

The CLEO-c Physics Program

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and
CLEO

- Run plan + Physics focus
- Why charm threshold
- Tagging + absolute Br's
- Leptonic + Semileptonic decays
- QCD probes
- Key detector elements
- Conclude

CLEO-c Proposed Run Plan

Started Nov 2001

2002: $\Upsilon(1S), \Upsilon(2S), \Upsilon(3S), \dots \sim 1-2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ each
Spectroscopy, matrix element, Γ_{ee}
 $10-20 \times$ existing world's data set

CLEO-c

2003: $\psi(3770) - 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
30M DD events, w/ 6M *tagged* D decays
(310 times MARK III)

2004: $\sqrt{s} \sim 4100 \text{ MeV} - 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
1.5M $D_s D_s$ events, w/ 0.3M *tagged* D_s decays
(480 times MARK III, 130 times BES)

2005: $\psi(3100) - 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
1 Billion J/ψ decays
(170 times MARK III, 15 times BES II)

CLEO-c Physics Focus

Heavy Flavor Physics: “overcome QCD roadblock”

- CLEO-c: precision charm absolute Br measurements

Leptonic decays → decay constants

Semileptonic decays → V_{cd} , V_{cs} , V_{CKM} unitarity check, form factors

Absolute D Br's normalize B physics

Test QCD techniques in c sector, apply to b sector
⇒ improved V_{ub} , V_{cb} , V_{td} , V_{ts}

Physics beyond SM will have nonperturbative sectors

- CLEO-c: precise measurements of quarkonia spectroscopy & decay provide essential data to calibrate theory.

Physics beyond SM: where is it?

- CLEO-c: D-mixing, charm CPV, charm/tau rare decays.

CESR-c Accelerator

- Modify for low energy operation:
 - w/o extra radiation damping, $L \sim E^4$ ($L \sim 1.3 \times 10^{33}$ @ Y(4S))
 - w/ wigglers (transverse cooling), $L \sim E^2$ (cost \$5M)

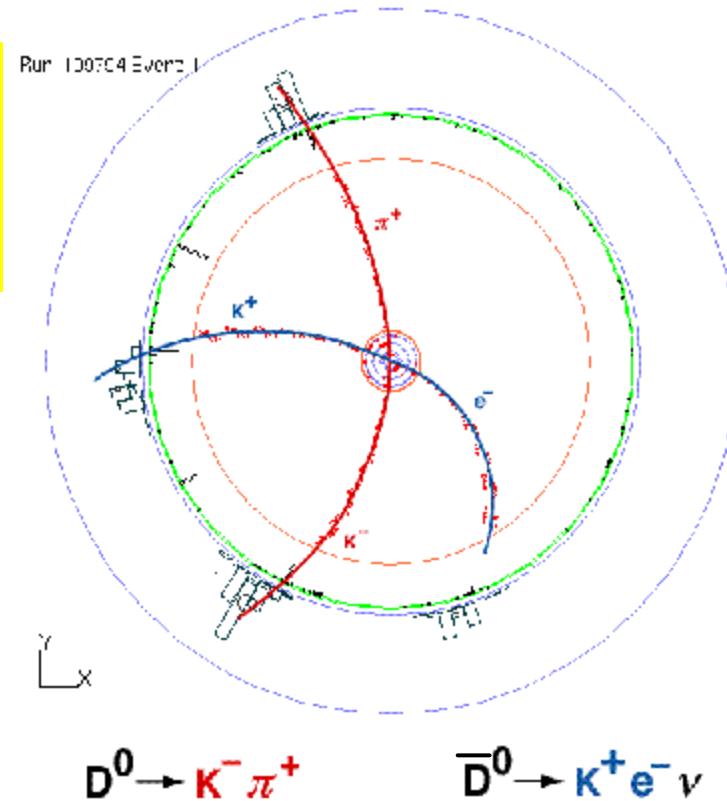
Expected machine performance:

\sqrt{s}	$L (10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1})$
3.77 GeV	3.0
4.1 GeV	3.6
3.1 GeV	2.0

- $\Delta E_{\text{beam}} \sim 1.2 \text{ MeV}$ at J/ ψ

Why Charm Threshold?

- Large production σ , low decay multiplicity
- Pure initial state ($D\bar{D}$): no fragmentation
- Double tag events: no background
- Clean neutrino reconstruction
- Quantum coherence:
aids D - \bar{D} mixing and CPV studies



