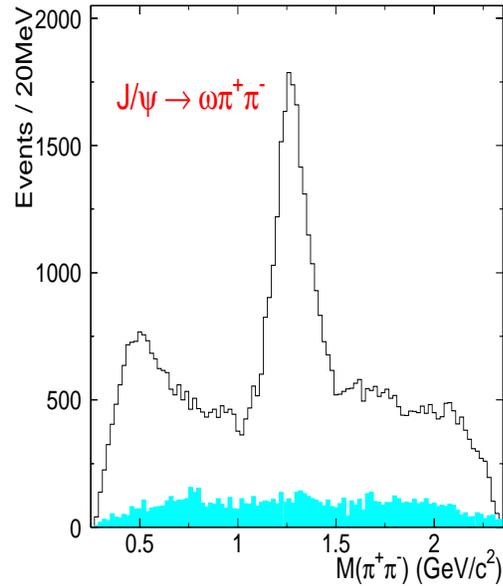
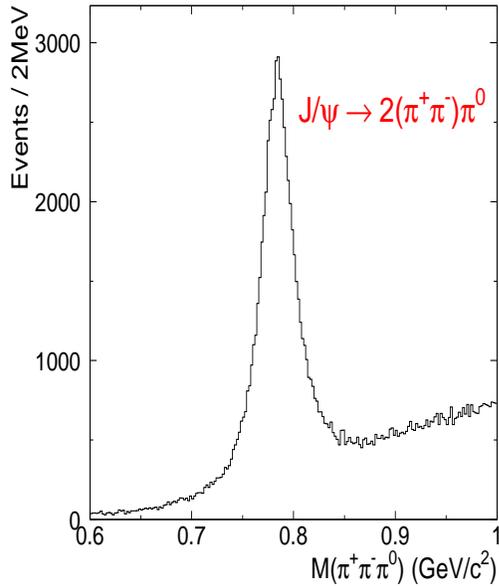


$J/\psi \rightarrow p\bar{n}\pi^-$ (Preliminary)

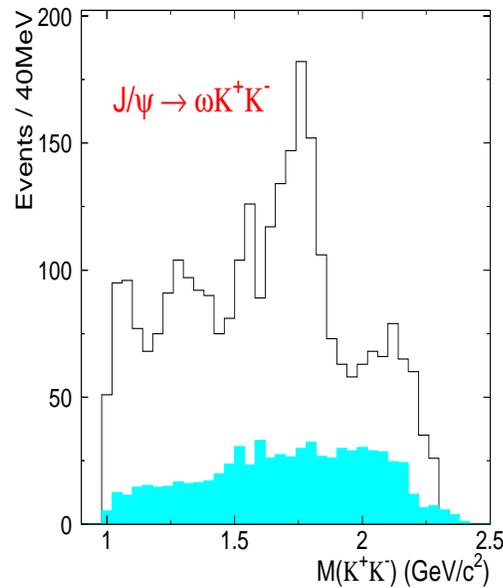
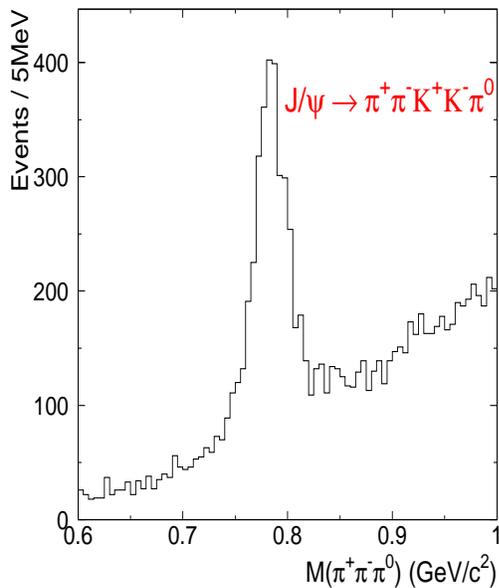