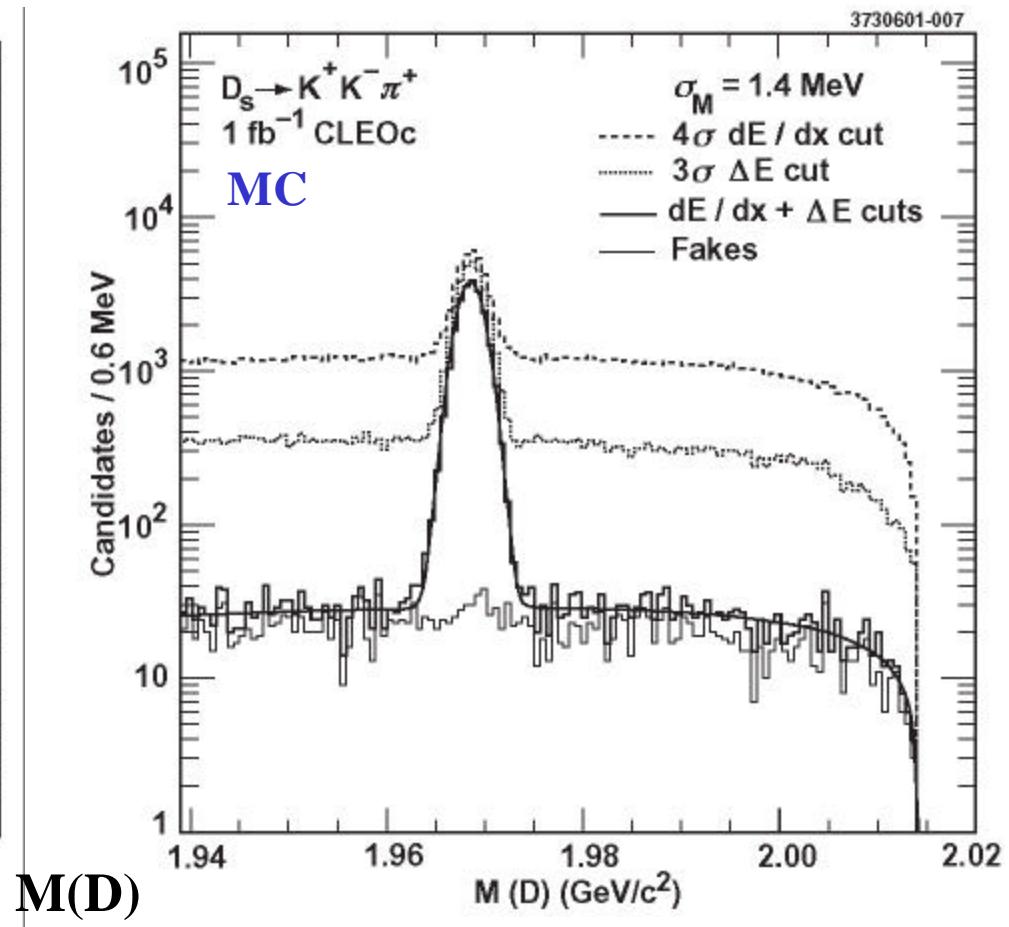
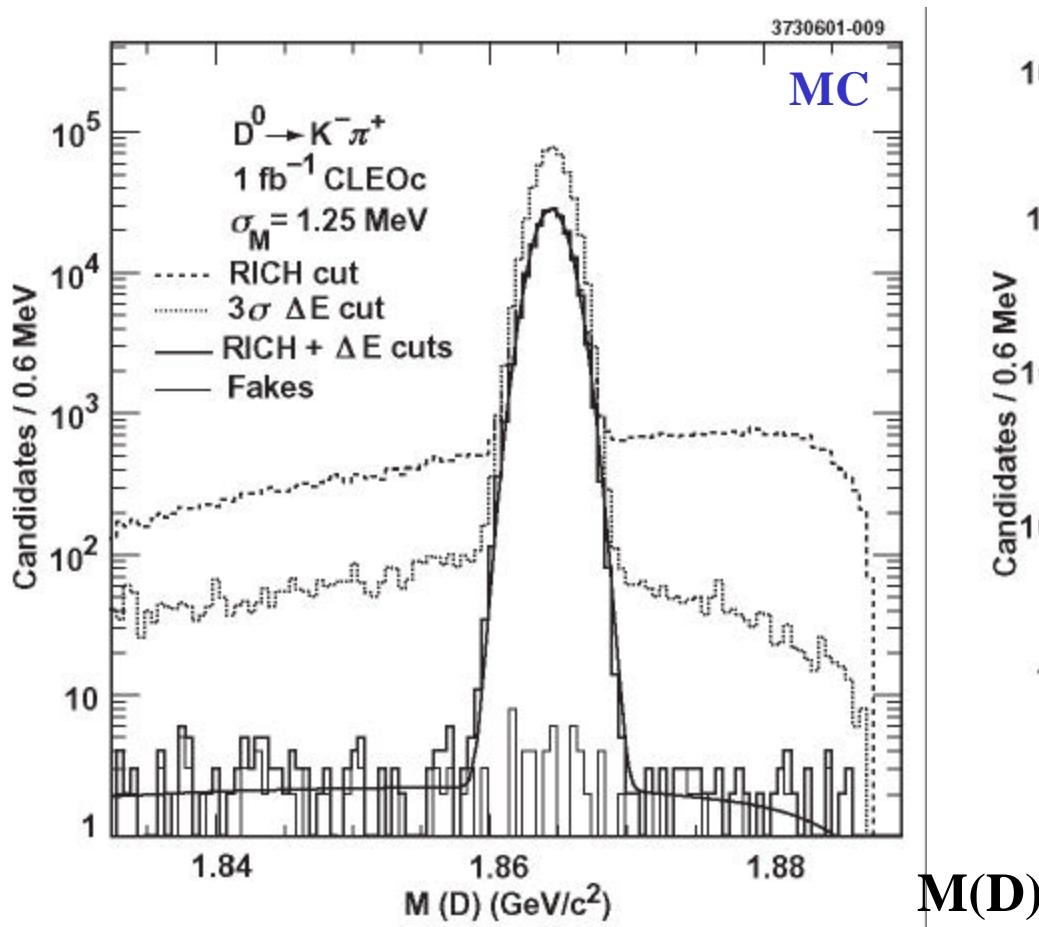
Tagging Technology

Pure DD/D_sD_s production: $\psi(3770) \rightarrow DD$
 $\sqrt{s} \sim 4140 \rightarrow D_s D_s$

Large branching fractions (~1-15%)

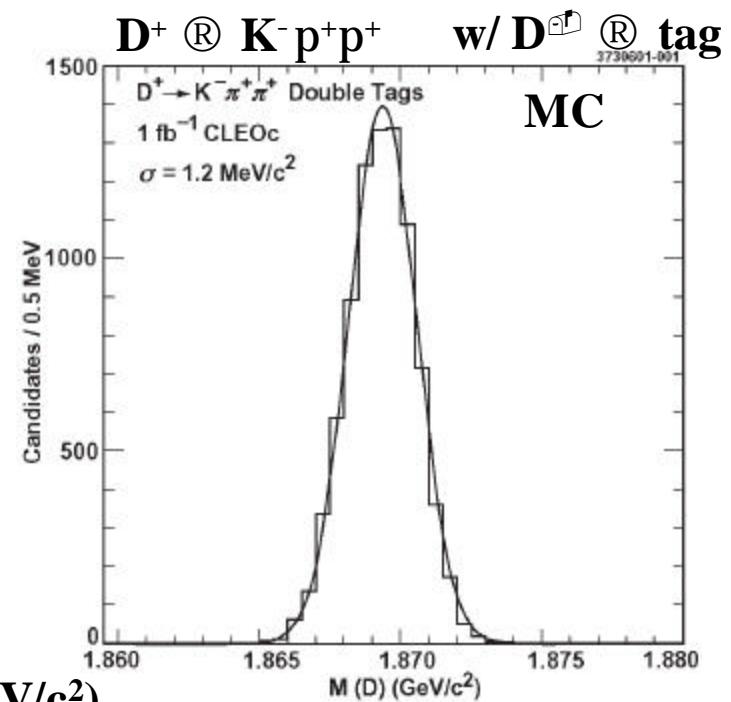
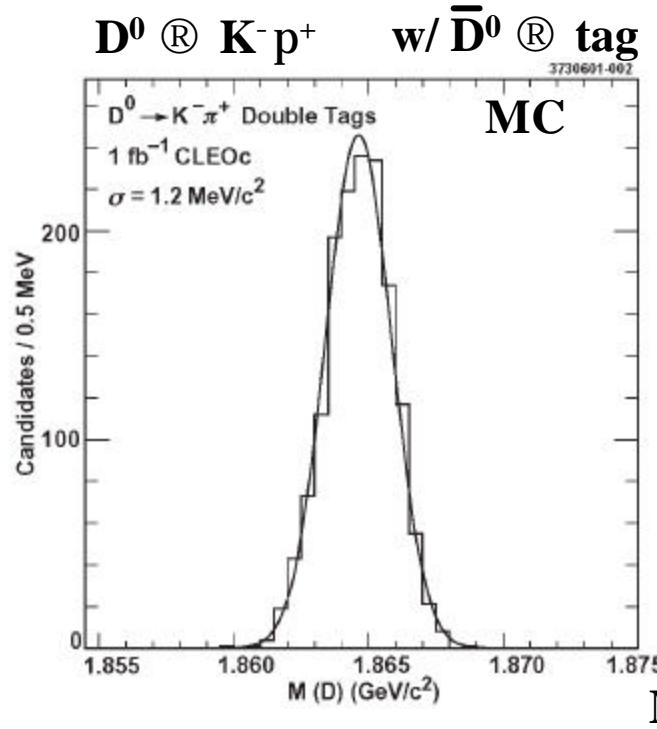
High reconstruction efficiency