3-body J/ψ decay

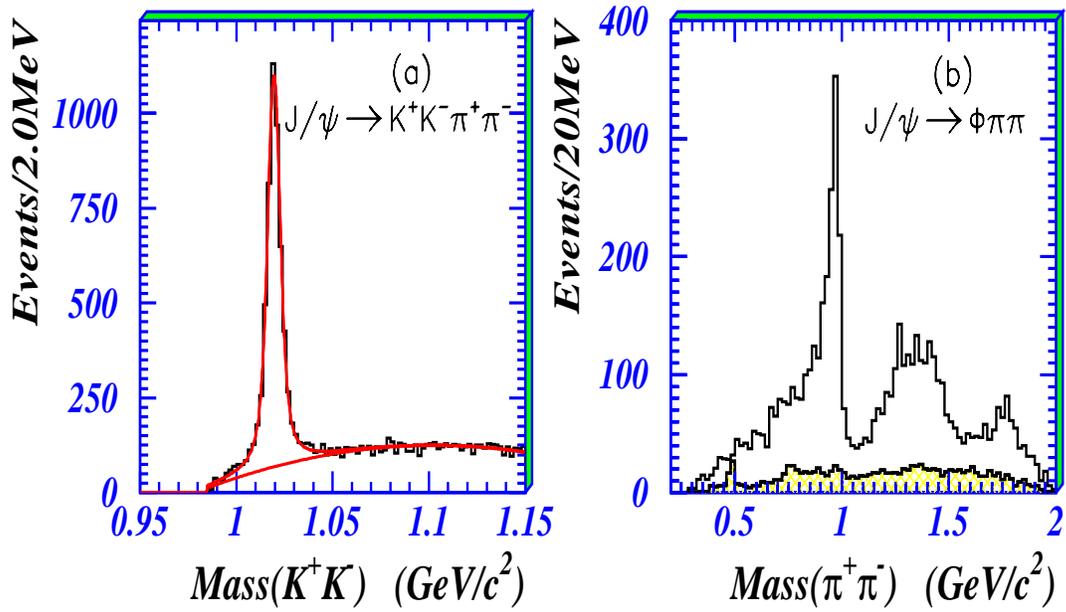
$J/\psi \rightarrow \omega\pi^+\pi^-$ (Preliminary)



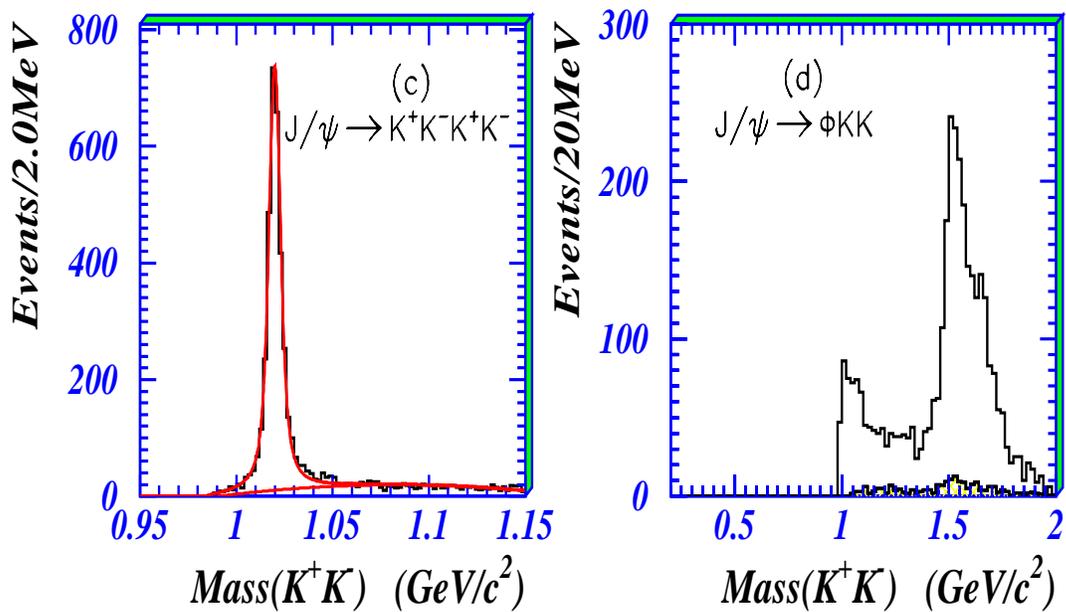
$J/\psi \rightarrow \omega K^+ K^-$ (Preliminary)



$J/\psi \rightarrow \phi\pi^+\pi^-$ (Preliminary)



$J/\psi \rightarrow \phi K^+K^-$ (Preliminary)



Summary

- BES has accumulated 58M J/ψ events until 2001, the world's largest data sample
- Partial Wave Analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$ and $\gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$ using total BES II J/ψ data set

0^{++} dominant in the $f_0(1710)$ region

$$\begin{array}{lll} f_2'(1525) & M=1518 \pm 6 \text{ MeV} & \Gamma = 84_{-24}^{+28} \text{ MeV} \\ f_0(1710) & M=1703_{-10}^{+8} \text{ MeV} & \Gamma = 163_{-22}^{+27} \text{ MeV} \end{array}$$

- The process $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ is observed in six decay channels. η_c mass is

$$m_{\eta_c} = 2977.6 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \text{ MeV}$$

which is in good agreement with the PDG value $2979.8 \pm 1.8 \text{ MeV}$.

- Expect many new results in the future