⇒ High net tagging efficiency ~20%



Absolute Br's w/ Double Tags

~ Zero bkgnd in hadronic modes

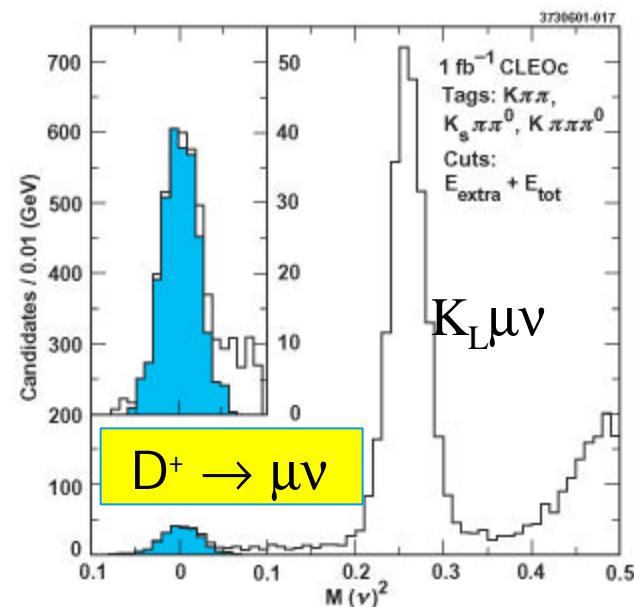
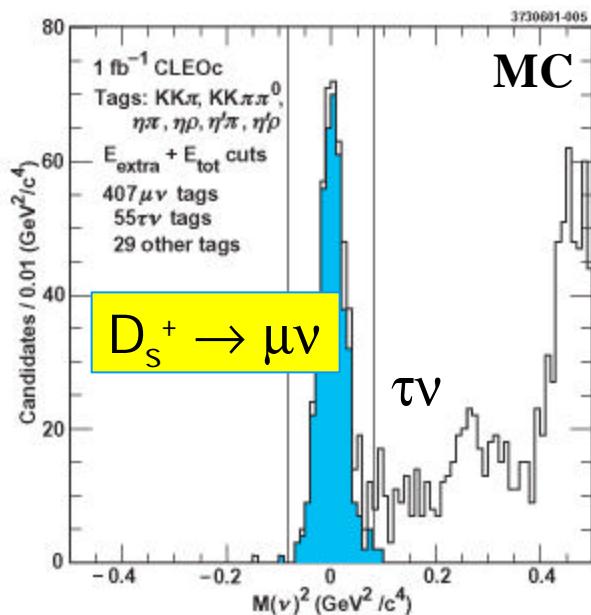
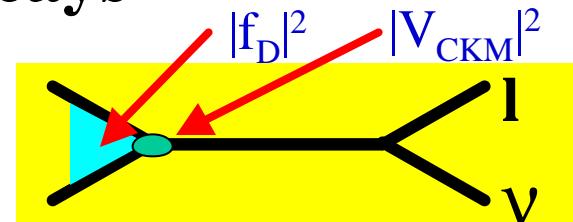


w/ 3 fb⁻¹

Mode	√s (GeV)	PDG2k (δB/B %)	CLEOc (δB/B %)
D ⁰ → K ⁻ π ⁺	3770	2.4	0.6
D ⁺ → K ⁻ π ⁺ π ⁺	3770	7.2	0.7
D _s → φπ	4140	25	1.9

f_{Dq} from Leptonic Decays

$$\Gamma(D_q \rightarrow l \nu) \propto |f_{Dq}|^2 |V_{cq}|^2$$



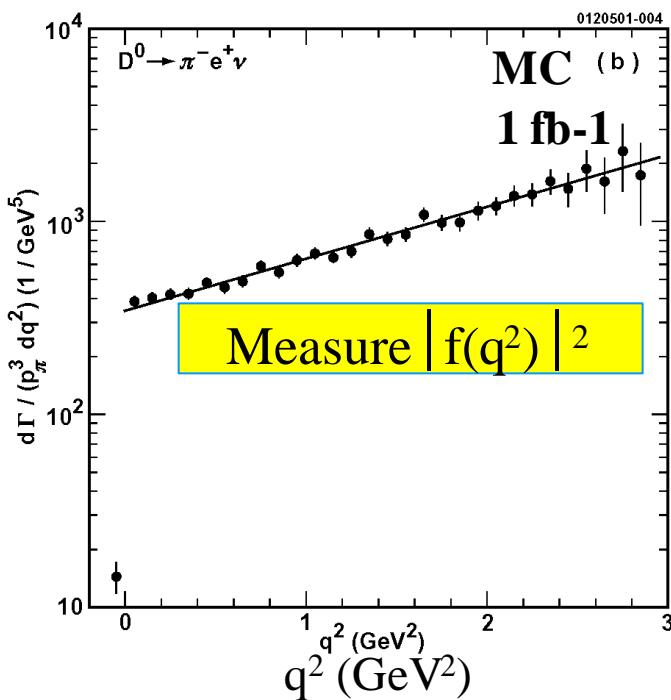
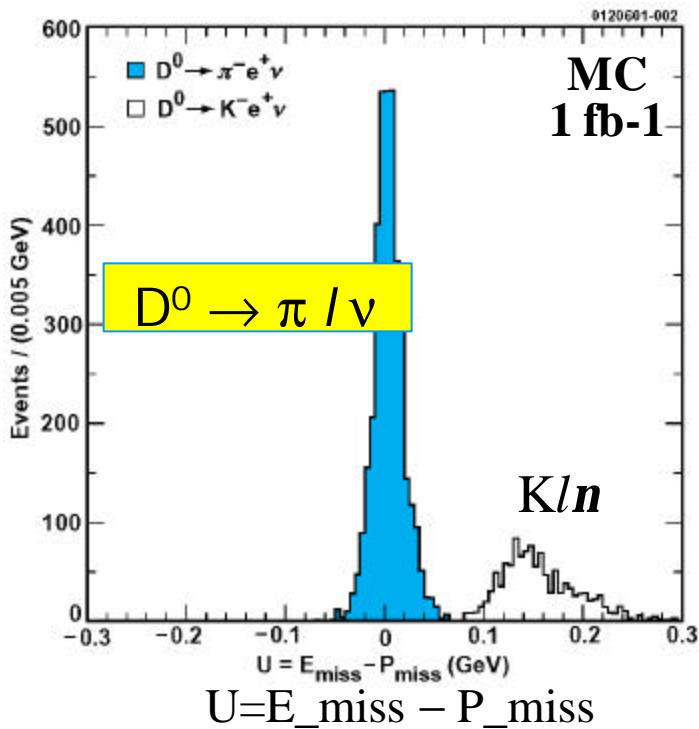
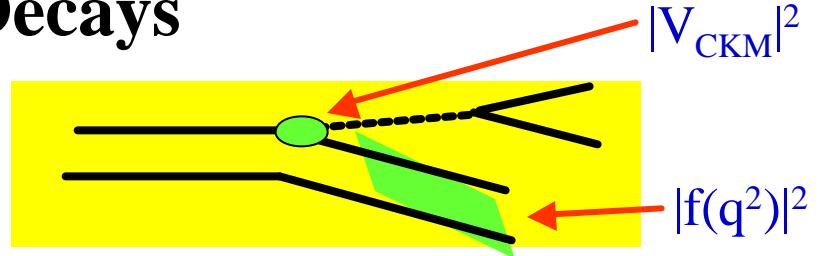
w/ 3 fb^{-1} & 3-gen CKM unitarity:

Decay Constant	Reaction	PDG $\delta f/f$	CLEO-c $\delta f/f$
f_{D_s}	$D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu\nu$	17%	1.9%
f_{D_s}	$D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$	33%	1.6%
f_D	$D^+ \rightarrow \mu\nu$	UL	2.3%

Semileptonic Decays

$$\text{Br} (D \rightarrow P l n) / \tau_D = \Gamma = \gamma | V_{cq} |^2$$

$$d\Gamma (D \rightarrow P l n) / dq^2 \propto | V_{cq} |^2 | f(q^2) |^2$$

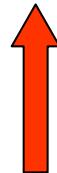


Mode	PDG2k (dB/B%)	CLEOc (dB/B%)
$D^0 \rightarrow K l \nu$	5	0.4
$D^0 \rightarrow \pi l \nu$	16	1.0
$D^+ \rightarrow \pi l \nu$	48	2.0
$D_s \rightarrow \phi l \nu$	25	3.1

\ $\delta V_{cd}/V_{cd}$ & $\delta V_{cs}/V_{cs} \sim 1.6\%$
 $\delta V_{cd}/V_{cd} = 7\%$ (PDG2k)
 $\delta V_{cs}/V_{cs} = 11\%$ (PDG2k)

Compare to B Factories

	CLEO-c 2 - 4 fb-1	BaBar 400 fb-1	Current Knowledge
f_D	2.3%	10 - 20%	NA
f_Ds	1.7%	6 - 9%	19%
Br (D+ -> K $\pi\pi$)	0.7%	3 - 5%	7%
Br (Ds -> $\phi\pi$)	1.9%	5- 10%	25%
Br (D0 -> K π)	0.6%	2 - 3%	2%



Statistics limited

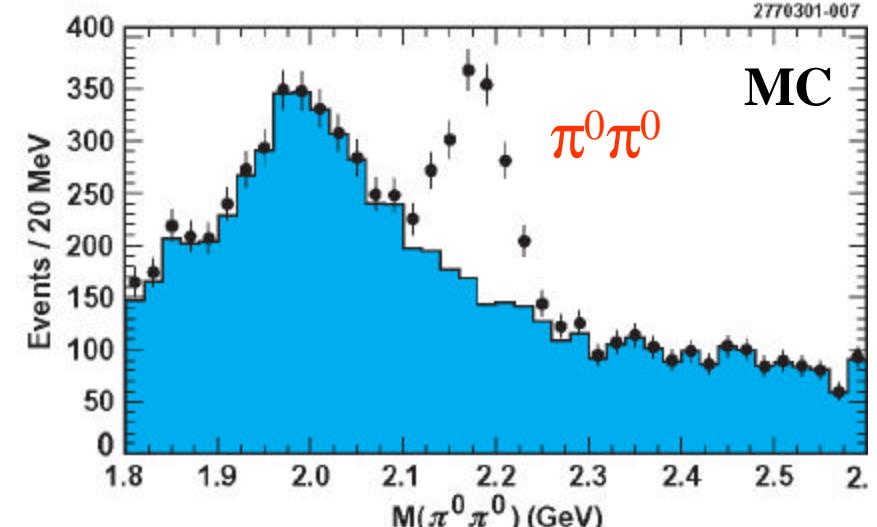
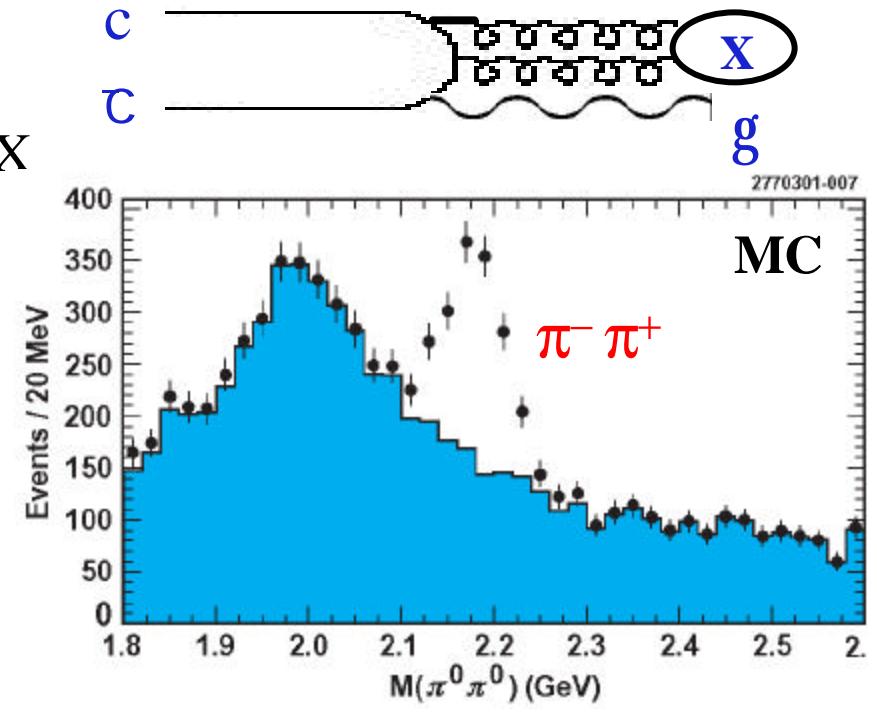
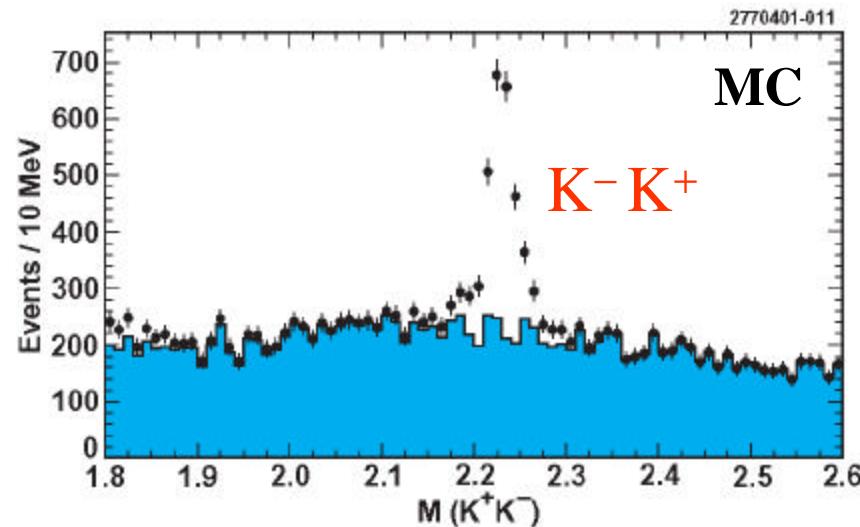


Systematics and bkgnd limited

Probing QCD

- Gluons carry color charge \Rightarrow binding: Glueballs = $|gg\rangle$ and Hybrids = $|qqg\rangle$
- Radiative Ψ decays: ideal glue factory
- CLEO-c: $\sim 10^9$ J/Ψ decays $\Rightarrow \sim 60M J/\Psi \rightarrow \gamma X$
 - Partial Wave Analysis
 - Absolute Br's: $\pi\pi$, KK , pp , $\eta\eta$, ...
- E.g.: $f_J(2220)$

\therefore CLEO-c: find/debunk $f_J(2220)$

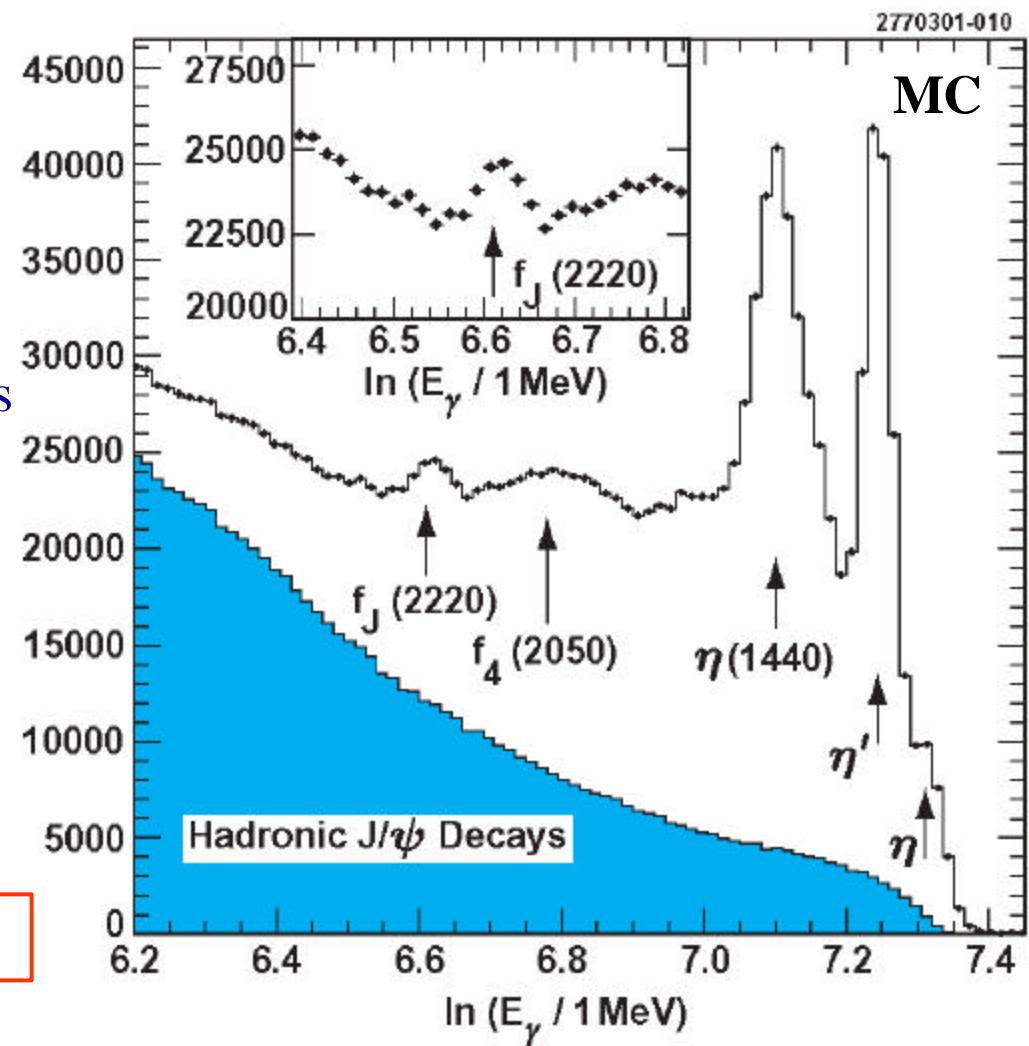


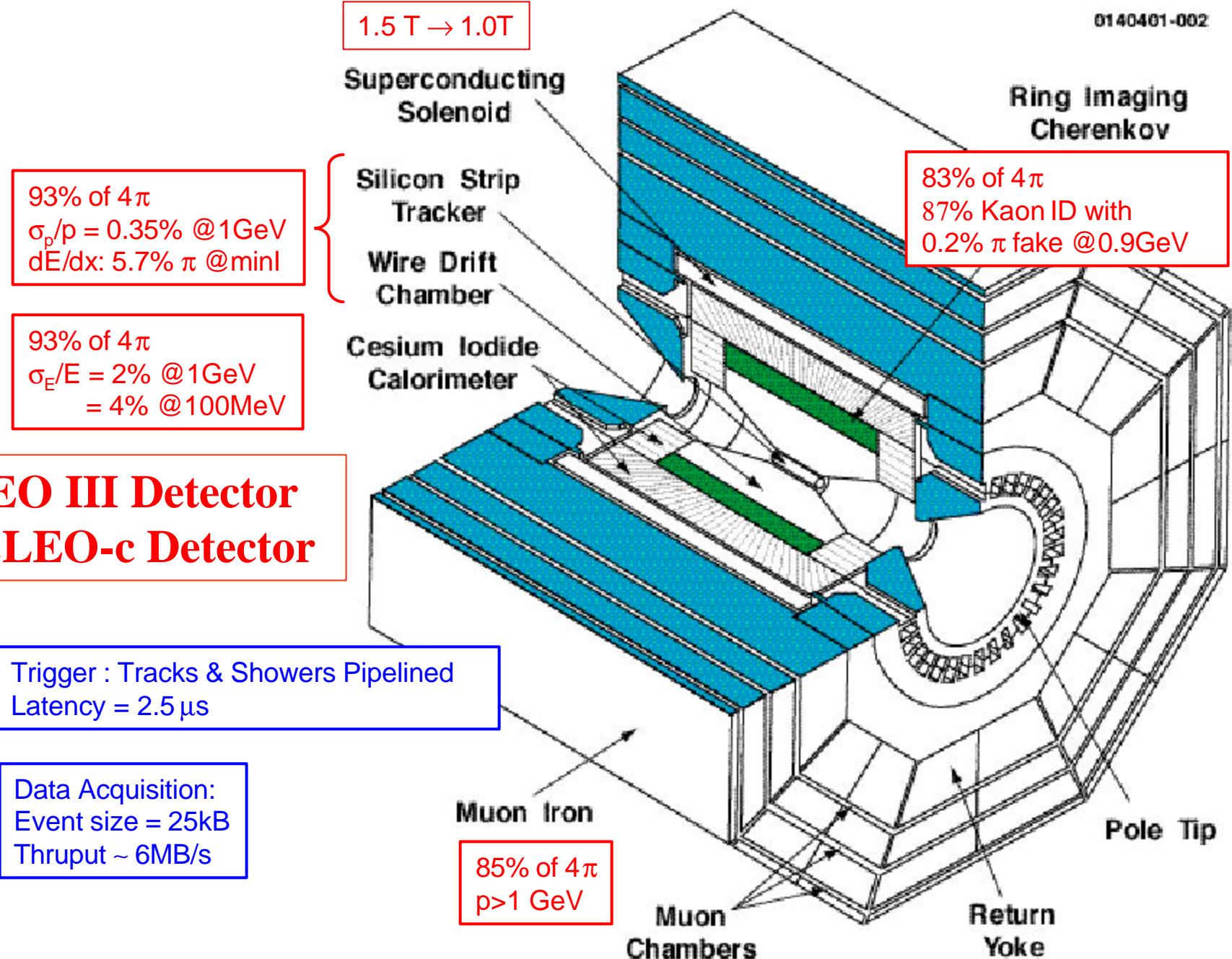
J/Y ® g X Inclusive g - Spectrum

- Inclusive γ -spectrum
Search for monochromatic γ
E.g., 24% efficient for $f_J(2220)$
 $\sim 10^{-4}$ sensitivity for narrow resonances

- Modern 4π detector
Suppress hadronic bkgnd: $J/\psi \rightarrow \pi^0 X$
- Huge data set
Plus $\gamma\gamma$ and $Y(1S)$ data

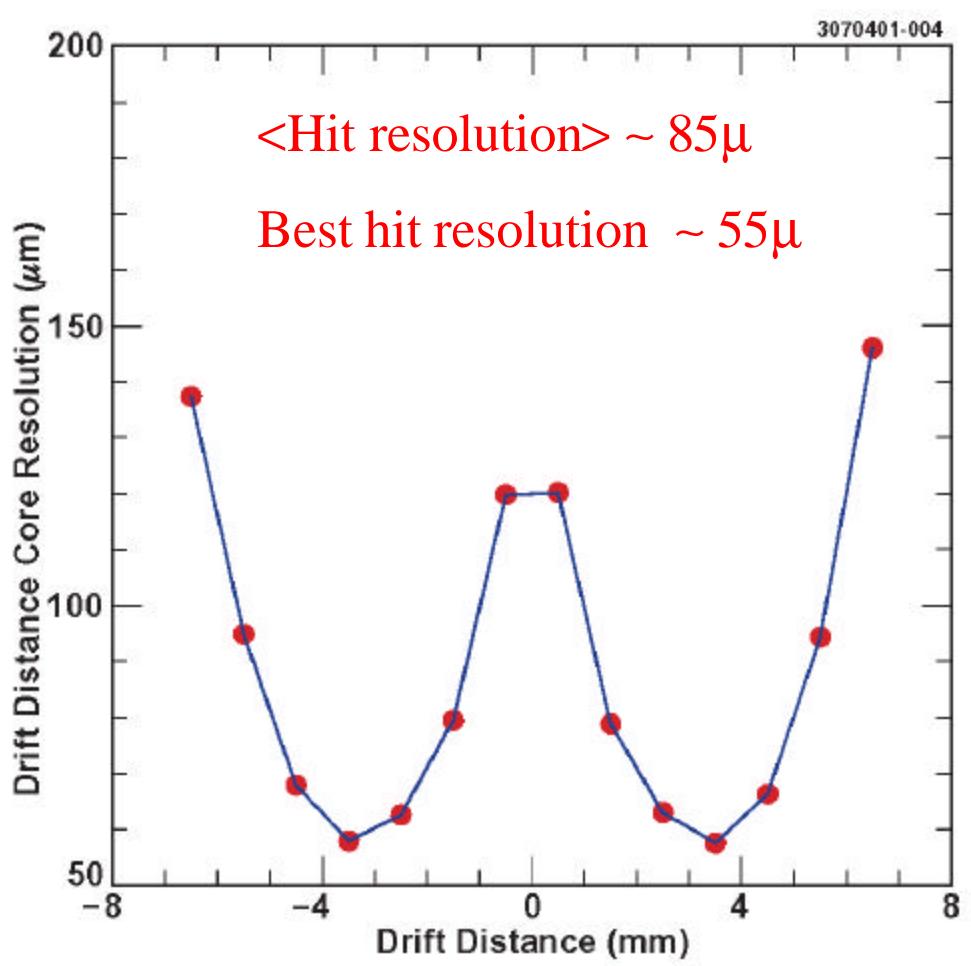
Determine J^{PC} and gluonic content





Central Drift Chamber

$12 < r < 82 \text{ cm}$



$\langle \text{Hit resolution} \rangle \sim 85\mu$

Best hit resolution $\sim 55\mu$

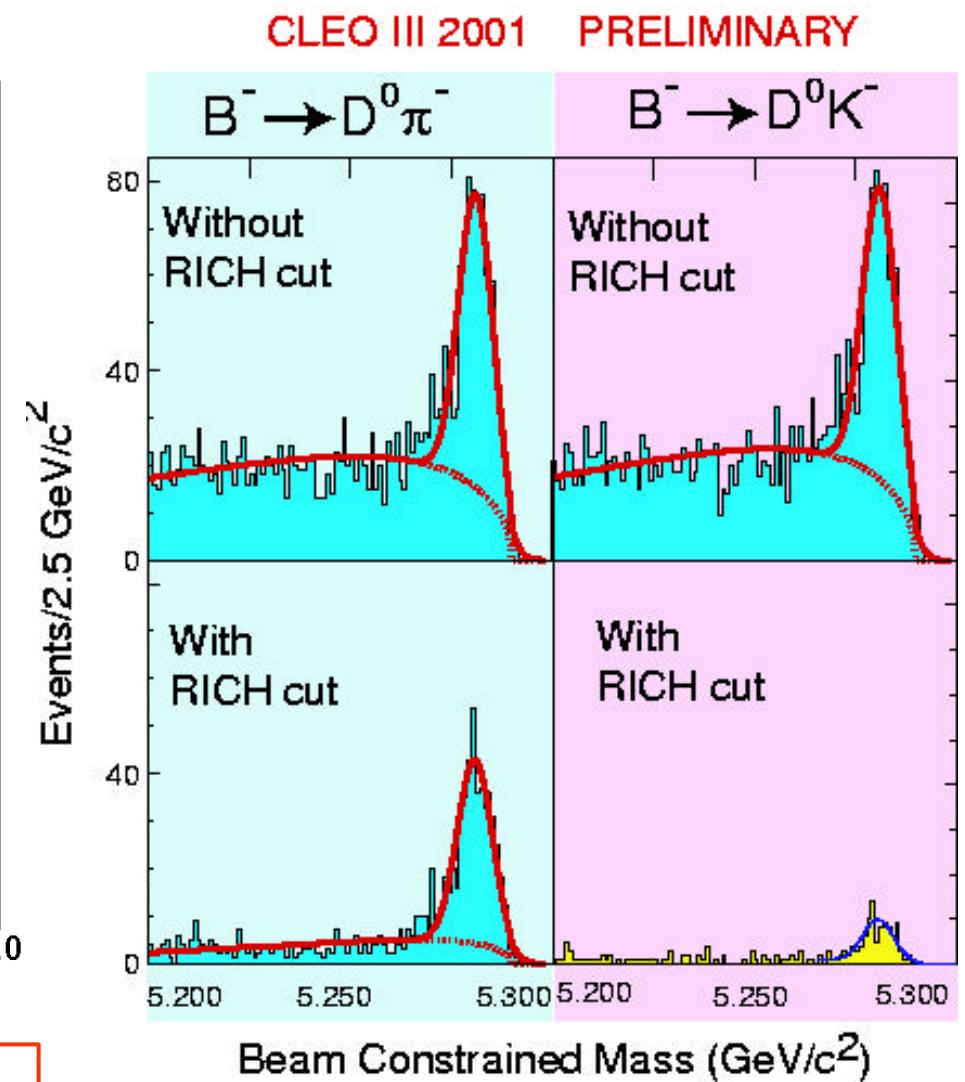
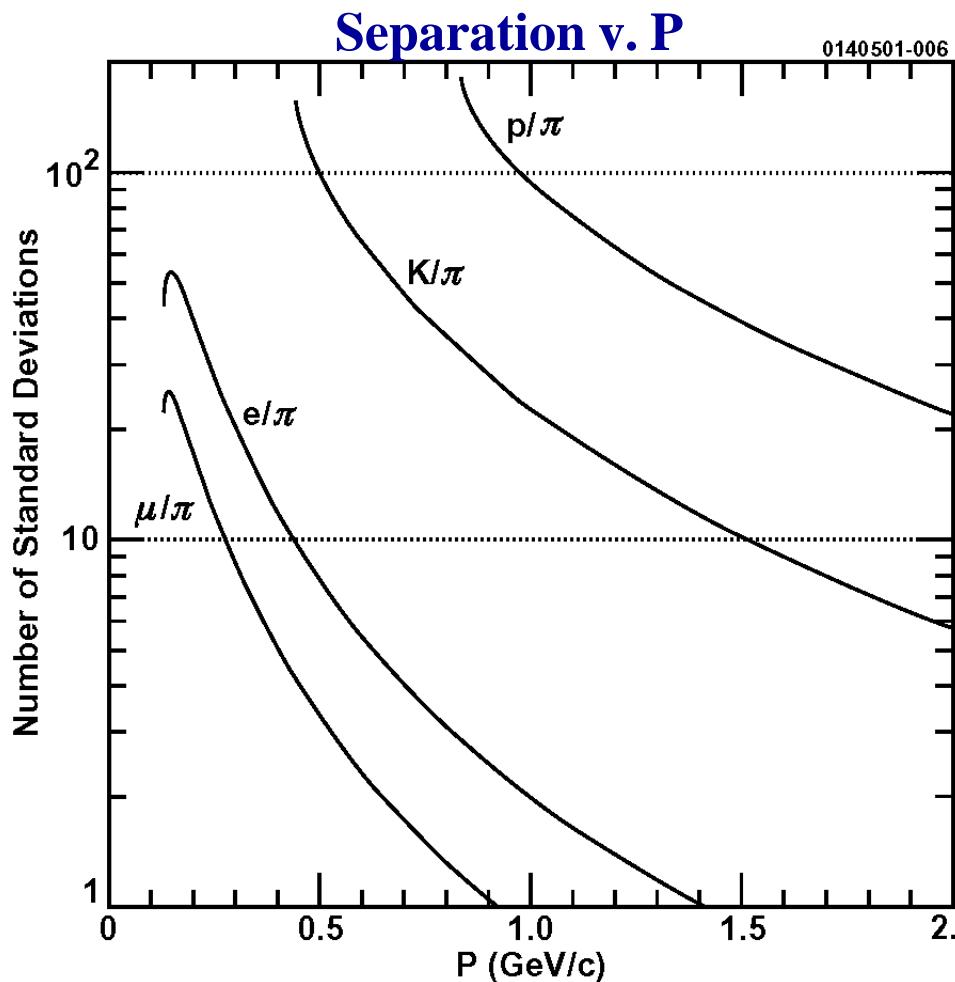
$D \rightarrow K\pi$ mass resolution $\sim 6.3 \text{ MeV}$

K_s mass resolution $\sim 2.7 \text{ MeV}$

$\sigma_p/p = 0.35\% @ p = 1 \text{ GeV}$

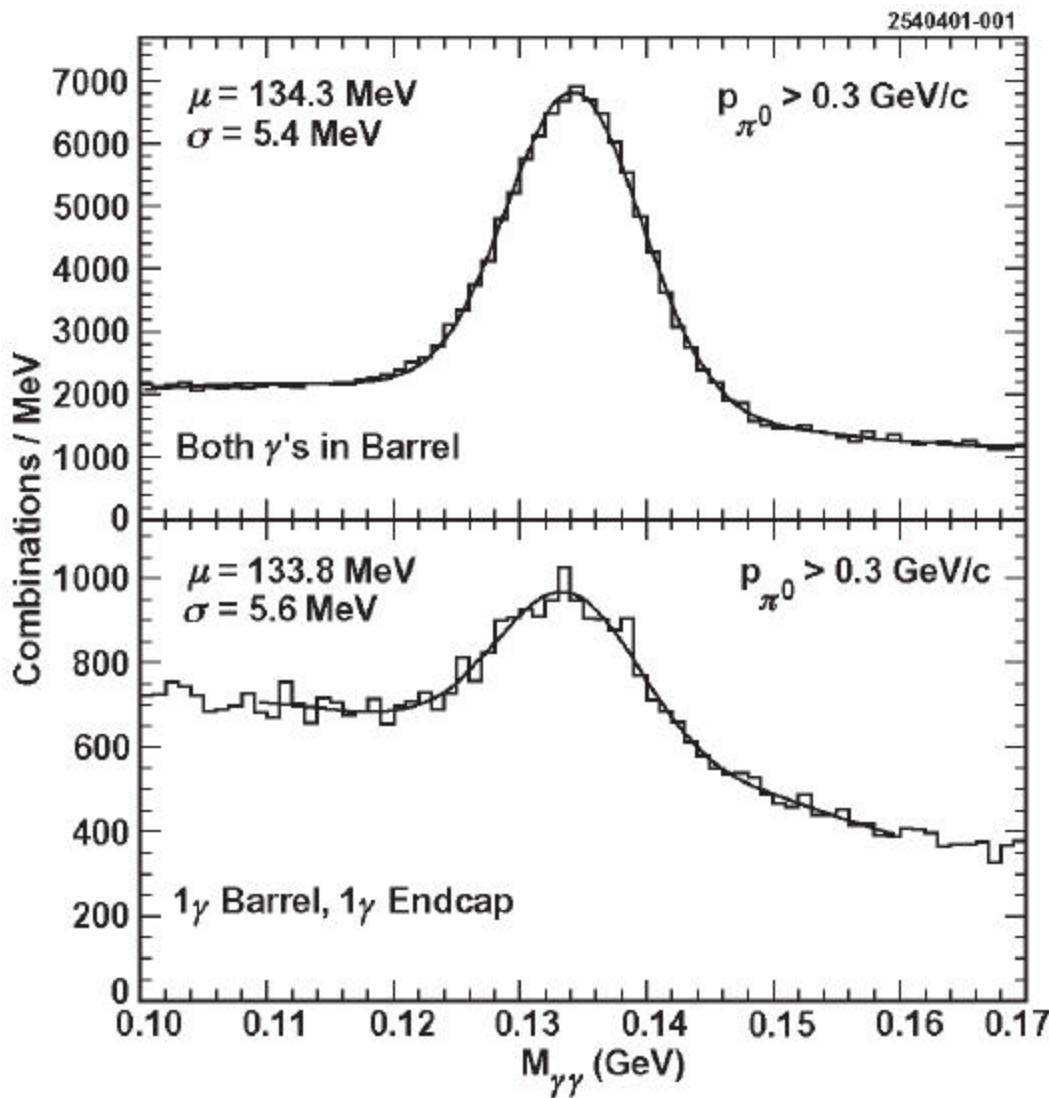
dE/dx : 5.7% resolution for min-I hadrons

Particle ID w/ RICH



- $\langle N_g \rangle \sim 12/\text{track}$
- Kp separation from 470 MeV
- Kp separation : 10 - 200 sigma

CsI Calorimeter



- 93% of 4π coverage
- uniform resolution in barrel + end-cap
- $\sigma_E/E = 2.2\% @ E = 1 \text{ GeV}$
 $= 4.0\% @ E = 400 \text{ MeV}$
- 5-7 MeV π^0 mass resolution

Comparison with Other Experiments

China:

BES II is running now.

BES II --> BES III upgrade

BEPC I --> BEPC II upgrade, $\sim 10^{32}$ lumi.

Physics after 2005 if approval & construction go ahead.

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proposal stage

Quantity	BES II	CLEO-C
J/psi yield	60M	> 1000M
dE/dx res.	9%	4.9%
K/pi separation up to	600 MeV	1500 MeV
momentum res. (500Mev)	1.3%	0.5%
Photon resolution (100 Mev)	70 MeV	4 MeV
Photon resolution (1000 Mev)	220 MeV	21 MeV
Minimum Photon Energy	80 MeV	30 MeV
Solid angle for Tracking	80%	94%
Solid angle for Photons	75%	95%

HALL-D at TJNAL:

γp to produce states with exotic Quantum Numbers

Focus on light states with $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 1^{+-}, \dots$

Complementary to CLEO-C focus on heavy states with $J^{PC}=0^{++}, 2^{++}, \dots$

Physics in 2007+ ?

Unique features of CLEO-c

- Huge data set
 - 20-500 times bigger than previous experiments
- Modern detector
 - large solid angle
 - excellent tracking resolution
 - excellent photon resolution
 - excellent particle identification
- Extra data sets for corroboration
 - Upsilon: 4fb^{-1}
 - Two Photon: 25 fb^{-1}

Summary

- Powerful physics case for CLEO-c
 - Precision flavor physics
 - Nonperturbative QCD
 - Probe for New Physics
 - Unique expt'l opportunity
 - High performance detector
 - Flexible, high-luminosity accelerator
 - Experienced collaboration
- New members wanted!!! 
- Optimal timing
 - Flavor physics of this decade
 - Beyond the SM in next decade
 - Synchronized w/ LQCD progress